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SAYS NEW ENGLAND ASKS FREE FOOD, BUT DUTY ON HOME GOODS

Senator Young Argues if Massachusetts Abolishes Tariff on Farm Products New Insurgents Will Rise.

REPLY TO CUMMINS

Progressives Challenged to Name an Article That Is Costlier Than Two Years Ago, Except Foods.

WASHINGTON—An answer to the speech of Senator Cummins, progressive Republican, of Iowa, in favor of revising the tariff by schedules, was made today by his colleague, Senator Lathrop, conservative of Iowa, who has served only since the beginning of this session.

"My colleague," began Mr. Young, "said there were gross inequalities in the tariff enacted in 1909. This statement is undoubtedly true, and would be true if my colleague and those in sympathy with him were to put in the next five years in re-writing the schedules.

"I am not so much concerned about inequalities as I am concerned about business. I doubt if there is a petition on file in the Senate urging further revision of the tariff schedules. I challenge any senator to state the kind of product, other than the products of the farm, which is particularly higher than two years ago.

"I charge that New England is drifting to a strange interpretation of the square deal, when it demands protection for her manufactured articles and free trade for our food products."

He referred to the secretary of agriculture and the farm papers and magazines for proof that the farmer is not getting too much. If the middleman was at fault for the high prices, then the attack should be directed at him, and not at the producer.

"If Massachusetts shall decide," he continued, "in pursuance of her recent election, to abolish the duties on farm products there will arise a new band of insurgents which will make the present band look like boy scouts.

"I do not believe the man lives who will see the tariff revised and maintained on a purely scientific basis. This great legislative body should rest its case with a commission to inquire relative to the tariff and meantime the ambitious politician, who must be in the limelight, should give the country a rest."

James G. Blaine, the senator said, had induced the farmers to acquiesce in protection for New England on the ground that the wages paid factory employees would go to the farmer for food products. Now that the farmer had begun to prosper, New England demanded continued protection for its interests, but free entry of food products.

"If Massachusetts is in earnest," said Mr. Young, "there will be an end—a final end—to all tariff duties in the United States. Protection must help all or none. It might as well be understood that when protectionists begin to quarrel, each trying to beat the game there will be free trade.

"It was the duty of the public men, newspapers and the magazines of the country to have accepted the Payne-Albright tariff law in order that the country might have gone to work transacting business. The tariff is not perfect. If it were revised every week by those who want to revise it, it would not be perfect.

"The tariff ought to be revised, as a scientific way, one schedule at a time. I might not be willing to object to the rule proposed by my colleague, which would prohibit the offering of amendments to a schedule which might be pending, were I not afraid that the first schedule to be pending were the schedule covering farm products."

All the sections not producing food products, New England, the South and mountain states would assault the agricultural schedule, and he asked what show he and Senator Cummins, representing farmers, would have in defending it. In one schedule revision members ought to be permitted to offer substitutes and amendments.

While the cotton and wool schedules might be unscientific and illogical, he said, they "hit the spot." They made the wheels go round and that was the object of the protective tariff. He agreed with President Taft that the country ought to have a rest.

"Iowa is possibly the only state," Mr. Young continued, "that ever lost population because of too much money. However, while we have lost 7000 people, it is not within our knowledge that we have lost a single one of our politicians.

"They are with us yet and as busy as formerly, telling how the Iowa hog can be sold for \$10 per hundred and New England can have hog meat at two cents per pound. Iowa is in favor of protection and has never voted otherwise."

CHOSEN GOVERNOR OF GUAM.
WASHINGTON—Commander George R. Salisbury of the U. S. S. Wilmington has been appointed by Secretary of War to be Governor of Guam.

MR. LODGE ACCEPTS INVITATION TO SPEAK BEFORE LEGISLATURE

Speaker Walker Receives a Formal Response From the Senior Senator Which Is to Be Made Public.

FOSS IN NEW YORK

Plurality of Mayor of Worcester Is Reduced by Discovery of Error—Mr. Thatcher in Washington.

Speaker Joseph Walker received a letter from Senator Lodge today in which the latter formally announced that he would speak in Boston on his candidacy for the United States Senate, in response to an invitation sent him by members of the Massachusetts Legislature. Mr. Walker turned the letter over to Representative Norman White, who will make its contents public tomorrow.

Representative Grafton D. Cushing, today said that Mr. Lodge's address will be given in Symphony hall, probably on the evening of Jan. 3.

There is not the slightest possibility that the speech will be in the nature of a debate with Governor-elect Foss as has been proposed, said Mr. Cushing.

Former Governor Guild, former Representative Norman H. White, in interviews given out today, commended Senator Lodge for the stand taken by him in Washington Tuesday in favor of a permanent tariff commission and a revision of the tariff schedule by schedule.

Governor-elect Foss left Boston on the 10 o'clock train today for New York to attend the dinner of the National Democratic Club at the Waldorf-Astoria this evening. He will return to Boston on the midnight train.

The plurality of Mayor James Logan of Worcester over David F. O'Connell at the election in that city on Tuesday was reduced to 114 as the result of the discovery of an error in the count by which 10 votes cast for the latter were not credited to him. Petitions for a recount are being circulated.

Thomas C. Thatcher of Yarmouth. (Continued on Page Five, Column Four.)

MR. BALFOUR IS BLAMED FOR WAY HE MANAGED CAMPAIGN

LONDON—The coalition majority, exclusive of the eight seats captured by the Independent Nationalists, jumped to 83 today.

Out of the 605 returns so far made, the coalition has made a net gain of one over the Conservatives and there is little doubt now that the majority of the last Parliament of 124 will be held. There are only 65 seats remaining to be decided.

The present standing is: Conservatives 257, Liberal-Laborites 275, Irish Nationalists 65, Independent Nationalists 8. The Irish Nationalists had only 71 members in the last Parliament and it is now certain that they will increase their representation.

Mr. Balfour is blamed by the Unionists for the way he has managed their campaign.

The two changes on Wednesday were in the Ashburton division of Devonshire, where the Unionist candidate, Capt. E. F. Morrison-Bell, turned out the Liberal member, C. R. Buxton, who had defeated the captain in the preceding election, and in the west division of Fife, where a straight fight between the Labor can-

BAY STATE LOSES \$1,000,000 CONTRACT FOR FEDERAL SHOES

WEYMOUTH BRIDGE CHANGE LIKELY TO MEET WITH DELAY

War department orders to the mayor of Quincy, the chairman of the boards of selectmen of Weymouth and Hingham and the Old Colony Street Railway Company that plans be submitted by Jan. 4, 1911, for changing the Lincoln street bridges over the Weymouth Back river at Hingham are likely to be ignored, or at least, to meet delay, it is said today.

Councilman A. P. Worthen of Weymouth says no plans are being drawn and that nothing will be done until the General Court of Massachusetts decides how the expense for the change shall be apportioned.

Robert Oliver Shaw, assistant secretary of war, ordered that the 25-foot draws be changed to 50-foot draws and that modern mechanism be installed. There are two bridges in question, one highway structure and another used by the traction cars at the Old Colony street railway. The government gave until June 30, 1911, to make the changes.

The war department desires to get the work done before the naval magazine at Hingham is ready for use.

THIRTEEN SEEKING TO BE CADETS

Thirteen applicants took the examination today for cadetship at West Point for young men living in the eleventh district. The examination was held in the civil service rooms of the federal building.

One principal and two alternates will be selected from the 13 candidates. The other half of the examination will be given on Friday.

ELECT PRESIDENT FOR SWITZERLAND

BERNE—Marc-Emile Ruchet, vice-president of the federal council and minister of the interior, was elected president of the Swiss confederation today for 1911 by the federal assembly.

didate, W. Adamson, and the sitting Liberal member, J. D. Hope, resulted in a victory for the former.

A further sign of growing discontent among the Unionists over Mr. Balfour's management of the campaign was noticeable in a speech made by the Rt. Hon. Austen Chamberlain at Buxton Wednesday night. Mr. Chamberlain said it was no part of the original plan that tariff reform should be submitted to a referendum. There were great inconveniences and objections connected with putting a budget to popular vote. He would not himself have made such a proposal.

Many Unionists, realizing that there is no hope of bettering their position in this election, favor a policy of negotiation. Sir Edward Clarke, the ex-foreign secretary, speaking in London, said that the essential result of this balanced election was that there must be a communication or conference between the parties with a view to the settlement of the constitutional question.

It would be intolerable if this issue should be adjourned by election after election. Both the veto bill and the referendum, he declared, must go, and the best men of both sides must endeavor to find a solution.

WORLD'S PEACE ADVOCATES AT WASHINGTON CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON—Andrew Carnegie's gift of \$11,500,000 to the cause of international peace will be a stimulus to night when the American Society for the Judicial Settlement of International Disputes begins a three days' session in Washington.

The speakers will include President Taft, Andrew Carnegie, Charles W. Eliot, ex-president of Harvard University; Senator Root; M. J. Jusserand, the French ambassador; Edwin Ginn, Boston, and Joseph H. Choate, former ambassador to England. Gen. Frederick D. Grant and Admiral Stockton will represent the army and navy, respectively.

President Taft is honorary president of the association, and the active president is James Brown Scott of this city. John Hays Hammond is vice-president, and Theodore Marburg of Baltimore is secretary and in active management of the meeting here.

Philander C. Knox, secretary of state, will preside at the opening session tonight. Addresses will be delivered by Senator Root, Justice Riddell of Ontario, John A. Foster, former secretary of state, and Andrew Carnegie.

Importance of a Judicial Settlement.
Among Boston visitors are: Dr. Benjamin F. Trueblood, general secretary; the Rev. Charles E. Beals, traveling secretary, and Dr. James L. Tryon, assistant secretary of the American Peace Society; Edwin Ginn, the founder, and Edwin D. Mead, director of the International School of Peace, and Profs. Grafton Wilson and Eugene Wambaugh of Harvard University.

NEW BARRACKS AT CHARLESTOWN

New fireproof marine barracks costing \$100,000 and new quarters for officers costing \$48,000 have just been authorized for the Charlestown navy yard.

The marine barracks in use at present at the yard are very old, and with the number of men now stationed at the yard considerably cramped. The present quarters for marine officers are in the same building as the barracks, being built on each end as wings. They are considered inadequate. It is understood that the new officers' quarters will be built on the same site.



CHARLES C. HOYT.
President of the New England Shoe and Leather Association.

FORMER PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ON HIS WAY TO NEW YORK

Former President Theodore Roosevelt left Boston today for New York city over the Boston and Albany road on the express which leaves Trinity Place station, Back Bay, at 12:04 p. m.

Mr. Roosevelt left the house of A. Lawrence Lowell, president of Harvard University, at 11:30 o'clock and motored to the Back Bay station with Dean J. H. Ropes and Kermit Roosevelt. He departed from Boston unaccompanied.

The former President will stop off at Farmington, Conn., to spend the night.

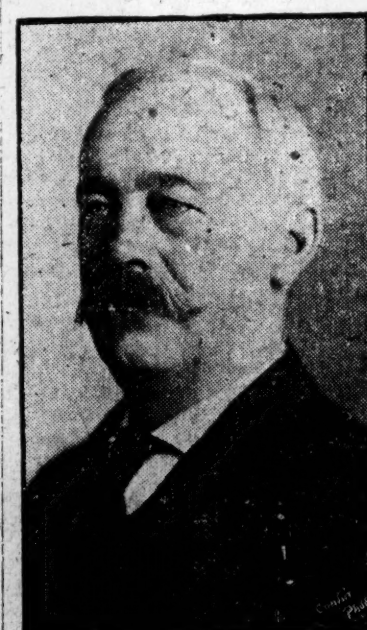
Two pits into which the college student may fall are those of disbelief in academic training altogether or of limiting one's education to academic training, according to the words of Mr. Roosevelt, spoken before the students of Prof. W. B. Munro's course in constitutional government at Harvard University today.

Colonel Roosevelt, after a brief introduction by Professor Munro, addressed the students on the subject of political life. He emphasized the declaration that a student must constantly guard against becoming a college grind who narrows himself to his college curriculum or the altogether too familiar type of college man who listens with indifference or disbelief to all his lectures.

The so-called Federalist, Colonel Roosevelt said, has at heart the commercial good and governmental good of his country. Hamilton and Madison at the constitutional convention were diametrically

(Continued on Page Five, Column Two.)

Street Board Chairman's Reappointment Is Sent to Civil Service Commission



SALEM D. CHARLES.

Salem D. Charles, chairman of the Boston board of street commissioners, was reappointed today by Mayor Fitzgerald, and his name has been sent to the civil service commission.

His term expires Jan. 10. Doubt is still expressed over who will be the next chairman of the street commissioners, notwithstanding the sending of the name of Mr. Charles thus early to the civil service commission. The other members of the street board are Maj. John H. Dunn and James A. Sullivan.

SUPPLY FOR ARMY HELD HERE FOR TEN YEARS GOES TO WEST

Roberts, Johnson & Rand of St. Louis Underbid Joseph H. Herman Company of Boston and Millis.

OFFICERS SURPRISED

Western Firm Agrees to Manufacture Them at Fifteen Cents Pair Less Than Massachusetts Concern.

Massachusetts has lost a big army contract, the manufacture of shoes, which it has held for the past 10 years.

Roberts, Johnson & Rand of St. Louis, Mo., is the new concern which will make army shoes, taking the business from the Joseph H. Herman Company of Boston and Millis, Mass. This means that Massachusetts loses a contract which amounts to more than \$1,000,000 annually and that a large force of employees under Maj. Robert R. Rolfe, local army quartermaster, will be transferred or dismissed.

The St. Louis concern agrees to manufacture the shoes for 15 cents a pair less than the Herman company has been receiving. Eastern shoe manufacturers say the St. Louis shoe factory cannot manufacture the shoes at the price they stipulate without a heavy loss.

The St. Louis concern has been sent out into the market for \$750,000 worth of shoes. Maj. Robert R. Rolfe, local army depot quartermaster, opened bids in Boston at the same time bids were opened in Philadelphia, where the Roberts firm submitted its estimates.

When the bids reached Washington the quartermaster-general, surprised at the low figure of the St. Louis firm, sent an officer to investigate. He found the Missouri concern had seven large factories located throughout the state, that the firm had all the machinery necessary to manufacture the shoes and that its financial responsibility was unquestioned.

Mr. Herman and other eastern shoe manufacturers say they cannot make the shoes at the price the western concern is to be paid. On marching shoes the Herman concern received from the government \$2.74 a pair; the St. Louis firm is to receive \$2.59.

"Prices made in the St. Louis bids for the army shoe contracts are from 10 cents to 20 cents lower than the cost of making such shoes in the East."

This statement was made this afternoon by Charles C. Hoyt, president of the New England Shoe & Leather Association, and member of the firm of Farnsworth, Hoyt & Co. of Boston.

Mr. Hoyt declared that he had the figures from representative manufacturers of boots and shoes in the East on the grade of shoes called for in the specifications, and that all agreed that the St. Louis bids would not cover the cost of manufacturing, let alone making the slightest profit.

Continuing, Mr. Hoyt said: "These manufacturers do not see how any profit could possibly be made in St. Louis at the rate made. The only explanation is that the St. Louis trade has been willing to sacrifice all profit and even make shoes for the army at a loss simply as an advertisement. The idea is, presumably, to attract attention to St. Louis as an asserted center of the shoe and leather trade."

LEAGUE APPROVES VOLUNTEER WORK ON NOMINATION PAPERS

That there will be a revolution next year in the methods employed by the Citizens Municipal League, in so far as the securing of signatures is concerned, is the statement made today by John A. Coulthurst, chairman of the league.

Mr. Coulthurst sees the necessity of having the league's annual meeting at an earlier date, and he is of the opinion that by so doing the league can save much of the money which it has been deemed necessary to spend heretofore in securing signatures and another year its candidates will have such work done on a strictly volunteer basis.

The experience of Ernest M. Smith, one of the league's candidates this year, has shown the organization that, without expense to himself, a candidate can secure the necessary 5000 names for his nomination.

Any attempt on the part of politicians to effect a change in the present city charter, tending to reduce the number of names necessary for nomination,

WILL OF MARY BAKER EDDY

CONCORD, N. H.—The will of the Rev. Mary Baker Eddy was filed yesterday in the probate office of the Merrimack county court by Gen. Henry M. Baker, a cousin of the testatrix and sole executor, who was accompanied by Gen. Frank S. Streeter as counsel. The original will was dated Sept. 13, 1901, but this was re-executed Nov. 7, 1903, when there was a codicil attached. A second codicil dated May 14, 1904, is the final revision of the instrument. Numerous documents touching upon settlements upon beneficiaries by Mrs. Eddy were also filed by General Baker. These were: Settlement deed of George W. Glover, Mrs. Eddy's son, dated Oct. 28, 1909; power of attorney, George W. Glover to William E. Chandler, Jan. 4, 1908; confirmatory deed George W. Glover, Nov. 10, 1909; receipt and release George W. Glover, Nov. 10, 1909; settlement deed E. J. Foster (Eddy), Nov. 1, 1909; confirmatory deed E. J. Foster (Eddy), Nov. 10, 1909; receipt and release E. J. Foster (Eddy), Nov. 10, 1909. The estimated value of Mrs. Eddy's

personal property, consisting of cash, securities and copyrights is \$2,000,000, and her real estate holdings in New Hampshire, consisting of Pleasant View, are placed at \$20,000.

The will as modified by codicils dated Nov. 7, 1903, and May 14, 1904, disposes of Mrs. Eddy's property as follows:

"1—I hereby nominate and appoint the Hon. Henry M. Baker of Bow, N. H., sole executor of this, my last will and testament; and, having ample confidence in his ability and integrity, I desire that he shall not be required to furnish sureties on his official bond.

"2—Having already transferred and given to my son, George W. Glover of Lead City, S. D., four certain mortgage deeds, bought of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company of the state of Kansas, and having already given him a house and lot located in Lead City, S. D., and moneys at various times, I hereby confirm and ratify said transfers and gifts, and in addition thereto I give and bequeath to my said son, George W. Glover, the sum of \$10,000."

The third paragraph of the will says in part:

"I give and bequeath to George H. Moore of Concord, N. H., the sum of \$1000; to each of the five children of my son, George W. Glover, the sum of \$10,000; to Frances A. Baker of Concord, N. H., the sum of \$1000; to Henrietta E. Chanfrau of Philadelphia, Pa., the sum of \$1000; to Fred N. Ladd of Concord, N. H., the sum of \$3000; to my adopted son, Benjamin J. Foster, M. D., the sum of \$5000.

"4—I give and bequeath to The Mother Church—First Church of Christ, Scientist—in Boston, Massachusetts, the sum of \$50,000.

"6—I give and bequeath to the Christian Science Board of Directors of The Mother Church—The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.—and their successors in office, the sum of \$100,000, but, nevertheless, in trust for the following purpose, namely: Said trustees shall hold, invest, and reinvest the principal of said fund and conservatively manage the same, and shall use the income and such portion of the principal, from time to time, as they may deem best, for the purpose of providing free instruction for indigent, well educated, worthy Christian Scientists at the Massachusetts Metaphysical College, and to aid them thereto until they can maintain themselves in some department of Christian Science.

"I desire that the instruction for which provision is hereby made shall be at the said college, but my said trustees are hereby authorized to provide said instruction elsewhere, if, in the unanimous judgment of all said trustees for the time being, such course shall seem best. The judgment and discretion of said trustees with reference to the persons to be aided as herein provided, and the amount of aid furnished to each of said persons shall be final and conclusive.

"7—I hereby ratify and confirm the following trust agreements and declarations, viz.:
"(1)—The deed of trust dated Sept. 1, 1892, conveying land for a church edifice in Boston and on which the building of The First Church of Christ, Scientist, now stands.

"(2)—The trust agreement dated Jan. 25, 1898, conveying to Edward P. Bates, James A. Neal and William P. McKenzie, and their successors, the property conveyed to me by The Christian Science Publishing Society, by bill of sale dated Jan. 21, 1898, the said trust being created for the purpose of more effectually promoting and extending the religion of Christian Science as taught by me.

"(3)—The trust agreement dated Feb. 12, 1898, specifying the objects, purposes, terms and conditions on which The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass., shall hold the real estate situated at No. 385 Commonwealth avenue, in Boston, Mass., which was conveyed by me to said church on said Feb. 12, 1898.

"(4)—The trust agreement dated Jan. 31, 1898, whereby certain real estate was conveyed to George H. Moore, Calvin A. Frye and Ezra M. Buswell, and their successors, and in addition thereto the sum of \$100,000 for the purpose of a Christian Science church to be erected on said real estate.

"(5)—The trust agreement dated May 20, 1898, under which the sum of \$4000 was transferred to the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, for the benefit of the children contributors of the Mother's room in said church.

"(6)—The deed of trust dated Dec. 21, 1895, transferring \$500 to the trustees of Park Cemetery Association of Milton, N. H.

"(8)—I give, bequeath and devise all the rest, residue and remainder of my estate, of every kind and description, to the Mother Church—the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass., in trust for the following general purposes:

"I desire that such portion of the income of my residuary estate as may be necessary shall be used for the purpose of keeping in repair the church building and my former house at No. 385 Commonwealth avenue, in said Boston, which has been transferred to said Mother Church, and any building or buildings which may be, by necessity or convenience, substituted therefor; and I desire that the balance of said income, and such portion of the principal as may be deemed wise, shall be devoted and used by said residuary legatees for the purpose of more effectually promoting and extending the religion of Christian Science as taught by me.

MYSTIC RIVER BRIDGE CONFERENCE CALLED BY ARMY ENGINEER

Mayor Fitzgerald's request for an extension of time from June 30, 1911, to Dec. 31, 1911, for building a temporary 125-foot drawbridge over the Mystic river, connecting Chelsea and Charlestown, is to be the subject of discussion at the office of the United States army engineer for the Boston district Friday at 10 a. m.

The conference is before Col. Frederic V. Abbot, the engineer, by order of the chief of engineers, Brig.-Gen. William A. Bixby. Mayor Fitzgerald has been asked to be present. The meeting will not be a public hearing, as only those invited will be allowed to enter Colonel Abbot's office.

It is understood that Mayor Fitzgerald will not attend the hearing, but will be represented by City Corporation Counsel Babson, Assistant City Engineer Fay and George W. R. Harriman, engineer.

Indications are that Mayor Fitzgerald's request will be opposed.

AGAIN ASKS EARLY HOLIDAY MAILING

Edward C. Mansfield, postmaster, made another appeal to the public today to do his holiday mailing early. He also hired 605 assistants. Next week there will be 2300 men working in the Boston postal district on the holiday mail.

Tomorrow is the last day when foreign mail can be received to reach its European destination in time for the holiday. The last mail for France closes this evening. The international money order has been as heavy as ever this year, the principal business being done with Great Britain, Scandinavia, Germany and the Philippines.

PEACE SUNDAY TO BE OBSERVED

Peace Sunday will be observed at Trinity church by a public service at 8 p. m. on Dec. 18. There will be present representatives of the Inter-Colonial Club, the Victorian Club, the Canadian Club and the American Peace Society.

Samuel J. Elder will speak on "A Century of Arbitration," and the Rev. Dr. Alexander Mann will speak on "The Hundred Years' Peace Between the United States, Great Britain and Canada."

FAVORS TAXING ELECTRIC SIGNS.

Mayor Fitzgerald received a letter from New York today explaining the tax levied there upon electric signs. The mayor says he believes that the tax is perfectly just, and that if one of 10 cents per square foot were put upon such signs in Boston nearly \$1000 per year would be realized for the city adding that he will propose such a tax to the city council in the near future.

NEWTON VOTE TO BE RECOUNTED.

A petition asking for a recount of the aldermanic vote of Tuesday in ward 2, Newton, has been filed by Howard O'Grady, Democrat, whom Charles Avery defeated by 20 votes. The votes are as follows: O'Grady, 736; Avery, 756.

Leading Events in Athletic World

AMERICAN LEAGUE IS HOLDING SECOND SESSION IN NEW YORK

Some Minor Questions to Be Disposed of Previous to Final Adjournment—Short Schedule Adopted.

THE NEW DIRECTORS

NEW YORK—Contrary to expectations the American league will hold a second session at the Hotel Wolcott today at which some matters of minor importance will be disposed of before the final adjournment.

The opening meeting Wednesday ran as smoothly as it has all past meetings of this league. It was somewhat longer than expected, adjournment being taken at 5:30.

The board of directors met and awarded the pennant to the Philadelphia club. Those present at the meeting were President Comiskey, Chicago; President Hedges, St. Louis; President Navin, Detroit; President Somers and Vice-President, Barnard, Cleveland; President Noyes, Washington; President Shibe, Philadelphia; President Farrell, New York, and President Taylor, Boston.

The 1911 board of directors is composed of the following: President Shibe, Philadelphia; President Noyes, Washington; President Navin, Detroit; President Hedges, St. Louis.

On motion of the secretary, Vice-President C. W. Somers was reelected unanimously.

The league voted to play 154 games, to open the season on April 12 and to close on Oct. 7 in the East and Oct. 8 in the West; also the league favored keeping the Three-I and Western leagues in the same classification as proposed by Mr. Farrell of the National Association of Minor Leagues.

No trades were reported as made, although several were considered and discussed by the interested parties. Two Boston players, Joseph Wood and Clyde Engle, received considerable attention, Chicago wanting the former and Washington the latter. It is expected that one or more transfers may be recorded before night.

BASEBALL MEN NAME OFFICERS

NEW YORK—Officers for 1911 were elected by the Baseball Writers Association, composed entirely of newspaper men, Wednesday, at the Hotel Breslin. The officers named were:

President Joseph S. Jackson of the Washington Post; Washington; vice-president, Jack Ryter of the Cincinnati Enquirer; secretary and treasurer, W. G. Wirt of the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph; directors, John B. Foster, New York Evening Telegram; J. E. Sanborn, Chicago Tribune; Edward S. Bangs, Cleveland News, and Paul Shannon, Boston Post.

ROLLER TO MEET HACKENSCHMIDT.

One of the most important wrestling contests ever arranged for decision in this city was closed today when Dr. Ben Roller of Seattle signed to meet George Hackenschmidt in the principal event of the athletic carnival to be held in Mechanics hall on the night of Dec. 25.

MURRAY ELECTED CAPTAIN.

Sims Murray was unanimously elected captain of the Dorchester high school hockey team yesterday afternoon. Murray plays at forward. For the past two years he has been the mainstay of the team.

WILLIAMS TO STAY AS COACH.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—The board of athletic control of the University of Minnesota has renewed the contract of Dr. H. L. Williams, football coach, for one year from Jan. 1, 1911, at a salary of \$3500.

VICTORY FOR PENN FIVE.

PHILADELPHIA—The University of Pennsylvania basketball team defeated the Pennsylvania State College five last night by the score of 30 to 22.

Choice Gifts

FANCY BOXES

STATIONERY 25c to \$6

YOUR MONOGRAM

on 100 sheets paper with envelopes.

Key Cabinets \$2.50 to \$5.00

PHOTO AND POST CARD ALBUMS.

10c to \$6

INITIAL STATIONERY

Cabinets \$3c. to \$2.00

BRASS AND LEATHER GOODS

Key Sets \$3.00 to \$7.50

CALENDARS—FANCY AND PLAIN

choice variety \$1.00 to \$6.00

FOUNTAIN PENS

choice variety \$1.00 to \$10.00

ARIES—600 STYLES \$1.00 to \$5.00

"A LINE A DAY" BOOKS

THE POPULAR 5-YEAR RECORD or

DIARY, 60c to \$5.00

PERSONAL and HOUSEHOLD

EXPENSE BOOKS

"Where your money goes"

10c to \$2.50

Samuel Ward & Co.

Stationery

57-63 Franklin St.

BOSTON

PREPARING FOR WINTER CARNIVAL AT LEXINGTON

Already Many Entries for All Sporting Events—Striking Program Arranged—Fine Skiing and Tobogganing.

LEXINGTON, Mass.—Lexington's winter carnival in aid of the Minute Men Memorial armory will be held at Twin-Elm Springs Jan. 7. A striking program has been arranged, covering every interest of sport, beauty and jollification.

No feature of winter sports has been omitted from the program. A large hockey rink has been constructed and enough teams have been entered in the hockey tournament to assure an interesting afternoon and evening.

The speed and fancy skating with the curling and dancing on the ice will be held on the natural lake. A toboggan chute has been built, by climbing to the top of which coasters can get a run of fully a mile.

Another chute has been erected for the ski-jumpers, some of the best in the country already being entered, and the committee having promises of entrants from across the water.

Cups have been offered by many organizations in Boston for the various sporting events, and entries are coming in fast for all of them. In the snow-shoeing there will be prizes for clubs making the best showing, for individuals coming the greatest distance on snow-shoes to the carnival, and for picturesque outfits.

In the evening the arrival of the Governor will be signaled by the firing of a salute, after which he will be escorted to the court of the carnival king by his majesty and a train of courtiers.

Here the final sporting events will be held and the prizes awarded. An elaborate display of fireworks will then take place.

The International Skiing Association, under which the skiing contests will be given, are as follows:

1.—All entries to be in not less than three days before the race.

2.—All entries must be officially qualified to enter the class in which he is to race.

3.—Only one trial of the hill is allowed before the race.

4.—Much consideration is given to the most correct position in the air, and most graceful landing.

5.—One foot should be advanced slightly in front of the other in coming down the hill.

6.—The skis should be brought parallel with the slope after leaving the cutoff.

7.—In landing, one knee should almost touch the ski.

8.—The distance to be measured off with tape measure.

9.—Each man to start off twice, and marks will be given each time and added up at the finish of the race to decide the winner.

10.—Distance to be measured by the judge.

ATHENEUM BUYS A "PETER PARLEY"

NEW YORK—At the sale by Merwin-Clayton of the collection, made up of selections from his library of J. F. Tappan and other sources, was a copy, in binding by Stickman, of the first edition of "Peter Parley's Universal History, on the Basis of Geography," two volumes, 12mo., Boston, 1837.

It was finally knocked down to the Boston Athenaeum for \$72. This is the second published work of Nathaniel Hawthorne, and was written and compiled by him while he was doing work for Goodrich ("Peter Parley").

Another Hawthorne item was an autograph letter from him to Charles Sumner, dated Jan. 6, 1849, and requesting Sumner to "lecture for us on the seventeenth inst. . . . Do come or else I shall have to write another letter." This sold for \$30 to Henry.

HOCKEY DATES AT DARTMOUTH OUT

HANOVER, N. H.—Dartmouth's hockey schedule has just been announced here by Manager Bicknell. In addition to the dates definitely decided upon a few more games will be played during the holidays with the various Boston clubs. There will also be more home games arranged later. The schedule is as follows:

Dec. 28—Crescent Club at Boston Arena; 30, Boston Club at Boston arena; 31, Alumni at Boston Arena.

Jan. 1—Tech at Boston Arena; 14, Yale at Boston Arena; 18, Princeton at New York; 20, Columbia at Boston Arena.

Feb. 4—Harvard at Boston Arena; 11, Amherst at Hanover; 18, Cornell at Hanover.

PRINCETON WINS WITH EASE.

PRINCETON, N. J.—Princeton easily defeated a team representing the Baltimore Medical College in a loosely played basketball game last night, 35 to 25. Princeton took the lead early in the game and was never threatened, though Dailey of the visitors made a spurt at the end of the game and shot several goals from difficult angles.

LIVING HIGH IN ALASKA.

SEATTLE, Wash.—Men arriving from Alaska say prices in the Iditarod country are mounting higher and higher. Sugar is 20 cents a pound, and bacon, ham and flour in proportion. Horses are in great demand, and \$5 an hour is the price of a team. Any first-class stage dog will bring \$100.

PHILADELPHIA WINS.

Philadelphia turned the tables on Boston in the National Billiard League match played here last night. Mayer scored 30 to Horton's 41. Mayer's high game was 100, and he averaged 40. Horton's was 100, and he averaged 40.

St. Andrew's Day at Eton College

(Special to The Monitor by an old Etonian.)



(Specially photographed for The Monitor.)
THE ETON PLAYING FIELD AND FAMOUS WALL.

LONDON—To any old Etonian the mere mention of St. Andrew's day recalls visions of the famous Wall game, just as the fourth of June recalls the procession of boats. For at least 70 years back there are records of the annual Wall match, which is so unintelligible to the vast majority of those who watch it and yet so full of interest to those who understand it.

The two sides are named the Collegers and the Oppidians, and the costumes worn by those who come into contact with the wall itself resemble those of an Arctic explorer. The whole of the play takes place beside or within 10 yards of the wall, and ground is gained either by pushing or rushing the oppo-

nents back or by kicking the ball forward when it emerges from the "bully." To the spectator there appears no skill, but, as only those know who have played this game, it is full of opportunities in which skill alone and not mere strength and weight can possibly succeed.

St. Andrew's day is a great day at Eton for an exhibition of the two games peculiar to that school. Besides the Wall game mentioned above, there are two or three good "field" matches when the more open type of football is witnessed. This latter is a very fast and interesting game.

The result of this year's Wall match was a victory for the Collegers by six "shies" to one.

BOSTON CLUB NOT YET PURCHASED BY NEW OWNERS

President Harris' Latest Announcement Is That They May Have More Time to Raise Money.

NEW YORK—What the real situation is regarding the sale of the Boston National club to William Hepburn Russell of this city, L. C. Page and James P. Phelan of Boston, who were to put up the \$130,000 as the purchase price, offered to close the transaction Wednesday, seems to be a mystery.

The proposed new owners tendered President Harris \$50,000 in cash and he informed them that unless the entire amount in cash was forthcoming the deal could not go through.

The buyers were not ready to proceed at the moment on this basis, but Mr. Harris informed that that at any time that they handed over the \$130,000 he would be ready to do business with them. The deal is understood to be still pending.

Fred Tenney, the former New York first baseman who is said to be booked to manage the Boston Nationals next season, says that he has assurances from W. H. Russell that the Boston purchase deal will be consummated within a day or two.

SKATING RACES AT SARANAC LAKE

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y.—The Saranac lake dates for the outdoor skating races under the auspices of the International Skating Union have just been fixed as Jan. 24, 25 and 26. Montreal will have a series of races the following week, beginning Jan. 30 and closing Feb. 4.

Saranac lake is negotiating for the United States outdoor amateur championships, and it is probable that these races will come here. Montreal wants the international championships which were held in Saranac Lake last year, and the preference will be respected. The Saranac Lake races will be held in conjunction with the biennial winter carnival, which is planned for the week of Jan. 23.

YALE CHESS MEN ARE SELECTED

NEW HAVEN—The makeup of the Yale four-board chess team that will play in the annual intercollegiate tournament for the championship in New York city on Dec. 22, 23 and 24 has been determined by a series of individual matches among the Yale club members. It is as follows:

First board, J. R. Chandler '11, captain; second board, H. D. Hooker '12; third board, G. Burgess '11; fourth board, E. E. Stearns '12. In 1909 the championship match resulted in a tie between Yale and Harvard. Two playoffs took place, each resulting in a tie.

EXETER WANTS H. JONES.

EXETER, N. H.—Phillips Exeter Academy is said to be after Howard Jones to coach both the baseball and football teams next year. Principal Amen and, in fact, everybody interested in athletics at the academy, have started a movement to have Jones take up the task of turning out winning aggregations on the football and baseball fields.

LACROSSE TEAM CAPTAINLESS.

NEW YORK—The sudden withdrawal from the university of A. J. Swallow, captain-elect of the Columbia lacrosse team for the season of 1911, has left the squad without a leader.

NATIONAL LEAGUE ELECTS T. J. LYNCH FOR ONE YEAR ONLY

Owners Fail to Increase Term of Office to Three Years—Schedule Committee Is Appointed Today.

NO TRADES MADE

NEW YORK—With President T. J. Lynch reelected to lead the National league for the coming year, the only business of importance to be transacted at the meeting this afternoon will be the appointing of a committee of three to draw up a schedule for 1911 and whatever discussion may be had on the number of games to be played and the time for opening and closing the season.

At Wednesday's meeting an effort was made to have the league appoint a committee of one to confer with the American league on schedule. This was lost, 5 to 3, and President Lynch will now appoint a committee of three for the task. These gentlemen will undoubtedly be Messrs. Ebbetts, Murphy and Herrmann.

The report of the president shows that the league used 848 dozen baseballs and that there were 85 postponed games. Seventy of these were played off in doubleheaders, 51 in the East and 19 in the West. President Lynch said he preferred that there be no prizes offered another season for batsmen. This he considered a mistake.

Those owners who expected to force a change of constitution, so that the body could elect a president for more than one year, were defeated as C. W. Murphy, C. H. Ebbetts and Horace Fogel voted against it.

The board of directors were elected and consists of Barney Dreyfuss of Pittsburgh, C. H. Ebbetts of Brooklyn, August Herrmann of Cincinnati, C. W. Murphy of Chicago and J. T. Brush of New York.

When it came time for the selection of officers, C. W. Murphy of the New York club seconded the nomination, and Mr. Lynch's election was unanimous. A communication was received from the Western and Three-I leagues asking for the major organization's support in these clubs, retaining for these clubs their present minor league classification. Action will be taken in this matter tomorrow.

No big deals for players were made Wednesday, but Pittsburgh offered Pitcher Howard Camnitz to Manager McGraw in exchange for Otis Crandall and Shortstop Al Bridwell. McGraw refused.

C. C. N. Y. FIVE DEFEATS YALE.

NEW YORK—The College of the City of New York defeated Yale University in a hard fought basketball game on the former's court last night by a score of 20 to 15.

RATIONAL GOLF

By JASON ROGERS

When comparing the quality of amateur golfers we generally omit to take into account exactly what sort of amateur one or the other may be, says the Newcastle Chronicle. The term amateur may indeed be split up into four sub-definitions. There are amateurs and amateurs. There is the gentleman player who golfs as his principal business in life, who is practically on equal terms with the professional. He makes the most out of our summer here, and then goes to the Riviera in the dead season. This is amateur number one. Next there is the business man with a good deal of time, who can take a few afternoons off and an occasional day, and slip away to a seaside or suburban course and have his round. In the course of a twelvemonth he puts in a lot of practice, and stands in class number two. Next there is the ordinary business man and official who is tied up most of the day, and who can only devote his evenings in the summer and the Saturday afternoons in the winter, with a very occasional whole day's holiday in the year, plus his usual summer vacation. Lastly there is the artisan, pure and simple, who can golf only in the evenings during the long summer days, and who for his odd Saturday afternoon's play in the late and early seasons has to stand his chance on the crowded first tee of a public course.

During a medal round on a seaside course the other day a player pulled his drive on to the sands and the ball was washed away by a wave but, after a few moments, was cast up again on to the shore, says Golf Illustrated. The competitor had addressed it, and was about to play, when it was again disturbed by the water which caused it to roll over. During the subsequent discussion in the clubhouse the following opinions were expressed as to the correct application of the rules: (1) The sea was out of bounds, and the player should have driven again. (2) The competitor was disqualified for delaying to play. (3) The ball being removed by an agency outside the match, the player was entitled to drop, without penalty. (4) The ball having moved after he had grounded his club, the competitor must lose one stroke. (5) The sea should have been treated as casual water since that part of the sands was only covered at high water.

One often hears players comment on the high price of golf balls, but the modern golfer is, in this respect, not so badly off as he seems to suppose. The gutta only cost a shilling, but it did not last so long as its successor in the march of evolution, and every bungling stroke left such a deep gash as to render the ball practically useless. On the other hand the old balls could be remade and, unlike the rubber core, improved by keeping. Provided the ball is not lost, the "bounding Billy" gives plenty of fun for the money, and, although less lively balls are not so expensive to start with, the ball with the finest rubber pays best "in the long run."

At Macullar Parker Company's

CHICAGO

TAILORS

For Men and Women

400 WASHINGTON STREET

HARVARD BASEBALL DATES AND COACH TO BE NAMED SHORTLY

Entirely New System of Conducting That Sport at Cambridge Is Being Tried Out This Year.

CONSIDERING MANY

Several important matters, including the selection of a coach and the announcing of the varsity schedule, are expected to be accomplished by the Harvard University baseball committee before the end of this week. An entirely new system has been inaugurated this year in the management of Harvard baseball. The athletic committee of the university, which is composed one third of undergraduates, one third of alumni and one third of faculty members, elected a permanent baseball committee. This committee has complete charge of all matters relating to the choosing of the freshman, second team and varsity coaches, and the approval of schedules of games to be played by these same teams.

The members of this committee are Harvard men who have been greatly interested or connected with Harvard baseball. W. F. Garcelon, graduate manager of athletics at Harvard and a one-time track man; Dr. E. H. Nichols, who had charge of the Harvard football team throughout the past season and an old baseball coach and pitcher; Dr. Channing Frothingham, who was manager of the 1902 baseball team while in college; Barrett Wendell, Jr., who captained the same team, and MacLaughlin, this year's captain and third baseman.

The Harvard varsity schedule has been practically completed with the exception of the date for the Pennsylvania game. The exact date for the southern trip games have not been definitely decided upon, although it is known what colleges will be played and the schedule will also be announced later.

Of course the most important question to be decided is the head varsity coach for the season of 1911. Countless applications have been received from both professional ball players from every known league and several otherwise and from a great many of the college baseball coaches as well. Among the latter who are looked upon favorably are Breckenridge, who achieved such remarkable results at Amherst last season, and Roy Thomas, well known as baseball coach of Pennsylvania.

Several old-time college players have signified their desire to pilot Harvard's baseball career this season. The best known of these is P. C. Houghton, Harvard's football coach, football player and old baseball captain. William Lauder of Brown College and also professionally prominent in the sport is favored in many quarters. Walsh, coach of Exeter, has as good a chance at it as any of them. Harry Bemis, the Cleveland catcher, and Fred Tenney are the other big leaguers who at present are being carefully considered.

A man who has a very strong backing among outsiders is Galbraith of the Tri-State league and at present a student in Harvard Law School. He is very popular among Harvard alumni and will be a very good man for the position.

However, there is little doubt in the minds of those best qualified to know that the choice lies between Houghton, Lauder and Tenney. Of these three the favorites are Tenney and Lauder, with the odds slightly in Tenney's favor. Tenney is well known about Boston and little need be said of his knowledge of inside baseball and executive ability. Unless he manages the Boston Nationals next year he hopes to be able to get a position as coach of a college team.

A pitching coach will also have to be chosen at the meeting. Mathewson gave a great deal of satisfaction when he held that position and it is entirely within the range of possibility that he will have that position this coming spring. The pitching staff will be unusually raw and inexperienced this year and the pitching coach will have more influence on the development of the team than is usually the case.

THIS is a man's store, but a woman's store at Christmas time. The ladies are receiving our very particular attention now, and we're helping them to make their men relatives and friends happy this Christmas with articles from this store.

400 WASHINGTON STREET

PLAYHOUSE NEWS

CHICAGO
AMERICAN—Vaudiville.
AUDITORIUM—Grand opera.
PORT—"Two Men and a Girl."
BARBICK—"The Chocolate Soldier."
GRAND OPERA HOUSE—"The City."
ILLINOIS—"The Fascinating Widow."
LYRIC—"The Whirlwind."
MAJESTIC—Vaudiville.
McVICKERS—"The Chorus Lady."
OLYMPIC—"Get Rich Quick Wallington."
POWERS—"The Corn Cuckoo."

CUBAN LABOR AT \$1.25 A DAY.—WASHINGTON—Cuba fixes the pay of municipal laborers at \$1.25 a day in a bill Congress has passed, according to advices from United States Minister Jackson. The act now awaits the approval of President Gomez.

WOMAN'S BIG REALTY DEAL.
CHICAGO—Mrs. Mollie Netcher, owner of a department store, has bought for \$2,900,000 from the estate of Levi Z. Leiter the fee in the property at State and Washington streets. The deal brings Mrs. Netcher's real estate investments to a total of \$3,000,000. She has bought the block, made within the last few years, up to nearly 50,000 sq. ft.

"Pot-Luck" is redolent of the soil and abounds in local touches. It was played by the simple country folk with a refreshing naturalness and the full vigor

William Faversham will shortly pro-

MARION TYLER
Voice Training, Coaching and Interpretation.
Also Voice Training for Dramatists.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt's season at the Globe theater, New York, has been extended one week. She will remain until Dec. 21. The noted French actress plans to go to Australia after her coming trip to the Pacific coast.

The second of the four East Side subscription performances, at the New theater, New York, is announced for Saturday evening, Dec. 24, when "Old Heidelberg" will be the bill. The prices will range from 50 cents in the orchestra to 10 cents in the balcony.

VIOLETS
Freshly picked and ready
for immediate delivery.
New York Violets are
superior.

TECH COOPERATION WITH HARVARD IS FAVORED IN REPORT

Cooperation with Harvard and Boston universities as a possibility in the development of a Greater Technology is a feature of the annual report of Richard C. Maclaurin, president of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, issued Wednesday.

"Somewhat definite schemes for co-operation with Harvard and with Boston University have been proposed during the year and some have received the earnest attention of the executive committee," says the report.

"In the meanwhile, however, it should be noticed that there has been considerable cooperation with different educational institutions in the past and that the amount of this cooperation is on the increase."

Charles W. Permenter, principal of Mechanic Arts high school today declined to reply to a charge in the report of President Maclaurin that the scholarship record of the Mechanic Arts school is lower than most of the preparatory schools.

President Maclaurin's report considers also the attitude of the institute toward athletics and the need and prospects of a change of site.

Dr. Maclaurin prefaced his report with a resume of the changes during the past year in the corporation and faculty. The terms of three corporation members expired during the year, while three others resigned. On the faculty the principal changes were the resignation of Professor John Bigelow, Jr., of the modern language department and Capt. Alpha T. Easton of the military department.

To fill these vacancies Prof. Ernest F. Langley, formerly of Dartmouth, was elected to the language department and Capt. Edwin V. Bookmiller to the military department.

"As regards athletics," reads the report, "their government is in the hands of a council composed of three undergraduates and four alumni, without any representatives from the faculty. This council has been conspicuously successful in establishing a sane athletic policy, aiming to make athletics a beneficial exercise rather than an absorbing business."

Upon the question of moving the institute, President Maclaurin says there are some problems of prime importance that must be attacked in the immediate future. One of these is the problem of a site, a problem that has occupied a considerable portion of presidential reports for years.

ROXBURY SOCIETY ELECTS OFFICERS

Roxbury Historical Society elected the following officers at its annual meeting Wednesday night: President, Dependence S. Waterman; vice-presidents, John Carr, Francis J. Ward and Timothy Smith; secretary, Henry A. May; assistant secretary, John C. Cook; treasurer, Sherwin L. Cook; assistant treasurer, William H. Baker; executive committee, D. S. Waterman, Henry A. May, Sherwin L. Cook, Edward Seaver, Oliver D. Green, Charles E. Wiggin, Augustus Bacon, George H. Mason; trustees, Francis J. Ward, Harvey King.

Announcement was made of gifts of pictures, autographs and sketches, including a memoir volume by Rear Admiral John A. Winslow (retired).

ANALYTICAL TALK AT CITY CONCERT

Prof. Louis C. Elson of the New England Conservatory of Music will give an analytical talk tonight at the Dorchester high school on the musical program to be given there under the auspices of the city music department.

The soloists for tonight are Mrs. Cora Gooch Brooks, pianist; William Howard, violinist; Paul M. Brown, violoncellist; Mrs. Alice Bates Rice, soprano.

DRAWING LECTURES FOR TEACHERS

The first of 10 lectures by Henry Turner Bailey, with an exercise following under the direction of Theodore M. Dillaway, director of drawing and manual training in the public schools of Boston, will be delivered on Jan. 7, at 10 a. m. in the lecture room of the museum. The course has been arranged to help teachers in the grammar schools toward a higher standard of instruction in drawing.

BEDOUINS IN REVOLT.

JERUSALEM.—Twenty thousand Turkish troops are being rushed today from Adana to the Syrian vilayets where Bedouins are in revolt. The trouble started in the execution of a Bedouin chieftain and the order for disarming the Bedouins. Led by Chief Mejilla, the Bedouins attacked the troops at nearly all the stations north of Maon and were uniformly successful.

CLIFTONDALE'S BIG ROCK TO GO.

CLIFTONDALE, Mass.—A huge rock poised upon a ledge near Felton street is to be broken to pieces with dynamite. The boulder is from 18 to 20 feet in diameter. A few years ago an attempt was made to pull it over, but four teams of oxen were unable to move it.

MRS. HARRIMAN GIVES TO YALE.

NEW YORK.—Mrs. E. H. Harriman will formally announce a gift of \$100,000 to Yale University in a few days. It was limited today by C. C. Tugthoff, agent for the Harriman estate in New York.

WILL OF MARY BAKER EDDY

(Continued from Page Two.)

mitted to my counsel for their and my information prior to the execution of this instrument; and that I am fully informed regarding her ownership of the homestead premises at Pleasant View, Concord, New Hampshire, the house at number 387 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts, her interest in the house at number 385 Commonwealth Avenue in said Boston, and her residence and premises in Newton, Massachusetts, as well as the character and valuation of the bonds and other personal estate of said Mary Baker Glover Eddy. There has also been exhibited to my counsel for our information the assignment of copyrights by said Mary Baker Glover Eddy to said Baker, McLellan and Fernald, as Trustees, dated March twentieth, 1907, and recorded in the copyright office, Washington, D. C., book 36, pages 91 to 96.

4. I, Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy), further covenant and agree to return to said Mary Baker Glover Eddy, when this instrument is delivered, all letters written by her to me or to any member of my family, and all documents written or dictated by her, in my possession or control or which have been placed in the hands of my counsel.

5. A question having arisen as to the form of execution of a deed, under date of November 1, 1909, by the signature of "William E. Chandler" instead of "Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy)" by his attorney, William E. Chandler, this deed is executed in the latter form in confirmation of the deed and execution of November 1, 1909, and to remove such questions, if any as may arise by reason of the signing of the deed of November 1st in the form stated.

6. And I, Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy) do hereby further covenant and agree to execute and deliver all assignments, releases, conveyances and quitclaims and to give assent to and sign all requests, citations and proceedings, either in or out of court, necessary or convenient to carry out, confirm and give effect to all and each of the releases, agreements, covenants and acknowledgments hereinbefore contained.

In witness whereof I, the said Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy) have hereunto set my hand and seal to duplicate originals of which this deed is one, on this tenth day of November, 1909, by

my attorney in fact William E. Chandler, duly constituted under my hand and seal.

Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy)
by his attorney (seal).
Wm. E. Chandler,
duly authorized.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of
Frank S. Streeter,
Henry M. Baker,
State of New Hampshire, county of Merrimack, ss.

On this tenth day of November, 1909, personally appearing the said William E. Chandler acknowledged that he is the duly constituted attorney of Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy) and that the foregoing instrument by him signed is the free act and deed of said Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy). Before me:

Frank S. Streeter,
Justice of the Peace.

Receipt and acknowledgment of Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy) dated November 10, 1909.

Whereas a family settlement has been concluded between Mary Baker Glover Eddy of Concord, N. H., and her son (by adoption), Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy) of Waterbury, Vermont, evidenced by deed of the latter executed by his attorney, William E. Chandler, under date of November 1, 1909, ratified and confirmed by the deed of Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy) personally, under date of November 1, 1909, the original deed of November 1, with some additions having been re-executed November 10, 1909, by said attorney, and said deeds being delivered to Mary Baker G. Eddy concurrently with the payments herein specified.

Now, I, the said Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy), by my attorney in fact, William E. Chandler, do hereby acknowledge that I have this day received from Mary Baker G. Eddy through her Trustees and attorneys in fact, Adam H. Dickey, Archibald McLellan and Josiah E. Fernald, the sum of forty-five thousand dollars in cash, in full performance on her part of the terms of said family settlement.

Witness my hand and seal this tenth day of November, 1909.

Ebenezer J. Foster (Eddy)

By his attorney, (Seal)
Wm. E. Chandler,
duly authorized.

Witnesses:
Frank S. Streeter
Henry M. Baker

FORMER PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ON HIS WAY TO NEW YORK

(Continued from Page One.)

opposed to each other. However, when Madison's views prevailed, Hamilton, instead of sulking, put his shoulder behind his rival's cause and gave future statesmen a splendid example of good citizenship. If these men had been theorists, according to Mr. Roosevelt, they would have limited their work to persuasion and thinking and instead of doing things they would have scarcely accomplished one-tenth what they did.

Colonel Roosevelt emphasized this point very strongly, and in fact it was the spirit of his lecture on applied ethics Wednesday evening.

The speaker said that the constitution of this country in itself had to have facts, deeds and practical policies to do its work after ratification, as well as high-minded thoughts and theoretical discussions.

Colonel Roosevelt told the students that he wanted them to go into practical politics after they got out of Harvard, not only because they would do the world a great deal of good, but because the contact with the world in politics would be of immeasurable benefit to them. He said that study in itself is insufficient; it must be used as the first step to get a stand in the world of men.

In delivering the William Belden Noble lecture Wednesday night on "Applied Ethics" at the university, Colonel Roosevelt praised Colonel Goethals, chief of the Panama canal work, mentioned favorably the labors of Gifford Pinchot and James A. Garfield in behalf of conservation, and commended Senator Elihu Root for his services to this country while in charge of the American fisheries case at The Hague last summer.

Mr. Roosevelt reviewed the history of international peace work, giving John Hay credit for saving The Hague court by getting the United States and Mexico to submit a claim to that tribunal. He said Andrew Carnegie's latest gift of \$10,000,000 to promote peace was the most important thing the donor had done.

Revives College Days

Colonel Roosevelt spent Wednesday afternoon before his lecture in Sanders theater in and about Harvard University in company with his son Kermit, revisiting the scenes most prominent in his recollection of college days. He chatted awhile with a few invited friends of Kermit in his room and then with the latter sauntered over to the quaint old colonial house on Winthrop street where his first college days were spent.

Entering the house, now occupied by an undergraduate social club, Colonel Roosevelt found his little 8x10 bedroom, with its single window looking toward the river, still in very much the same condition as when he left it. Thence, strolling toward the "yard" the former President saw many changes—the "yard" fence, the partly finished subway entrances and the rapidly disappearing yard elms. The octagonal brick building across the street from Memorial hall wherein he once took his daily gymnastic

work he now found to be sheltering the Germanic art gifts of Kaiser Wilhelm.

Colonel Roosevelt's old room in the yard was found to have changed little since his occupation of it although it contained many newly installed modern conveniences. Holmes field, where he cheered the football and baseball teams was found cut up by new buildings and covered with tennis courts.

The colonel retired to President Lowell's gable-roofed cottage in time to spend more than an hour with the president in discussion of college and national affairs before dinner. At the informal dinner party given by President Lowell several of Mr. Roosevelt's friends in the faculty and their wives were present. Dinner was served shortly before 7 o'clock and extended until time for the lecture.

EXTRA TRAINS FOR WELLESLEY

Heavy travel from Wellesley on the Boston & Albany railroad from the schools in that section which begin the holiday vacation today resulted in several of the through trains running in sections and with an extra engine. The students about Wellesley number about 2000.

They are returning home for the holiday to all parts of the United States. The noon train for New York via Springfield had two engines, an extra parlor car and one extra coach, making 12 cars in all.

REPORT FAVORS BENCH NOMINEES

WASHINGTON.—A favorable report on the nominations of Willis Van Devanter of Wyoming and Joseph R. Lamar of Georgia to be associate justices of the supreme court of the United States was adopted by the Senate committee on judiciary today.

It is probable that the rules will be suspended at an executive session of the Senate and the two nominations confirmed. The nominations for judges of the commerce court were referred to sub-committees.

WAKEFIELD SEEKS POSTOFFICE SITE

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—In compliance with an order from Washington, Postmaster Dearborn is securing prices on desirable sites for a federal building. Congressmen Roberts has notified the Merchants Association and selectmen that he will introduce a bill for an appropriation of \$100,000 for this purpose. Citizens of the town as a whole appeared to favor the S. O. Richardson avenue and 128 feet on West Water street.

STRIKERS ATTACK POLICEMAN.

CHICAGO.—Attacked by a crowd of striking garment workers, Detective Sergeant Charles Weinicki today, as he fell beneath a shower of blows, killed an unknown striker and wounded Mark Lingewicz.

CONGRESSMAN COOK PASSES AWAY.

PHILADELPHIA.—Joel Cook of this city, representative in Congress, author, newspaper man and for 40 years on the foreign correspondence staff of the London Times, passed away today.

MR. LODGE ACCEPTS INVITATION TO SPEAK BEFORE LEGISLATURE

(Continued from Page One.)

who was the Democratic candidate for Congress against Judge Harris in the fourteenth congressional district last month and who was declared defeated by only 55 votes, is in Washington today for the purpose of protesting the election. He is accompanied by James H. Vahey as counsel.

Leads by Only One Vote

MELROSE.—Tabulation of the election figures by the city clerk has resulted in giving Alderman-at-large John Buffum a lead of only one vote. Alderman Keene has taken out papers for a recount, which will probably take place Saturday evening.

ENDEAVOR UNIONS' WORLD PROGRESS TOLD IN BOSTON

Members of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor are increasing in number all over the world according to reports to the executive committee of trustees of the United Society in meeting Wednesday at Tremont Temple.

Progress was made on the program for the international convention at Atlantic City in July, and the new headquarters building, soon to be erected on Huntington avenue, was fully discussed. The annual meeting of the World's C. E. Union, held later in the afternoon, voted to accept the invitation of Sydney, Australia, to hold the next convention there in 1914.

The report of the president, the Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clark, shows that there is now no country in the world without its C. E. society. America still leads in the number of societies and there is an increase in the rate of growth, that for the past year showing over 3000 societies and nearly 500,000 new members.

CHELSEA AGAIN TALKS CHARTERS

Alderman Horatio R. Delano at Chelsea's third mass meeting for the purpose of discussing plans for future government said he believed the people were sick of expert government and that he believed Chelseans desire to be represented by wards in municipal government.

Chelsea, today, he said, had a trust form of government; it had given away its rights. What was needed in Chelsea, he claimed, was a large board of aldermen that would be representative of all classes of citizens.

The meeting was attended by about 700. The six forms of charter were presented for consideration. No definite action was taken.

CITY DEPARTMENT MERGERS SOUGHT

More mergers of city departments are desired by Mayor Fitzgerald, who will soon send to the city council a message recommending the abolition of the weights and measures department and duties to the health department; also the consolidation of the wire department with the building department.

Charles B. Woolley is at the head of the weights and measures department and receives \$3000 a year. Commissioner Cole of the wire department receives \$5000 a year.

TELLS OF MISSION WORK IN ORIENT

"I have hopes that we are living in the generation that is to see the evangelization of the world," said Campbell White of New York, for many years a missionary in India and Korea, at the final mass meeting for "stewards" and other workers for the coming "World in Boston" missionary exposition, in Tremont temple last evening.

Mr. White said that 3000 natives a week are converted in the Orient. In Korea, he said, 50,000 copies of the Bible are distributed every day.

MEXICAN REBELS AGAIN DEFEATED

GALVESTON, Tex.—General Navarro, commanding Mexican federal troops against revolutionists about Guerrero, routed the rebels today for the second time since Sunday, according to Mexican dispatches received here.

Fighting was renewed last night when Navarro urged his troops against the rebel entrenchment, finally driving the insurgents from cover. The dispatch says that more than 300 were killed and wounded.

UNITARIAN CLUB HOLDS DINNER.

UNITARIAN CLUB held a dinner at the Vendome Wednesday night, at which the speakers were D. Chauncey Brewer, president North American Civic League, and Jeremiah J. Hurley, deputy United States commissioner of immigration.

CORINTHIAN IN FROM GLASGOW.

On her first trip to this port this season Allan liner Corinthian, Captain Renie, steamed up the harbor this afternoon from Glasgow via Halifax.

Fancy and Plain Styles in These Women's Felt Gift Slippers

A large variety here to select from, and they are superior to every other kind of warm footwear for indoor wear, because the felt is made of pure live wool of unusually long fibre, felted by the "Dolge" secret process and shaped over modern lasts.

Third Floor—Main Store



Women's Red and Black Juliets.....1.00
Women's Juliets, trimmed with favor ribbon....1.50
Women's Comfy Slippers, all colors.....1.00
Women's Comfy Juliets, something new.....1.75
Women's Toilet Slippers, all colors.....1.25

Women's Crochet Slippers—With high grade lambswool soles, lined and unlined all colors.....1.00 and 1.50

Women's Foot Warmers and Slumber Slippers—In a full assortment of all the wanted colorings.....50c

Slippers for Little Folks

We are showing slipper styles for Little Men 4 to 10 years, which are patterned after the regular Men's Goods.

Main Store—Street Floor



Romeos in Tan, sizes 8½ to 10½.....1.50
Everetts in Tan and Red, 8½ to 2.....1.25 to 1.75

Our assortment of Holiday Footwear for Little Men and Girls is unexcelled

Only 8 SHOPPING DAYS TILL CHRISTMAS. Our immense stocks contain everything imaginable for Holiday Gifts; therefore, IF YOU DO NOT FIND WHAT YOU WANT BE SURE TO ASK A SUPERINTENDENT, as many of our new salespeople may not be thoroughly posted.

Jordan Marsh Company

Y. M. C. A. HOLDS ANNUAL DINNER

Employed officers, directors and guests of the Boston Y. M. C. A. gathered at the Boston City Club Wednesday night on the occasion of the annual dinner of the state committee of the association. Lewis A. Crossett presided, and Charles A. Prosser of the state board of education spoke on "The Association as a Factor in the Problem of Industrial Education."

Mr. Prosser said that there are nearly 3000 students doing day work and more than 10,000 employed boys between 14 and 17 years old securing education in the New England association. During the year more than 2000 students were engaged in summer school work and 68 associations conducted work of industrial education in centers outside the building.

The closing address was delivered by Dr. Robert A. Moore of Brooklyn, on "Modern Manhood."

WANT OLD TRACK AS AVIATION FIELD

SAUGUS, Mass.—If the plans which have been made by the Aeroplane Company of America, of which John Queen is secretary, are carried out, the old Saugus race track will be converted into an aviation field, and \$100,000 will be expended in making it one of the most attractive in this part of the country.

The Board of Trade will hold a public meeting in the Saugus clubhouse Thursday evening, Dec. 22. It is expected that Albert C. Triaca, president of the company, and others officers will be present and explain plans.

MALDEN TO HOLD MERCHANTS' WEEK

Malden has decided to hold a merchants week, the Board of Trade having acted favorably upon the report of the special committee. The same committee will make complete arrangements.

The special committee reported that it had found enthusiasm in a score of cities where merchants week was observed and that the merchants in these cities were also enthusiastic. The week of April 18 will probably be selected.

STUDENTS' LODGING HOUSE FIRE.

An overheated stove in the dwelling of Mrs. Hannah, P. Walsh, 1083 Cambridge street, Cambridge, occupied as a students' lodging house, caused a loss of \$5000 early today. The students lost part of their property.

SHIPS COLLIDE AT SEATTLE.

SEATTLE, Wash.—One life was lost and the sound steamer Kitsap and the launch Columbia were sunk as the result of two collisions in Seattle harbor Wednesday, involving the Columbia, the Kitsap and the Indianapolis.

ANOTHER ALL-STEEL TRAIN.

BUFFALO.—The Pennsylvania has added another solid steel Pullman train to its equipment. This is the "Congressional Limited," running between New York and Washington.

MR. PITTMAN SEES PROGRESS AHEAD FOR NICARAGUA

Insurgent American Who Was Prisoner of War, Says New Government Is Instituting Reforms.

William F. Pittman, the American who has just returned to his home in Somerville after being identified with the cause of the insurgents in Nicaragua and spending four months in prison there, describes present conditions in that country and comments on its probable future. "There will not be another revolution in Nicaragua, I feel sure," said Mr. Pittman. "The people under the new president, Dr. Estrada, have been granted advantages which they never had before and reforms have been planned which will put the government on a sound basis."

A free press has served to make the people take a keener interest in their government and form real opinions about political questions. The government is about to build a railroad from the Atlantic coast to the capital at Managua, thus opening up new lines of trade.

"The school system is to be completely reorganized and extended. I think that Nicaragua bids fair to be one of the leaders among Central American countries in the near future."

REDUCE NEW YORK INSURANCE RATES

NEW YORK.—The New York fire insurance exchange, whose methods have been under investigation by the Merritt joint legislative committee, announces a sweeping reduction in rates on all business within the city limits written after Nov. 1, 1910, and not affecting apartment houses or residential property.

The reduction varies from 5 to 15 per cent and will reduce in corresponding proportion the total premium income on New York property, which last year is estimated to have amounted to \$21,000,000.

E. H. FITZHUGH ATTENDS HEARING

E. H. Fitzhugh, vice-president of the Grand Trunk system, left Boston today for Montpelier, Vt., to attend a hearing before the committee on railroads of the Vermont Legislature on petitions of the Boston & Maine and Grand Trunk roads for charters to build parallel lines of track in places where each of the two roads has to depend upon the track of the other to make a continuous connection with the rest of its line.

Mr. Fitzhugh took a party of the legislative committee on an inspection trip to Brattleboro on Tuesday.

HAIR GOODS

ONLY BEST MATERIALS USED—MADAME MAY & CO. (Established 1857). Manicuring, Tinting, Hair Dressing, SPECIALISTS IN FACIAL CLEANSING. 15 Temple Place, Boston.

NEW ASSISTANTS FOR MR. PEDRICK

Sergeant-at-Arms Thomas F. Pedrick today announced his appointments for the forthcoming legislative session. James Beatty of Waltham, who has been a clerk in his office, is made door-keeper of the House in place of the late Sidney Gardner and Frank S. Phinney, formerly a House messenger, is made clerk in place of Mr. Beatty.

Ernest Saunders of Gloucester is made a House messenger, succeeding Mr. Phinney. Mr. Saunders is the son of a veteran and is himself a veteran of the Spanish war. William J. Rounds, Jr., of Cambridge, son of former Senator Rounds, is appointed a page in the House in place of Fred W. Brown of Lynn. All others of the former force are reappointed.

Mr. Pedrick has expended about \$25,000 in the past few months for the repairing and repainting of the State House interior.

SHOE CLUB PLANS NEWSPAPER NIGHT

"Newspaper night" will be observed by the Boston Boot and Shoe Club at the Hotel Somerset next Wednesday evening.

Modern journalism, and particularly the relations of the newspaper to American industry and commerce, will be treated by a notable list of speakers, including Robert Lincoln O'Brien, editor of the Boston Herald, Robert R. Whitman of the Boston American, John H. Fahey and George W. Coleman, president of the Pilgrim Publicity Association.

CITY AUDITOR'S REPORT READY

City Auditor Mitchell's report on the condition of children's institutions department affairs will be made public today.

Mayor Fitzgerald says he expects the report to show that the department is in even a worse condition than he had anticipated some weeks ago, when he and some of the trustees differed over the manner in which the department should be conducted.

HOUSE BURNS IN SAUGUS.

SAUGUS, Mass.—Fire in the home of Mrs. Ernest T. Langdon on Waban street in the Kernwood district, while she was absent last night, fatally burned her son Joseph. Edward, another son, escaped from the house. The damage to the building was about \$2000, partly insured.

G. WILDES SMITH CO.
158 TREMONT STREET

FURS
Christmas Discount of 10%
ON ALL OUR
Fur Coats, Fur Scarfs, Col-
larettes and Muffs

CINCINNATI SEEKING RISE IN POPULATION BY NEW ANNEXATION

Census Giving Cleveland the Lead in Friendly Rivalry Has Led to Effort to Absorb Hamilton County.

CINCINNATI—The application of the city of Cincinnati just filed with the county commissioners for the annexation of all the territory in Millcreek and Campbell townships, except that incorporated in Norwood, St. Bernard and Elmwood Place, shows the determination of the Greater Cincinnati movement.

Since the announcement of the Cincinnati census the city has been struggling to increase its population by annexation. The census figures fell 100,000 behind what had been hoped for, finally giving Cleveland the palm after many years of friendly rivalry.

While a large share of Cincinnati's actual population lives across the Ohio and therefore cannot be reckoned, it was pointed out that Cleveland was larger than Cincinnati with the Kentucky cities added and most of its growth it was urged resulted from the annexation of practically all of Cuyahoga county.

Local advocates of a wide annexation at once redoubled their efforts to absorb as much of Hamilton county as possible.

Army and Navy News

Today's Army Orders.

Maj. Joseph M. T. Partello, from twenty-fifth to fourth infantry.

Maj. Amos B. Shattuck, from fourth to twenty-fifth infantry.

Maj. Herman C. Schumm, C. A. C., from present duties in time to take transport leaving San Francisco for Manila March 5. Maj. Schumm will assume command of Ft. Wint, Grand Island, and the artillery district of Subig bay.

Maj. Clint C. Hearn, C. A. C., from present duties in time to take transport leaving Manila April 15. Upon arrival at San Francisco Major Hearn will proceed to Fort Monroe.

Maj. Daniel K. Ketcham, C. A. C., from present duties in time to take transport leaving Manila April 15. Upon arrival at San Francisco Major Ketcham will proceed to assume command of Ft. Mott.

Maj. Samuel A. Keplart, C. A. C., from present duties upon expiration of present leave of absence; thence assume command of Jackson barracks and artillery district of New Orleans.

Capt. John J. O'Connell, twenty-eighth infantry, dropped from rolls of army Dec. 13, for desertion.

First Lieut. Gideon H. Williams, twenty-eighth infantry, from recruit depot, Ft. Logan, Jan. 9; to his regiment.

First Lieut. John P. Kelly, medical reserve corps, from San Francisco to his home. Lieutenant Kelly from active duty in medical reserve corps, upon expiration of leave of absence.

First Lieut. George M. Lee, seventh cavalry, from duty with his regiment, to mounted service school, Ft. Riley.

Leave of absence: Capt. Louis M. Nuttman, commissary, one month from Dec. 15.

Army Notes.

WASHINGTON—Brig.-Gen. Arthur Murray, now chief of the coast artillery, will be appointed a major-general on March 13. Col. Erasmus M. Weaver of the coast artillery, now chief of the division of the militia, will succeed General Murray as chief of the coast artillery with the rank of brigadier-general. On the retirement of Major-General Duval, which takes place on Jan. 13, Brig.-Gen. Charles L. Hodges will be made a major-general and will serve as such for two months, retiring on March 13.

Announcement has been made at the war department of the selection of a number of other general officers of high rank in the army and their nominations will be submitted to the Senate for confirmation within a day or two. Upon the retirement of Brig.-Gen. Walter Howe on Dec. 20, Col. Jose W. Duncan, sixth infantry, will be promoted brigadier-general. Upon the retirement of Brig.-Gen. Earl B. Thomas on Jan. 4, Col. Walter S. Schuyler, fifth cavalry, will be promoted brigadier-general.

Brig.-Gen. Frederick K. Ward will be retired on March 19 and Col. George S. Anderson, ninth cavalry, will become a brigadier-general.

Navy Orders.

Commander G. R. Salisbury, detached duty command the Wilmington; to duty as governor and commandant of the naval station, Guam, M. I.

Midshipman P. F. Hambsch granted leave one month, and upon expiration to temporary duty Lancaster, connection crew of the Utah, and duty on board that vessel when placed in commission.

Movements of Warships.

Arrived—The Dixie, the Flusser, the Preston and the Reid, at San Juan; the Yorktown, at Corinto; the Culgoa, at Brest.

Sailed—The Reid, from Culebra for San Juan; the Goldsborough, the Paul Jones and the Rowan, from Mare Island for San Diego; the Chesler, from Boston for Hampton Roads.

Navy Notes.

WASHINGTON—The North Carolina will remain at the navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., under repairs, until Dec. 31.

The Hannibal, now at Hampton Roads, will proceed to Guantanamo bay, Cuba, about Dec. 20, with a cargo of coal. The vessel will then proceed to the

THE FIELD OF INVESTIGATION

LONDON—The present day theories as to the constitution of matter and the explanation of all physical phenomena all postulate the existence of "that is known as the ether," or in older spelling the "aether." It seems even that all motion, energy, force, action, as well as matter and its effects are to be explained as motions or vibrations of the ether. It will be well, therefore, in this column to say something of this medium—for we may not call it "substance"—which is of such overwhelming importance to the material universe.

In the first place the theory of an ether is not a very modern one; Newton was cognizant of it to some extent, although not in the form that it is now understood. It has been obvious to all thinkers that a ray of light, for instance, cannot pass from the sun to the earth without the presence of some medium, in other words, that there was no such thing as "action at a distance" from the sun to the earth except through the medium of something that intervened between the two, capable of transmitting the light. In the same way, electric and other effects have to be carried through some vehicles other than the air (for they can be carried without the presence of the air), and it is quite impossible to suppose that there would be a different medium for each and every effect, magnetic, electric, luminous, etc. Hence it has seemed right that one such medium should be supposed—and "supposed" is not used without reason here, for the ether cannot be perceived by any of the methods generally known—and this medium has been called the ether.

This ether is said to fill all space, to be everywhere, to be the basis of all action, all existence of material phenomena of all vibrations such as light, heat, electricity, radio-activity. But at the same time it cannot be allowed to have any of the properties that are generally found common to material things, such as weight, substance, shape, taste, smell, visibility—in other words, there is no possibility of its being perceived through the channels ordinarily known as the five physical senses; and yet in order to allow of vibration passing through it at the immensely rapid rate that the theory must admit, the ether must of necessity be of a rigidity greater than anything that we are cognizant of. Now this is the difficulty of the theory—how to conceive of a medium filling all space, infinitely more rigid than the hardest steel, and yet without any of the properties usually associated with rigidity—such as ponderosity and substance. For

example, if the ether is moving through the ether at the rate of a million miles a day, how can this go on in a medium that must be rigid enough to allow of vibrations of light reaching the earth in a continuous stream—for this rapid transmission can go on only in an absolutely rigid medium—from the sun at the rate of 186,000 miles a second? At present no satisfactory explanation has been offered that will reconcile all these conflicting hypotheses.

But one thing is certain—that the activities of the ether are enormous compared with those which we are commonly accustomed to attribute to what we call "matter." Take but the single case of light, which every one knows can be resolved by means of a prism into a series of component colors ranging from red at one end of the spectrum to violet at the other. Now the difference between these colors is but one of the rate of vibration in the ether, the lowest vibrations being those of the red end, and the fastest those at the violet end, with gradual merging of one color into another as the rate of vibration increases. So that the only difference between what is called "redness" and "blueness" is that in one case we are perceiving a vibration in ether at the rate of 393,000,000,000,000 and in the other one of 763,000,000,000,000 per second; there is no inherent property in the colors except that of a different rate of motion in the ether—all there is of it is motion, according to the theory.

In order to get some idea of what this means, if we consider the corresponding vibrations in the case of sound, and take a tuning fork as a simple illustration, it is found that the lowest vibration that is perceptible is about 30 per second in the deepest bass, while the highest is 4000 in the highest treble. If a low-pitched tuning fork be watched, the vibration can be seen, though it is much too rapid to be counted with the eye; but the point to be noticed is that what ever the note that is being produced by the fork, the actual perception of sound by the observer is one of motion or vibration. But when we "perceive" what we call light, the rate of vibration is such that the tuning fork would have to go on vibrating for over 70,000 years to make an equal number of movements as the light does in one second.

But this after all is only part of the actual number of vibrations that are going on indefinitely; for, of course, although the limitations of ear and eye perceive only a portion of the "scale" of light or of sound, it is certain that there

lie beyond these scales extending both ways, vibrations of which we at present have no experimental knowledge; the spectrum of white light resolved into its colors, for example, represents but one octave in the scale of vibrations in the ether.

Now if we consider the enormous activity locked up in each atom of matter—as disclosed by the recent discoveries of radio activity—the billions and trillions of vibrations, magnetic, electric, luminous that are passing and repassing every single point of space at each moment of time in the room in which we sit, we begin to understand somewhat what is meant by the activity of the ether. The greater part of this motion and activity is as yet unperceived by us and passes by "unseen" and unobserved, but as to its existence, on the theory of an all-pervading ether, there seems to be no doubt.

Returning to matter to see how it fits in with this theory we find that the opinion of the leading philosophers of the day has relegated it to nothing more than a form of activity in the ether—the atom, formerly considered to be the ultimate particle, non-resolvable into any other "thing," must now be looked upon as the resultant of a number of "corpuscles" or electrons, as they are generally called, and these electrons are centers of activity in the ether. So that matter could be defined on the present theory as a manifestation of activity in the ether, which ether is an invisible, impalpable, intangible something; so subtle that it interpenetrates the densest substances, offers no resistance to their motion, is subject to none of the familiar laws of dynamics, and yet apparently fills all space. To quote Sir William Crookes—the discoverer of the principle of radio-activity, who said at a dinner at the Chemical Society only a short time ago: "The progress in the highly rarefied regions of present day speculation is so rapid as to take the breath away. A bit of radium that could go into a thimble has suddenly shaken our belief in the conservation of substance, the stability of the chemical elements, the nature of electricity, and has cast doubts on the very existence of matter itself. For physicists are beginning to say that, in all probability, there is no such thing as matter; that when we have caught and tamed the elusive atom, and split it up into 700 little bits, these residual particles will turn out to be nothing more than super-imposed layers of positive and negative electricity."

PITTSBURG DESIGNS THE ANNEXATION OF THIRTY BOROUGHES

PITTSBURG—An organization, the objects of which will be to formulate legislation which will tend directly toward the annexation to Pittsburgh of approximately 30 boroughs and townships adjoining her borders is to be effected soon.

The prime movers in the plan have already volunteered their services to Mayor Magee, whom they have asked to take the initiative in the matter.

The men at the head of the move are leading property owners in many instances of the 30 separate communities referred to, and favor annexation because they believe that property values would be increased by the extension of city administration and the municipal facilities which they would secure by becoming part of Pittsburgh.

HATTIE LE BLANC NOT TO TESTIFY.

With the acquittal of Hattie LeBlanc from the charge of having slain Clarence F. Glover of Waltham, this case is said today by many of those who have had to do with it to have come to an end. It is considered unlikely that there will be any further indictments. After the announcement of the verdict Wednesday, District Attorney Higgins requested Judge Bond to secure the attendance of Hattie LeBlanc before the grand jury with a view to indicting Mrs. Glover. Judge Bond refused and said that the evidence that had appeared against Mrs. Glover would not warrant the finding of an indictment against her, and that if a jury should find her guilty on the mere evidence alone that had appeared in relation to her in this case he would set the verdict aside.

HYDE PARK SCHOOL MEETING.

HYDE PARK, Mass.—Improvements for Hyde Park public schools will be discussed at the meeting of the Fairmount and Weld Parents and Teachers Club this evening. Arthur Stanley, principal of Francis Parkman school, Boston, and member of the Hyde Park advisory committee, will speak.

yards for duty in transshipping stores and spare parts belonging to vessels assigned to new "home" yards by the provisions of general order No. 71, Pensacola. Key West, Charleston, Norfolk, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and Portsmouth.

LOS ANGELES—A wireless message from Point Arguelle, intercepted here last evening, states that the torpedo boat destroyer Paul Jones had become disabled off that point Wednesday and was in tow of the destroyer Goldsborough. The Paul Jones was on her way to San Pedro from San Francisco in company with the Goldsborough and the Rowan. Nothing is known regarding the nature of the damage to the vessel.

CONGRESS SPENDS \$200,000,000 IN THE FIRST SEVEN DAYS

WASHINGTON—In the first seven working days of this session of Congress it has appropriated nearly \$200,000,000. The Indian appropriation bill, carrying more than \$8,000,000, the rivers and harbors bill, with about \$31,000,000, and the pension bill, with more than \$152,000,000 have been passed.

In that time the House has found time to talk about everything from the abolition of the Indian warehouses to a tariff for revenue only. The work of passing the appropriation bills, in fact, has been "between times."

The House has been in session 31½ working hours, which means that for every hour there has been an expenditure of more than \$6,000,000.

FARMERS UNION SHOWS PROFITS

MT. HOLLY, N. J.—Reporting on its first year's doings, the Burlington County Farmers Exchange shows a total business by its members of \$800,000 and a profit of a little less than 5 per cent on its paid-in capital of \$15,000. The gross profit on all the business handled by the exchange reached \$28,063.50. The shipments of strawberries aggregated 40,077 crates, filling 167 cars, at an average of \$2.14 a crate. Besides that there were 34 carloads shipped on commission, at prices aggregating \$10,795.01. Potatoes to the total of 1012 carloads were shipped at an average price of between 49 and 50 cents a bushel. Fruit, vegetables and other products went into 21 states and 110 cities and towns.

CHICAGO FORMS NEW BRASS BAND

CHICAGO, Ill.—After six months' work the "Chicago brass band" has been organized and will give free concerts during the holidays. The band was started to give this city an official musical organization to use at public ceremonies and occasions. At first the younger members of the Board of Trade comprised the band organization, but it now includes prominent citizens in all lines of business.

The band, which consists of 45 pieces under the direction of William Well, will give free concerts daily from Dec. 26 until New Year's day. During the summer it will often play on the lake front and in the parks.

FIRMS IN CHICAGO TO GIVE PRESENTS

CHICAGO—Chicago business concerns will give more than \$1,250,000 in holiday presents this year.

In the majority of cases the gifts will be to employees who have made records of good service during the year. The International Harvester Company, with headquarters in Chicago, heads the list with an appropriation amounting to \$300,000. Armour & Co. will distribute \$200,000.

NEW CONSTITUTION FOR ILLINOIS PLAN OF VOTERS LEAGUE

CHICAGO, Ill.—Because it has already discovered considerable opposition among members-elect of the Illinois Legislature to the passage of an initiative, referendum and recall law, and a law abolishing minority representation and cumulative voting, the Legislative Voters League is bending its efforts toward securing a constitutional convention to prepare a new constitution to be submitted to the people of Illinois.

The proposed laws were overwhelmingly indorsed at the election in November, but there is no provision, either in the constitution or in the statutes, making it compulsory for the Legislature to enact laws in compliance with the popular vote.

Judge Clifford Barnes, president of the Legislative Voters League, and the other officers, are agreed that Illinois has outgrown its constitution. Many important political propositions have been advanced during recent years none of which can be made effective except through constitutional amendment.

Forty years have elapsed since the present constitution was adopted. At that time the entire state had no more people than Cook county has now, while Chicago was simply an overgrown village. Chicago today is as large in point of population as the entire state was in 1870, while the state at large has grown greatly.

Experience has shown, the league officers say, that the greater part of the time of the legislative sessions is taken up with purely local matters which cannot be settled locally because of constitutional limitations.

Among the important questions which should be attended to at once, according to the league, and which might well be considered in a constitutional convention, are:

Abolition of minority representation and cumulative voting for members of the House of Representatives.

Initiative, referendum and recall. Taxation and revenue reform.

Home rule for cities, including the commission form of government.

The so-called short ballot, which would necessitate a material reduction in the number of elective offices under the present constitution.

Elimination of the present provision requiring a county to contain not less than 400 square miles, and such further action as may be necessary to permit a consolidation of all governing or taxing bodies within the limits of Chicago or any other large city.

Separate election for all judges, apart from general or municipal elections.

Equal suffrage, subject to a special vote of ratification.

Elimination of the provision allowing only one article of the constitution to be amended in two years.

HOUSE RETURNS WAR DEPARTMENT SECRET REPORT

WASHINGTON—Sent to the House as a secret document, the report from the war department showing how the country was inadequately protected against invasion from foreign governments, was returned Wednesday on the ground that the House could not receive a secret report.

Members of Congress who saw the document before its withdrawal say the report of Secretary Dickinson points out that the country is wholly unprepared and that a council of national defense, with the secretary of war at its head, should be created by Congress.

The report of Gen. Leonard Wood, chief of staff, which was marked "confidential," dealt with these matters and gave official admission to matters that are of more or less common knowledge among army and navy experts in this country and abroad.

ASK GOVERNMENT TO DREDGE RIVER

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.—An influential deputation is on the way to Ottawa to interview the Dominion government with respect to the dredging of the Fraser river, and bear a petition representing all classes of private interests, as well as the cities of Vancouver, North Vancouver, New Westminster and surrounding municipalities. The government will be asked to dredge the north arm of the river to make it navigable for deep sea shipping to aid the mills and other industries along the river.

SEEKS NATIONAL CANADA MUSEUM

OTTAWA, Ont.—A large deputation of prominent Ottavians waited on Sir Wilfrid Laurier to ask him to use his influence to have the new Royal Victoria memorial museum constituted the national museum of Canada.

The deputation also asked that it be placed in charge of a special government commission, comparable with the British Museum in London and the National Museum in Washington, D. C.

Sir Wilfrid said he would bring the matter before the cabinet.

AVIATOR TO GIVE OFFICER LESSONS

WASHINGTON—An offer by Glenn H. Curtiss to instruct a naval officer in the operation of the aeroplane will be accepted by the navy department.

Instruction is to be given at aviation grounds near Los Angeles this winter. The department has not yet selected the officer. A naval officer also will be assigned to attend and observe the aviation tournament at Los Angeles.

TIFFANY & CO. GETS REFUND.

NEW YORK—The treasury department, through Collector William Loeb, has given Tiffany & Co. a check for \$1910, the amount which the firm paid the collector as interest during litigation over the duties on the \$25,000 pearl necklace of Mrs. Murray Guggenheim four years ago.

MILLS HEIRS GET \$250,000 EACH.

SAN FRANCISCO—In a partial distribution of the estate of D. O. Mills, ordered in the superior court here, Ogden Mills and Mrs. William Reid, wife of the American consul general to Great Britain, were given \$250,000 each.

Our Great Upholstery Section, Sixth Floor, New Building contains countless useful Christmas gifts including a large variety of

Handsome Sofa Pillows

Gifts that brighten up the home always strike a responsive chord in the hearts of the recipients, and we know of no more appropriate gifts of such a nature than these pretty sofa pillows. Take for example

Our choice assortment of elegantly covered cushions, in damask, tapestries and velour, some filled with down, others with the best silk floss, each at 5.00 others from 7.50 to 10.00.

Imported Sofa Pillows—The very newest and most charming creations of German and French artistic needlework are shown here in a variety of beautiful selections, priced at 10.00 to 75.00

Sofa Pillows Covered or Uncovered—A wide range of choice in the less expensive kinds. They're very pretty, showing many exclusive designs and colorings not to be seen elsewhere, at 35c to 5.00

ONLY 8 SHOPPING DAYS TILL CHRISTMAS. Our immense stocks contain everything imaginable for Holiday Gifts; therefore, IF YOU DO NOT FIND WHAT YOU WANT BE SURE TO ASK A SUPERINTENDENT, as many of our new salespeople may not be thoroughly posted.

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The report of Gen. Leonard Wood, chief of staff, which was marked "confidential," dealt with these matters and gave official admission to matters that are of more or less common knowledge among army and navy experts in this country and abroad.

ASK GOVERNMENT TO DREDGE RIVER

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.—An influential deputation is on the way to Ottawa to interview the Dominion government with respect to the dredging of the Fraser river, and bear a petition representing all classes of private interests, as well as the cities of Vancouver, North Vancouver, New Westminster and surrounding municipalities. The government will be asked to dredge the north arm of the river to make it navigable for deep sea shipping to aid the mills and other industries along the river.

SEEKS NATIONAL CANADA MUSEUM

OTTAWA, Ont.—A large deputation of prominent Ottavians waited on Sir Wilfrid Laurier to ask him to use his influence to have the new Royal Victoria memorial museum constituted the national museum of Canada.

The deputation also asked that it be placed in charge of a special government commission, comparable with the British Museum in London and the National Museum in Washington, D. C.

Sir Wilfrid said he would bring the matter before the cabinet.

AVIATOR TO GIVE OFFICER LESSONS

WASHINGTON—An offer by Glenn H. Curtiss to instruct a naval officer in the operation of the aeroplane will be accepted by the navy department.

Instruction is to be given at aviation grounds near Los Angeles this winter. The department has not yet selected the officer. A naval officer also will be assigned to attend and observe the aviation tournament at Los Angeles.

TIFFANY & CO. GETS REFUND.

NEW YORK—The treasury department, through Collector William Loeb, has given Tiffany & Co. a check for \$1910, the amount which the firm paid the collector as interest during litigation over the duties on the \$25,000 pearl necklace of Mrs. Murray Guggenheim four years ago.

MILLS HEIRS GET \$250,000 EACH.

SAN FRANCISCO—In a partial distribution of the estate of D. O. Mills, ordered in the superior court here, Ogden Mills and Mrs. William Reid, wife of the American consul general to Great Britain, were given \$250,000 each.

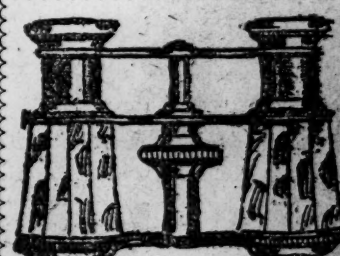
SEEKS CHANGES IN "FOUNDATION" OF ROCKEFELLER

WASHINGTON—Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire introduced a bill in the Senate recently limiting the value of the property that the Rockefeller foundation may hold to \$100,000,000 and giving authority to Congress to distribute all of the property after a period of 100 years.

The bill proposes amendments to the bill introduced at the last session of Congress for the creation of an endowment to be established by John D. Rockefeller. Senator Gallinger introduced the original bill for the establishment of the foundation, to which there was objection on the part of several senators. The new bill is intended to meet objections raised.

Fifty years after the receipt of any property it is provided that such property can be distributed on a two thirds vote of the members of the corporation.

It is also proposed in the amendments that Congress may at any time "impose such limitations upon the objects of the corporation as it may deem the public interest demands."



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No one will be disappointed. We shall sell the GENUINE LE PERE OPERA GLASSES AT \$5 EACH. We will do so with the distinct understanding that if they can be duplicated in this country for less than \$10 we will refund the money. These Le Pere Opera Glasses come from Paris and are 25-karat gold finished, oriental mother of pearl bodies, pearl eye pieces, pearl focusing wheel, with lenses of clear definition and great magnifying power and can only be obtained from high-class jewelers or opticians of note. Our price is \$5 with our full guarantee. Sent by mail same price.
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Not Later Than
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FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

RUSSIAN STYLE

Design for suit for girl at school.



FOR the young girl at high school, nothing could be more stylish or youthful than a suit in Russian style. Ladies' Home Journal Pattern No. 5760 is a smart-looking suit, and would be very serviceable for cold weather in bronze zibeline or a dull blue basket cloth. A smart suit could be made after this model in Burgundy corduroy with the collar, cuffs, and the trimming bands at the bottom of the coat and skirt made of black fur, and with fancy buttons and button-loops of black soutache braid.

The coat, in Russian style, closes at the side-front and has a standing collar, a separate peplum and two-piece full-length sleeves, with or without the cuffs. The skirt, closing at the side-front, is in six goes with a plait at each side of the front and back edges, giving a panel effect. The pattern is cut only in sizes 16, 17, 18 and 20 years, and size 16 requires, for the suit made with the peplum, 5½ yards 36-inch or 4½ yards 44-inch material without up and down, and ¾ yard 36-inch contrasting material for trimming bands. If made without the peplum, size 16 requires 3¾ yards 36-inch material without up and down.

CORRECT IDEAS IN CARPETS

Simple and conventional designs the best.

LIKE all other surface coverings, carpets or rugs must be considered in relation to an architectural plane—in this case the floor. For that reason the design should be one to maintain and emphasize the chief character of the floor, which is its flatness.

The designs or decorations should be flat in character and never hint at roundness or perspective—that is, distance. The planes of decoration should appear to be on the same level, never superimposed one above the other.

One old carpet pattern is recalled in which a large figure represented a shell holding a bunch of flowers, all treated with such reality that it seemed necessary to step over them as one walked. This type is rarely seen nowadays. Yet carpets are still made with designs that suggest several plans, as well as with flowers, trees, birds and the like.

Aside from the question of taste, it is incongruous to walk on pictures of things when one would not walk on the things themselves. No designs are so appropriate as those which are simple and conventional.

The size of the figure should be in keeping with the size of the room; in

BIG FARM RUN BY A WOMAN

She has set an example for the men in her region.

A WOMAN who runs a 300-acre farm, takes a prominent part in the management of a national bank and is the founder of a public library, in addition to being a shrewd financier, an expert stock grower and an accomplished horseback rider, has taken a long step in the direction of proving that no nook or corner of what once was the exclusive domain of the man is now secure against feminine invasion.

Farmers for miles around take their hats off to Miss Jessie Dean Gillett, the versatile daughter of the late millionaire, John Dean Gillett. Not because she is a woman, but because Miss Gillett's achievements have made her an agricultural wonder in the community. She proceeded to show what a woman can do immediately after she had taken hold of "Cro-Hurst," a farm located three quarters of a mile from the village of Elkhardt, Ill., and the result has caused her male competitors not only to admire and envy, but also to hustle.

Miss Gillett inherited the farm, a portion of a vast estate, from her father. Having taken possession, Miss Gillett began to do things. She surveyed the colonial mansion inhabited by her ancestors with a critical and iconoclastic eye. Its imposing outlines and its heavy furnishings did not appeal to a woman who craved light and sun and air and basked under big achievements. So Miss Gillett called in architects, contractors, carpenters and brick masons and told them what she wished done. And today the home on "Cro-Hurst" farm is one of the most attractive and inviting country residences in the middle West.

Miss Gillett believes that if one would be a successful farmer, the latest and most progressive agricultural principles must be applied, and she has converted the once old-fashioned farm into a metropolitan city in miniature. Not only are the residence, stables and storage buildings lighted by electricity furnished from the interurban substation at Elkhardt, but all water is pumped by electricity and distributed among the many buildings by compressed air. She discovered that by applying the most modern inventions to her farming methods, she could do her work much more quickly and cheaper than did her more conservative neighbors, and all the operations, from the sowing to the threshing, are conducted in the most methodical and up-to-date manner.

Miss Gillett's yields are famous, and

from her fields many prizes have been won. Her lands being tilled and drained in the best fashion, she produces crops that are seldom equaled in the state. Of late years she has specialized in corn, and her farm has been made famous by its many acres of heavy golden stalks which are to be seen on her grounds every summer. However, she alternates with wheat, oats and clover.

Miss Gillett transacts much of her business in a cozy writing room on the upper floor of the house. Here she confers with her assistant, Patrick Bohan, whose father before him held the same position under John D. Gillett.

Her achievements attracted so much attention and made her farm such a center of attraction that the interurban railroad company gave her a private station, bearing the name "Cro-Hurst" in big white letters. Architecturally the station is in harmony with the appearance of the other buildings on the farm. It is built of yellow brick—everything on "Cro-Hurst" including the big automobile, is in yellow—and is almost covered with vines.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Imitation of Lace

One of the novelties that the jewelers are showing is an imitation of lace achieved with metal and diamonds. Fairly fine lines of platinum studded with tiny, extremely brilliant diamonds or imitation diamonds, form the lace pattern, and Irish, Venise and Duchesse point laces are imitated with beautiful accuracy and delicacy. One may have a "lace" rabat bow or a little jabot or cravat made of this platinum work, and naturally prices for the imitation lace are even higher than the cost of the genuine laces would be.

Dainty Cheese Plate

One of the dainty cheese plates of glass with silver rim and cunning little ball feet might prove an acceptable gift to the housewife who delights in pretty things for the table.

ADHESIVE PLASTER IS HANDY

Found quickly serviceable in numerous ways.

ADHESIVE plaster, which comes wrapped in gauze in various widths, is a very serviceable household article. Innumerable are the things, too stiff or too unwieldy for sewing that may be mended with it.

The rubber coat is one of these. One girl got a rent in the front of her rubber coat, where it would show most. Fortunately she thought of her plaster, and by carefully placing the edges of the tear together and pressing the plaster firmly against them in the back, she mended the hole in such a way as to hide the fact that it had ever been there. Surplus plaster was cut away.

For mending hoses, plaster is invaluable and really the only thing that will do the work well. It should be wrapped tightly around and around the break until the hose is again waterproof. The plaster has even been used for

NECKWEAR EASILY FASHIONED IS GOOD FOR GIFT

THE woman of practical mind who must economize in her gifts can find nothing prettier to give than a bit of neckwear.

This department, which a few years ago scarcely was noticed in a quest for holiday gifts, is now one of the most attractive to be found in a store and large and varied is the stock exhibited, says the Philadelphia Times.

Recent importations show jabots made up of fine lace in novel shapes. A particularly pretty one is of wide lace, four or five inch width.

About one yard of lace is required. Ten inches of this in the center is accordion plaited and set on a two-inch band.

The remaining lengths on each side are turned under, each to form a long point below the plaiting, and the ends are fastened to the band. Crocheted balls adorn the two sharp points.

Many of the newest collars are in the form of stocks. In fact, the stock is the accepted collar for this season. One of the latest offerings in neckwear is a sort of small muffler of Persian silk or tapestry.

Fashionable Parisiennes have for some time been wearing the very large collar and fichus, and they will be generally adopted here. These are easily made of any of the many sheer materials.

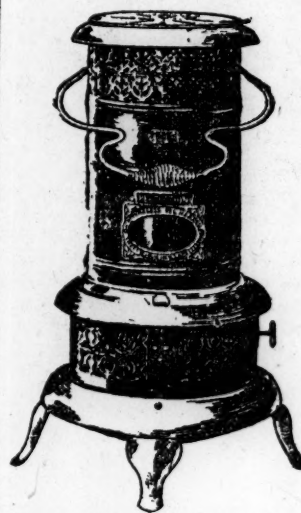
Evening Slippers

Slippers for evening are of attractive design. Light-colored suede with jet buckles are the newest. Five straps, each ornamented with a tiny jeweled buckle, are shown in all fabrics. Chantilly lace over white satin, Irish crochet over colored silks and satin elaborately embroidered with steel beads are in great demand.

Patches on Roof

When having the roof shingled, save some of the shingles and leave them exposed to the air and sun until well weathered; then when a few shingles are wanted for patching the roof it will not have that patched look.

People Who Work Indoors With Their Hands



Seamstresses, watchmakers, artists, draughtsmen, and many others, cannot properly handle their tools with cold, stiff hands. Many a lost hour or two on cold winter mornings results from the delayed heat of furnace or stove.

The Perfection Oil Heater in a few minutes gives the temperature that assures the worker warm hands and pliable muscles. The

PERFECTION
SMOKELESS
OIL HEATER
Absolutely smokeless and odorless

quickly gives heat, and with one filling of the font burns steadily for nine hours, without smoke or smell. Has automatic-locking flame spreader which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back so the wick can be quickly cleaned.

It has a damper top and a cool handle. Indicator always shows the amount of oil in the font. The filler-cap does not need to be screwed down; it is put in like a cork in a bottle and is attached to the font by a chain, and cannot get lost. The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, because of a new device in construction, and consequently it can always be easily unscrewed in an instant for reworking. The Perfection is finished in japan or nickel, is strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet light and ornamental.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

TRIED RECIPES

POTATO SOUP.
COOK two rather large potatoes, diced fine, until done. A little celery or onion may be added to the potatoes if desired. Drop an egg yolk into a bowl in which you have placed a rounding tablespoonful of flour. Mix with the finger tips until smooth as meal. A very little more flour may be necessary. Scatter the dry mixture into the boiling potatoes and water, when they have cooked the required time, stirring fast all the time to prevent lumps. The mixture should be as thick as a cream sauce. Let boil 10 minutes, add cream or rich milk and butter until it is the consistency of a rather thick puree. Season with salt and pepper. This cannot be made successfully with poor milk unless a liberal amount of butter is allowed. When done it should be smooth and creamy with flecks of gold floating in it from the egg yolk. It was served in grandmother's day with crisp triangles of toast browned in the oven and buttered. It is an excellent and satisfying luncheon or supper dish, and takes from 30 to 40 minutes in a moderate oven.

CORN FRITTERS.
To one pint scraped corn add one half cupful milk, one half cupful flour, one tablespoonful melted butter, two beaten eggs, one teaspoonful salt, one third teaspoonful pepper, one teaspoonful baking powder. Beat well and fry in small spoonfuls.

BAKED QUINCES.
Baked quinces make a delicious dish for luncheon or tea. Core and pare them and put in a shallow earthen dish. Fill the cavities with sugar and a little lemon rind grated, or, according to old Knickerbocker custom, nutmeg. Add water in abundance, as the quince is an exceptionally dry fruit. Bake closely covered in a moderate oven until tender and a fine red.

CONTINENTAL FRUIT CAKE.
One pound of butter, one pound of sugar, one and a half pounds of flour, one cupful of cream, one grated nutmeg, one teaspoonful of mace, one teaspoonful of cloves, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon, one quarter of a teaspoonful of salt, eight eggs, three quarters of a pound each of stoned raisins and cleaned currants, one half of a pound of shredded citron, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Cream together the butter and sugar, beat in the yolks of the eggs, add the spices, fruit and other ingredients, the baking powder and whipped whites last. Beat hard for 10 minutes and bake in two loaves in a moderate oven.

WASH GLASSES IN COLD WATER

WITH regard to the washing of table glass, cold water answers the purpose best, as glass is apt to look dull and smeary when it is washed in lukewarm or hot water.

Tumblers which have been used for milk should, however, be washed in lukewarm water, softened with soda, and then rinsed in cold water. Glasses should not drain long before they are dried on a clean, dry linen cloth, which is not so old and worn as to leave fluff behind it.

When decanters become stained inside they can be very easily cleaned. The most satisfactory method is to place inside about a dozen small cinders the size of peas, pour vinegar over the cinders and shake the decanter vigorously. It is true that the smell is not pleasant, but the chemical action of the gas formed by the mixture soon dissolves the stains which make the decanters so unsightly.—Philadelphia Times.

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VANILLA BEANS vary as much as coffee beans in price and quality—Mexican beans being the choicest.

Burnett's Vanilla

is made only from the finest Mexican Vanilla Beans, and contains all their rare fragrance and delicious flavor.

Collar on Shoes

Something quite new in footwear are satin-bound shoes, finished with a turn-over piece of the leather, called a "collar," around the top. This collar is tied together with a cord and tassel and is usually of a leather contrasting in color as well as kind with the material of the shoe.

Washing Hint

It is not generally known that a slice of lemon put into the copper when boiling clothes will make them beautifully white and take all the stains out of pocket handkerchiefs and children's dresses. Cut the lemon with the rind into slices and let it remain in the boiler all the clothes are ready to come out.

When Cutting Cloth

Every piece of velvet, cloth, plush or satin should be cut one way of the goods, with the nap running down, or the pieces will shade differently.

Cotton goods must be cut exactly straight or they will iron askew; keep your warp threads even with the waist line and your garment will be straight.

Keeping off Rust

The best way to prepare a new iron kettle for use is to fill it with clean potato peelings, boil them for an hour or more, then wash the kettle with clean hot water, wipe it dry and rub it with lard, repeating the rubbing several times after using. In this way the kettle will never rust.

MODES IN BRIEF

IVORY and tortoise shell are replacing silver for toilet articles.

Some of the newest overdresses of chiffon have scalloped edges instead of the simple hem or selvage.

Egyptian and Persian effects in lace and embroideries are as popular as ever. Many black laces show an embroidery of color and shadow effect as well as headings and metallic thread.

Quaker gray is a favorite color for tailored suits.

There is a tendency to make all coats shorter, even those of fur. The only full length coats are those intended for motor wear.

Short sleeves for the dressy waists seem to have become a fixture, though most are made with an upper end under sleeve of different materials, lace or net and chiffon being the usual combination.

No Handbag Needed

The very deep muff which has a pocket bag in its lower part is the latest vogue in furs that the New York shops are offering. This does away with having a hand bag when the muff is carried.

HOME HELPS

MACARONI or rice, after being cooked, if put into a colander, rinsed with cold water, will not stick together in a solid mass, as it is otherwise inclined to do. The rice can be put in the oven afterwards to reheat it.

If cooking utensils are washed in hot, soapy water, rinsed in very hot water and rubbed dry they will not rust.

Keep your mending basket handy and while you are in the kitchen baking bread or anything that requires a long time you can do some mending like sewing on buttons or mending hose.

It is a good plan to soak dried fruits in cold or slightly warm water before cooking. Then put on the stove and cook slowly.

When apples have to be cored, but served whole, it is advisable to core before peeling them, as they are then less liable to break.

When next making rice pudding, flavor with lemon and cinnamon. It will be found exceedingly tasty.

In making salads do not chop your meats and celery in a chopping bowl. Cut into the desired sized pieces with scissors. This is quicker, neater and cleaner than the old way.

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"YOU CAN RELY ON LEWANDOS"

WATERTOWN IS SEEKING CROSSINGS ABOLITION

Town Engineer's Plans for Doing Away With Intersections Show Estimated Cost of \$100,000.

LIVE TRADE BOARD

WATERTOWN, Mass. — Proposed abolition of the grade crossings on the line of the Fitchburg division of the Boston & Maine system in Watertown is interesting citizens and a public meeting to consider the question has been called for Wednesday evening.

The board of selectmen has already sent a petition to the supreme court asking for the appointment of a special commission to make a recommendation in the matter to the railroad commission.

Plans for the crossing abolition at an estimated cost of \$100,000 are being prepared by Town Engineer Wilbur F. Leonard and will be shown at the meeting, which has been called by the Board of Trade and all will be held in the town hall.

The speakers will be James H. Vahey, the members of the board of selectmen, P. Sarsfield Cuniffe, Walter C. Stone, G. Fred Robinson and others. It is proposed to do away with the crossings by lowering the railroad tracks.

The special commission, if appointed by the supreme court, would determine the apportionment of the cost among the Commonwealth, the town of Watertown, the Boston & Maine and the Boston Elevated.



P. Sarsfield Cuniffe.

Chairman of board of selectmen who will speak at special meeting.

There are now five stations on the railroad in Watertown: East Watertown, Union Market, Watertown, West Watertown and Bemis. These stations must be torn down or moved if the changes are carried out.

DANA J. FLANDERS REELECTED GRAND MASTER OF MASONS

The Grand lodge of Massachusetts, A. F. & A. M., held its quarterly communication in the Masonic temple Wednesday afternoon with a large attendance. Officers for the coming year were elected and other business attended to.

Dana J. Flanders of Malden was elected grand master for the third successive time, the following being chosen for the remaining offices: Samuel Hauser of Boston, S.G.W.; James L. Sherman of New Bedford, J.G.W.; Charles H. Ramsay of Weymouth, grand treasurer; Thomas W. Davis of Belmont, recording grand secretary; Samuel C. Lawrence of Medford, Edwin B. Holmes of Brookline, Charles T. Gallagher of Boston and Henry A. Belcher of Randolph, directors for two years; M. M. Johnson of Waltham, director for one year; Oscar F. Allen of Cambridge and George H. Graves and William J. Hobbs of Malden, auditing committee; John A. Blake of Malden and A. G. Pollard of Lowell, board of Masonic relief for three years; W. H. Emerson of Brockton, W. H. L. Odell of Dorchester and A. T. Treadway of Stockbridge for two years, and L. M. Abbott of Boston, E. C. Benton of Belmont and M. M. Johnson of Waltham for one year.

In his annual address for the year just closing, Grand Master Flanders referred to the prosperous condition of Free Masonry in this state. He stated that the membership had grown to nearly 50,000, scattered among 241 lodges, three of the lodges being in China and a like number in Chile. One new lodge was reported as granted a dispensation during the year, the applicant being Sterling lodge of Malden.

Much progress was reported in the raising of funds for the Masonic home at Charlton. No less than \$127,000 has already been raised and paid in to the trustees with much more already pledged and in process of collection. The receipts during the past month have been very large.

The grand lodge took action on two amendments to its constitution. One of them affected miscellaneous regulations and makes the grand master for the time being president of the trustees of the Masonic educational and charity trust.

The new officers will be installed at the temple Tuesday, Dec. 27.

At its meeting Wednesday the grand lodge was constituted as follows: D. J. Flanders, M. W. G. M.; the Rev. W. H. Rider, R. W. D. G. M.; C. J. Brodeur, R. W. S. G. W.; W. F. Medding, R. W. J. G. W.; C. H. Ramsay, R. W. G. T.; T. W. Davis, R. W. R. G. S.; W. L. Richardson, R. W. C. G. S.; E. N. West, R. W. D. D. G. M. first district; G. H. Munroe, R. W. D. D. G. M. second; F. T. Barron, R. W. D. D. G. M. third; F. T. Schallenberg, R. W. D. D. G. M. fourth; G. C. Flett, R. W. D. D. G. M. fifth; R. W. Hilliard, R. W. D. D. G. M. sixth; B. J. Hinds, R. W. D. D. G. M. seventh; A. W. Beckford, R. W. D. D. G. M. eighth; C. B. Marble, R. W. D. D. G. M. ninth; A. D. Prince, R. W. D. D. G. M. tenth; E. B. Richardson, R. W. D. D. G. M. eleventh; R. W. Schuler, R. W. D. D. G. M. twelfth; F. H. Cande, R. W. D. D. G. M. thirteenth; F. A. Eldred, R. W. D. D. G. M. fourteenth; C. A. Harrington, R. W. D. D. G. M. fifteenth; C. A. Barrington, R. W. D. D. G. M. sixteenth; A. E. Fairbanks, R. W. D. D. G. M. seventeenth; G. R. Hall, R. W. D. D. G. M. eighteenth; J. F. Stone, R. W. D. D. G. M. nineteenth; G. A. Cox, R. W. D. D. G. M. twentieth; H. L. White, R. W. D. D. G. M. twenty-first; C. W. ...

LORD ROSEBERY GIVES DIPLOMAS TO GRADUATES

LONDON — The Earl of Rosebery, chancellor of London University, presided at the recent presentation of diplomas to graduating students, and spoke of the want of adequate funds to sustain the growing enterprises and needs of the University of London, calling attention in particular to the need of a new chemical laboratory which would be also only a just, scarcely an adequate, but certainly a long-deferred tribute to that great man who honored the university by a seat in it—Sir William Ramsay.

Speaking of the memorial to King Edward which was about to be reared in the city of London, Lord Avebury had suggested that perhaps the most suitable memorial that could be erected would be a new central hall for the university with a statue of King Edward in front of it. Whether the memorial took that form or not, they were sure that the existing accommodation of the university was grossly inadequate, and that it constituted a serious disability. In some way or another that disability would soon have to be remedied if the country did not want the utility of the university to be most seriously impaired.

At Dreamwood, the summer home of Thomas W. Lawson, at Scituate, Mr. Lawson's third daughter, Dorothy, was married today to Henry McCall, son of Congressman McCall of Winchester. Her younger sister, Miss Jean Lawson, was the bridesmaid. Harold S. Baker, 2d, was Mr. McCall's best man, and the ushers were Gordon Ware, Alexander Wedderburn, Lawrence K. Lunt, Truscott Heidekoper, C. D. Moss, Frank Harding, Patrick Grant, 3d, and Douglass Lawson, all classmates of the bridegroom in Harvard. Following the ceremony there was a reception and after the wedding dinner there was a dance of 16 numbers in the big ballroom.

POSTPONE CROSSING HEARING.

The final hearing called for today at the State House by the special commission which is considering the abolition of grade crossings on the Boston & Maine railroad in Waltham was postponed until Jan. 11, at 11 a. m., to allow the attorneys of both sides time to prepare their arguments.

Brief News About the State

MALDEN.

Converse lodge of Masons has elected: Worshipful master, W. I. Foss; senior warden, A. F. Pease; junior warden, A. P. Hardy; chaplain, the Rev. William E. Dowty; assistant chaplain, H. C. Smith; marshal, D. J. Kidder; senior deacon, C. M. Proctor; junior deacon, H. W. Eldridge; senior steward, E. S. King; junior steward, H. A. MacInnes; sentinel, C. P. Moore; organist, C. P. Scott; tyler, C. H. Badger.

Ferryway Green, flooded by the park department, furnishes the largest skating pond for children in the city.

Reliance lodge, N. E. O. P., has elected: Junior past warden, C. C. Daley; warden, Walter F. Dennis; vice-warden, Miss Annie F. Dacey; secretary, Thomas Num; financial secretary, Fred F. Ryan; treasurer, George L. Almada; chaplain, William F. Geary; guard, Miss Margaret Berrigan.

George H. Patch camp, S. of V., has elected: Commander, Arthur H. Low; vice-commanders, William A. Stickney and Zenas E. French; camp council, Walter L. Niles, Walter E. Stanwood and Horace E. Moore; delegate to division encampment, Charles H. Richardson; alternate, William A. Stickney.

Woman's Auxiliary of the First Universalist church presented the treasurer of the church today with a check for \$1045 in aid of the building fund.

CHELSEA.

Mrs. Arthur E. Gates, chairman of the class committee of the Woman's Club, announces that classes will be formed in current events, in millinery and in parliamentary drill, if sufficient names are sent in before Jan. 2.

Officers of the Chelsea Flower Club include: President, Miss Daisy Barrie; vice-president, Miss Rose Hamilton; secretary, Miss Margaret Welch; treasurer, Miss Lillian Curtis.

The Mendelssohn Club concert will be given in Williams school hall this evening. The club director is Osborne McConathy, supervisor of music in the public schools. The chorus of nearly 100 voices will be assisted by Miss Bertha Knick, soprano; Miss Adelaide Griggs, contralto; Arthur Gould, baritone, and the Boston Festival orchestra.

WHITMAN.

Woman's Alliance of the Unitarian church will meet Friday and a speaker from the Morgan memorial in Boston will address the gathering.

George A. Custer camp, S. of V., has elected: Commander, Archie T. Whiting; senior vice-commander, Roy S. Freeman; junior vice-commander, Irving P. Bird; secretary, Noah A. Poole; treasurer, Lantz G. Osborne; camp council, Clarence M. Keevey, Roy S. Freeman and Irving P. Bird; delegate at large, James M. Barker; alternate at large, Wallace C. Prouty; delegates, Carl Reed, Leon Wood and Lantz Osborne; alternates, Clyde Stetson, Harry L. Adams and E. Harold L. Randall.

MEDFORD.

Hillside Men's Club has elected: President, Herbert T. Lynde; vice-president, F. W. Sleeper; secretary and treasurer, Professor Tucker of Tufts College; entertainment committee, Augustus Sproul, Samuel J. Connors, H. T. Lynde and F. W. Sleeper.

The following officers of the local S. C. Lawrence post were elected to office by Grand Army Club of Boston: Senior vice-commander, George L. Goodale; adjutant, George D. Kellum; sergeant major, J. Everett Pierce.

ABINGTON.

McPherson W. R. C. has elected: President, Mrs. Eleanor Merrill; senior vice-president, Mrs. Gertrude Mann; junior vice-president, Mrs. Bessie Lund; treasurer, Mrs. Emma Stewart; chaplain, Mrs. Ruth Bates; conductor, Mrs. Nellie Reynolds; guard, Mrs. Annie Bates; delegates to department convention, Mrs. Nellie Reed, Mrs. Nellie Reynolds; alternates, Mrs. Bessie Lund, Mrs. Gertrude Mann.

MIDDLEBORO.

E. W. Pierce post 8, G. A. R., has elected: Commander, William B. Chandler; S. V. C., Charles J. Starkey; J. V. C., Grover Bennett; chaplain, Alvin S. Howes; Q. M., Charles A. Howes; O. D., Walter H. Smith; O. G., Gustavus G. Andrews; color bearer, Job N. Cole; patriotic instructor, Edgar D. Wood; representatives, Charles L. Starkey, Grover Bennett.

NEEDHAM.

The annual roll call and reunion of the First Baptist church was held Wednesday evening. An address was given by the Rev. Robert Van Kirk of West Newton.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal church held a sale in the chapel Wednesday and an entertainment in the evening.

QUINCY.

Clan McGregor, O. S. C., has elected: Chief, Alfred O. Diack; tylist, George Murray; corresponding secretary, James Reid; financial secretary, John Russell; treasurer, Alexander W. Russell; chaplain, John Bissett, Sr.; senechal, M. Alexander McDonald; junior senechal, Howard Johnson; auditors, James Smith, William Ross and David Drummond.

RANDOLPH.

Past Commander Henry A. Monk of Gen. Sylvanus Thayer post 87, G. A. R., of Braintree, has been appointed installing officer of Capt. Horace Niles post of this town.

Men's Club of the First Congregational church will hold an entertainment in the church Friday.

LEXINGTON.

Old Belfry Club will give a dramatic entertainment in the club hall Monday evening.

Military reception committee for the winter carnival is: Chairman, Maj. Alfred Pierce; vice-chairmen, Lieut-Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Maj-Gen. William A. Bancroft, Brig-Gen. William H. Brigham, James G. White, William A. Pew, Jr., and Charles H. Taylor, Col. Everett C. Benton, Charles Hayden, William C. Cappellet, E. Leroy Sweetser, John J. Sullivan, Frank F. Cutting and Walter E. Lombard, Lieut-Col. Thomas D. Barroll, Maj. William A. Perrins, Morton E. Cobb and Walter L. Sanborn, Capt. John S. Barrows and John D. Nichols, Commander J. Willard Brown, Ass. Adj. Gen. I. H. DeWolf, Commander Henry J. McCammon, Maj-Gen. P. A. Bridgman.

WALTHAM.

Jennie J. Rogers auxiliary, S. W. V., has chosen: President, Mrs. Georgia Hines; vice-presidents, Mrs. Mary V. Connelly, Mrs. Charlotte Marsden; chaplain, Miss Lillian Connelly; treasurer, Mrs. Elizabeth Brown; conductor, Miss Marie Cuniffe; assistant conductor, Miss Emma Myhrall; guard, Mrs. Margaret Marr; assistant guard, Mrs. Telka Hedlund; historian, Miss Vinnie Nickerson; patriotic instructor, Mrs. Mary Stankard.

The annual dinner of the board of aldermen will be held Dec. 29.

Mother Stickney tent, D. of V., has elected: President, Mrs. Lunette Palmer; vice-presidents, Mrs. Harriet Munster, Mrs. Flora Boardman; chaplain, Miss Alice Stevens; patriotic instructor, Miss Emma Bright; trustees, Miss Esther Potter, Miss Bertha Wellington, Mrs. Lena Staples.

WINTHROP.

Ladies Aid Association of Union Congregational church will meet this afternoon.

Mrs. Charles Gammons will speak in the Union Congregational church Friday evening on "The Uplift of China."

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Skaggs, Mrs. Mary Warnock, Mrs. E. M. Wright and Edgar B. Brown have been elected to the Historical Society.

World-wide Neighbors Society of the Methodist church has elected: President, Mrs. Brownlow Thompson; vice-president, Miss Flora Clarke; recording secretary, Miss Esther Hamilton; corresponding secretary, Miss Mary Warnock. They meet on fourth Thursday.

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS.

The boys' brigade will meet in the Methodist Episcopal church this evening.

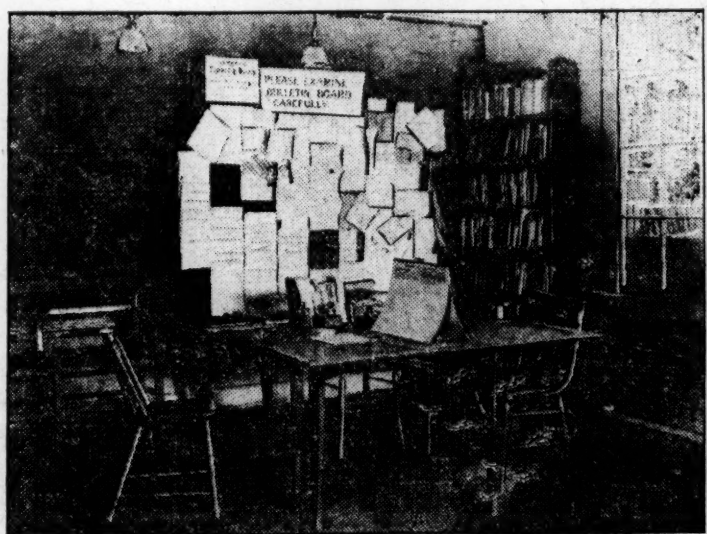
The Friday Social Club will meet with Miss Levena Buntin tomorrow afternoon. The Study Club will meet with Mrs. Currier on Claremont avenue Tuesday afternoon.

The executive committee of the Singers Club is: Clarence Wilbur (chairman), Oscar Schmetzer, E. Nichols, Paul Bennett, H. W. Stinson, Mrs. F. S. Hunt.

HYDE PARK.

The ladies of the First Presbyterian church are holding an all-day meeting.

HARVARD EMPLOYMENT OFFICE IN ONE YEAR HAS ASSISTED 640 STUDENTS TO SECURE WORK



EMPLOYMENT OFFICE AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY.

The picture shows the bulletin board upon which are displayed the applications made out on the table in the center of the room.

Harvard's employment office enabled 640 students to earn part or all of their sustenance during the past year.

This statement is contained in the annual report of the Harvard employment office and teachers agency, which has just been issued by Secretary Roger A. Derby.

The total salaries reported received by those securing such employment to \$347,445.40. The average amount each man earned was \$213.82.

Besides those who registered with the employment office there were many who earned money in positions found by individual effort.

The fact that 956 men registered at the employment office is pointed at to disprove the criticism that Harvard is a college only for the sons of rich men.

The division of the registration among the different Harvard departments was as follows: College 611, graduate school 136, law school 122, unclassified 38, medical school 27, business administration 13, scientific school 7, divinity school 6, dental school 6, extension 6.

popular employment with students at Harvard is that of ticket taker, at which 383 men worked. Next came clerks 352, waiters 235, monitors 179, typewriters 138, tutors (special subjects) 127, proctors 115, errand men 101, guides 93, and choremen 65.

Included in the variety of jobs represented were boatmen, cataloguer, chauffeur, conductor, destroyer of free pests, draughtsman, elevator man, engrosser, expressman, farm hand, furnace tender, gardener, genealogist, hotel employee, meter reader, musician, night school teacher, playground director, proofreader, scene shifter, settlement worker, statistician, store clerk, supervisor of study, teller and translator.

Permanent positions were filled in 1910 by the office in cooperation with the departments of the university and the alumni association to the number of 490. Of these 355 were teaching, educational and administrative positions, and 14 business positions. The men went to work in 23 different states of the Union, also in Canada, Mexico, the Hawaiian Islands and the Philippines.

FRANKLIN.

The Women's Relief Corps has chosen: President, Miss Gertrude A. Rose; senior vice-president, Mrs. Mary Burrill; junior vice-president, Mrs. Clara Crafts; chaplain, Mrs. Henrietta Hopper; treasurer, Miss Carrie Mason; conductor, Mrs. Margaret Geb; guard, Mrs. Agnes Bright; delegate to department convention, Mrs. Ellen Whitaker; alternate delegate, Mrs. Agnes Bright.

The local grange, P. of H., has elected: Master, Charles Adams; overseer, Mrs. Herbert Ellis; treasurer, Mrs. Etta M. Mackintosh; secretary, Mrs. Charles Adams; steward, Mrs. Henry Simler; assistant steward, Albert Fritzton; chaplain, Mrs. Lillie Litchfield; gatekeeper, Roscoe Ward; lecturer, Miss Lucy Tower; pomona, Mrs. Marion Litchfield; ceres, Mrs. Eunice McVior; flora, Mrs. Celina Snodgrass; lady assistant steward, Mrs. Mattie Milliken; member of executive committee for three years, J. L. Fisher.

WAKEFIELD.

Mrs. Edmund Rice Auxiliary, U. S. W. V., has elected: President, Mrs. Emma V. Haley; senior vice-president, Mrs. Elvira Cosman; junior vice-president, Mrs. Eva Buck; chaplain, Mrs. Ada Ramsdell; treasurer, Mrs. Henry A. Feindel; conductor, Mrs. Nellie McManis; assistant conductor, Mrs. Alice Barrett; guard, Mrs. Alice C. Playdon; assistant guard, Mrs. Ottilie Stock.

Greenwood Union church has elected the Rev. Arthur R. Connell pastor for eight months. Other new officers are: Clerk, George H. Potter; treasurer, Miss H. Gertrude Lee; auditor, Daniel MacQuarrie; deacon, four years, Frank G. Smith; council, E. E. Lee, C. W. Summan, Miss Della M. Reynolds; deaconesses, Mrs. H. E. Anderson, Mrs. George W. Bears, Mrs. John Hartley, Mrs. Edward E. Lee; music committee, George W. Bears, Carl W. Summan, Henry E. Anderson, Miss May Marshall.

At Friday afternoon's meeting of Kosmos Women's Club Mrs. Lucy Ingram Topliff, of Brookline, will lecture. Selection will be given by Miss Nesteh, violinist.

HANOVER.

Joseph E. Wilder post, 83, G. A. R., has elected: Commander, Lyman Russell; senior vice-commander, Samuel F. Buffum; junior vice-commander, Joshua R. Barker; adjutant, Morton V. Bonney; quartermaster, R. C. Waterman; chaplain, Lewis Josselyn; officer of the day, H. A. Farrar; officer of the guard, Peleg S. Sturtevant; quartermaster-sergeant, Isaac Bishop; sergeant-major, Charles D. Barnard; delegate to convention, Horace S. Tower; alternate, J. R. Barker.

A special offering will be taken in St. Andrew's Episcopal church Sunday morning for the children's holiday festival.

ROCKLAND.

Rockland Woman's Club will hold an open meeting in Grand Army hall Friday afternoon.

HOLBROOK.

The selectmen, at their next meeting, will issue the warrants for a town meeting.

Our Exclusive Guaranteed

Everwear HOSIERY
Surpasses All Others

BECAUSE it is soft and silky, lightweight, seamless and perfect fitting.

BECAUSE the special Everwear Knitting Process and selected Everwear yarns make it the most durable hosiery ever sold.

Each box of six pairs carries our iron-clad guarantee of six months' perfect service; if they rip, wear or tear, we will gladly exchange them for new pairs over the counter, without the slightest question. Prices for six pairs:

Men's	Women's
Egyptian Cotton...\$1.50	Egyptian Cotton...\$2.00
Silk Lisle.....3.00	Silk Lisle.....3.00

Children's Egyptian Cotton, \$2.00

Purchase one of our handsome Everwear Xmas Certificates, which allows the holder to select a box of any desired size and color. A useful and sensible gift, in a neat holiday cover, with a handsome Xmas card enclosed.

A. Shuman & Co.
SOLE BOSTON AGENTS

READING. Veteran post 194, G. A. R., has elected: Commander, William C. M. Howe; senior vice-commander, W. K. Pratt; junior vice-commander, A. G. Scott; quartermaster, W. H. Baker; chaplain, Henry G. Gay; officer of the day, R. T. Dustin; officer of the guard, James H. MacKay; trustees, C. W. Abbott, M. E. Nichols, W. L. Crowe.

The annual reception by the school committee to teachers and parents will be held Friday evening in the Highland school.

Ladies Aid Society of the Unitarian church will give a supper this evening in Unity hall.

Advance lodge 72, A. O. U. W., will elect officers tonight.

DEDHAM.

The Women's Club was entertained Wednesday afternoon by Alvah Glover Salmon of New York with a piano recital of Russian music. Mrs. Frederic Cobb presided and the hostesses were Mrs. Walter Dean, Mrs. John E. Fisher, Mrs. Edward Moffette and Mrs. Herbert F. Higgins.

Ames school pupils will hold a sale in the school Dec. 24, for the benefit of the cooking class.

The Boys' League held a sale and entertainment Wednesday evening.

EAST BRIDGEWATER. Geisler chapter, Epworth League, will assist Farley chapter of Whitman tomorrow evening, to celebrate the twenty-first anniversary of the Whitman league. Special holiday exercises will be held in all the schools tomorrow morning. Colfax lodge, I. O. O. F., will confer the third degree on local candidates Dec. 30.

HANSON.

A. C. Burrage will build a new residence at "The Needles." The fire department will hold an entertainment in its engine house hall early in January. A committee has been appointed.

Work at the cranberry screen house in this town has practically closed.

MELROSE.

Mayor Moore has received the official census returns for the city. These show 15,715 while the assessors estimated 15,312.

At the Railway Terminals

The New Haven road will run a first-class special train from South station at 6:45 o'clock this evening for the Coolidge party en route to Norwood Central and return at 10 p. m.

Vice-President Fitzhugh of the Grand Trunk arrived at North station over the Boston & Maine southern division Wednesday night from Montreal headquarters on a business trip.

The New England Gas & Coke Works at Everett are doing a capacity business with the Boston & Albany and Boston & Maine roads daily.

General Manager Higgins of the New Haven, and party, arrived at South station Wednesday evening on business pertaining to traffic and improvements.

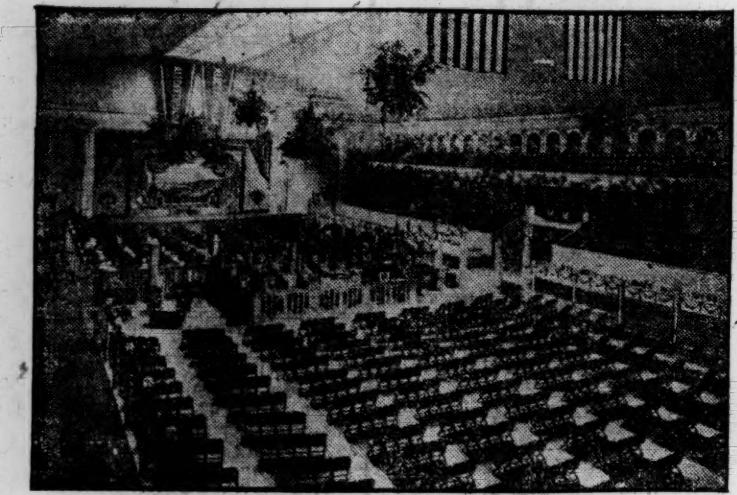
COPLEY SOCIETY TO MEET.

At a meeting of the Copley Society, to be held Saturday evening in Copley hall, Mrs. Lilla Viles Wyman, assisted by Miss Virginia Tanner, A.M., will give a lecture-recital, "Apotheosis of the Dance," illustrated by dances and music.

Directory of Leading Hotels

ARIZONA Prescott—Hotel Congress.	MICHIGAN Grand Rapids—The Herkimer Hotel.
BERMUDA Hamilton—Victoria Lodge.	MISSOURI Jefferson City—Monroe House.
CALIFORNIA Los Angeles—Hotel Lankershim. San Francisco—Hotel Normandie. San Francisco—Hotel St. Francis.	NEW YORK New York—Imperial Hotel. Schroon River—Hotel Caron.
IDAHO Boise—The Owyhee.	PENNSYLVANIA Philadelphia—Aldine Hotel.
LOUISIANA New Orleans—The St. Charles.	RHODE ISLAND Providence—Hotel Narragansett.
ILLINOIS Chicago—Grand Pacific Hotel.	TEXAS San Antonio—The Centur.
MASSACHUSETTS Boston—Hotel Lenox. Boston—Hotel Somerset. Boston—Hotel ...	VIRGINIA Fortress Monroe—Hotel ...

CITY AND CITIZENS ERECT MILWAUKEE'S AUDITORIUM BY JOINTLY RAISING FUNDS



INTERIOR OF CONVENTION HALL.

Illustration shows seating arrangement and stage of building which was built through efforts of council and private subscribers.

Milwaukee's new auditorium building is the result of the city government joining with public spirited citizens in financing the undertaking, according to an article by Joseph C. Grieb in New Boston.

The question of erecting a suitable music hall and auditorium for conventions and other public gatherings arose in 1903. Under an act of the Legislature of Wisconsin a way was opened for uniting public money with private capital raised by direct subscription, the construction, maintenance and management being vested in a board composed of five directors, representing the private corporation and six city officials.

The auditorium can be used as one huge hall, or divided into smaller halls, each so complete that seven separate gatherings can be held at once without trouble. Reinforced concrete and steel with brick exterior is the style of construction employed.

The main auditorium, which has a

stage 68 feet wide by 55 feet deep and 30 feet high, is without a single post or pillar to obstruct view or interfere with the acoustics. It has a dome-shaped ceiling, 65 feet above the floor. The auditorium is built amphitheater style, on the ground floor, and covers an area 330 by 180 feet. From 5000 to 10,000 persons can be accommodated.

The annex is entered through a vestibule 45 feet wide opening into a rotunda carried through two stories and possessing spacious balconies. On each floor are two large halls, one of which has an orchestra organ.

The building occupies an entire square and forms the nucleus of the proposed civic center. The auditorium occupies the west wing while the east wing contains the annex and its accessories.

By virtue of possessing this structure Milwaukee claims to have one of the model convention halls of the world.

FARMERS OF CANADA READY AT OTTAWA WITH DEMANDS

OTTAWA, Ont.—The first movement of the Canadian farmer to get in touch with the lawmakers and impress on them the needs of the agricultural interests is on in this city today. Between 1000 and 1200 delegates to the first Canadian national council of agriculture are here.

At the convention today the delegates from the maritime provinces will strongly urge broad reciprocity with the United States. The farmers of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island want easier access to the markets of Boston and New York.

Delegates from Ontario are in favor of reciprocity with the United States and a reduction of the Canadian tariff by increasing the British preference to 60 per cent. The preference is now about 30 per cent.

The delegates from the West have a

more ambitious program. Their demand is for reciprocity with the United States and the abolition of duties on articles which farmers require. They demand absolute free trade in agricultural implements, lumber, cement, hardware, woollens and sugar.

They are asking that the government take over the terminal grain elevators on the Great Lakes and run them as national institutions.

The reply to the farmers will be made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. On the question of the tariff he will probably point out that negotiations are now on between Canada and the United States which will probably result in relief on some articles.

It is anticipated that he will say the government would not care to go in for whole tariff revision without further study and that a tariff commission will be appointed to take up the question next summer.

BOWDOIN SCHOLARS ORGANIZING SCHOOL CITY IN NEW GRADE

Children of the second grade met today in Miss Ethel G. Ross' room at the Bowdoin school on Myrtle street to organize themselves into a school city.

Alonso Meserve, headmaster of the Bowdoin school and chairman of the committee of headmasters appointed by Superintendent Brooks, to investigate the school city method of training, decided to study the subject at first hand, requested Wilson Gill, the author of this method of child citizenship, to introduce it into his first and eighth grades.

It was received with much interest by the pupils and teachers and the introduction into the second grade today was followed by a success no less marked.

Mr. Gill explained the idea of citizenship in simple terms, which were grasped with rapidity by the children. He said that the whole scheme depended primarily upon the golden rule.

Bowdoin City was chosen as a name for the miniature municipality.

The election resulted as follows: Mayor, Rose Catalani; president of city council, Gilbert Remond; judge, Joseph Wolbarsht.

Four police officers were chosen by the mayor and the appointments were then ratified by the city council, which includes the whole class. The policemen serve for one day. Four surveillance officers also were chosen.

VETERANS OF 32ND ELECT OFFICERS

Veterans of the Thirty-second Massachusetts regiment met at the American house on Wednesday and elected these officers: George B. Deane, president; Samuel Ruel, vice-president; W. H. Thomas, secretary and treasurer; M. M. Hollaway, E. A. Stone, J. G. Hunt, James Dexter, Alfred A. Lincoln, James L. Wellington, Fred Hutchins, E. W. Semmes, Frank Webster, M. Hyde, Louis

WANT MR. SHAW RESTORED.

WASHINGTON—An appeal to restore A. E. Shaw to practise before the interior department has been made to President Taft. Mr. Shaw was formerly law officer of the forest service and was dismissed from the government employ during the

Editorial Comment

THE selected editorial comments today deal with the parliamentary elections now in progress in Great Britain:

PROVIDENCE (R. I.) JOURNAL.—The chief point to be noted is that the tendency of the voters seems to be to regard either with indifference or disapproval the government program.

NEW ORLEANS PICAYUNE.—The one thing absolutely certain about the next Parliament is that the Nationalists will hold the balance of power more firmly than ever before. That they will take advantage of this fact to insist upon the immediate presentation of a strong home rule for Ireland measure is certain.

OMAHA (Neb.) BEE.—It appears to be a remarkable alternative that confronts King George. Either he must give his guarantee of additional Liberal Lords to override the wish of the Tories, and thereby give aid to the Irish Nationalists, or withhold such action and apparently make possible the defeat of the government.

CLEVELAND LEADER.—The Nationalists are working only for self-government for Ireland. They care little whether the Lords go or stay, or retain their present prerogatives or are shorn of their authority, provided that Ireland can have a Parliament of its own. They are ready to trade with any British party which offers home rule for Ireland.

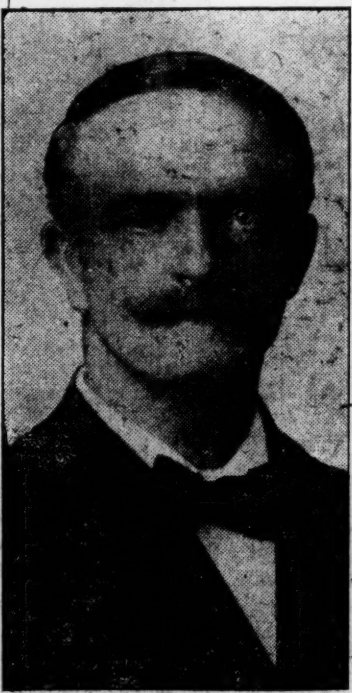
DETROIT FREE PRESS.—The situation would call the attention of all very sharply to the anomaly of permitting a small fraction of the population living in Ireland, with only one fifth of the inhabitants and nearly one fifth of the parliamentary vote, to impose upon the English majority a constitutional revolution against which the latter have registered their protest.

QUEBEC (Que.) CHRONICLE.—To the ordinary eye Mr. Redmond seems to have established himself more securely than ever. Neither of the two English parties can do without the vote of the Nationalists. There is, of course, the chance that the government and the opposition may realize from this election who it is that holds the whip hand in England politics at the present moment.

PHILADELPHIA RECORD.—By way of proving that the Irish Nationalists are incapable of self-government the fiery men of Ulster have raised a huge campaign fund and proposed to fight home rule into the last ditch and to resist payment of taxes to a Nationalist Parliament at Dublin, should one be established.

WINNIPEG (Man.) TELEGRAM.—It is quite impossible now that there should be either a Unionist victory or a vindication of the government. That reduces the election to a complete futility. Nothing is decided; nothing is gained on either side. A most fearful responsibility is thrown upon Mr. Asquith.

Reception in Wakefield Awaits Representative Upon Eleventh Election



CHARLES A. DEAN.

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—Irrespective of political parties citizens will tender Rep. Charles A. Dean, Democrat, a dinner and reception in Flanley hall, tonight, in honor of his eleventh election and in recognition of the fact that he will be the senior member, in term of service, in the next Legislature.

Among the speakers will be: Speaker Joseph Walker and James T. Kimball, clerk of the House of Representatives; Col. William A. Gaston, Congressman William A. Murray, Mayor Eugene H. Moore, Melrose; former Representative Andrew J. Burnett, Melrose; former Senator Faxon, Stoughton; Representatives Harry Holbrook, Stoughton; Herbert Forrestall, Saugus; Joseph W. Holden, Stoneham; Martin J. Quinn, Swampscott; E. J. Cogswell, Lynn; and Frank Pope, Leominster, and Senator Charles H. Brown, Medford.

The reception committee is: Darius Hadley, H. Gordon Martin, William J. Dinan, Charles F. Young and Gardner E. Campbell, Senator Frank E. Bennett, Jr., Saugus; Representative James P. Carver, Wakefield; and Senator John

Classified Advertisements

RATES—One insertion, 12 cents a line, three or more insertions, 10 cents a line. Telephone your advertisement to 4330 Back Bay, or, if preferred, a representative will call on you to discuss advertising.

REAL ESTATE
DO YOU wish to buy, sell or rent your property? See METIGUE, OAK SQUARE, BRIGHTON.

APARTMENTS WANTED
WANTED—For 2 or 3 months a furnished suite or 4 or 5 rooms; building with cafe preferred. Address L 585, Monitor Office.

APARTMENTS TO LET
SMALL furnished or unfurnished house-keeping apartment to be sublet at a bargain. Suitable for two ladies or man and wife. P 320, Monitor Office.

RESTAURANTS
South Station Restaurant
ALWAYS ESSENTIAL to know a good place to eat; arriving or departing from the South Station, Boston, you will find quick service and pure food at the restaurant and lunch room; accommodations for 500 people; all modern conveniences. J. G. COOPER & CO., Proprietors.

INSTRUCTION
PRIVATE INSTRUCTION in Isaac Pitman or Munroe shorthand. For particulars address M. S. HILL, 1347 Pacific st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE NEWS

Brighton and the Back Bay districts figured prominently in Wednesday's local real estate sales. One of the important changes of the year in the first-named district has just been made where by James J. Phelan of Hornblower & Weeks has purchased the large frame residence numbered 121 Englewood avenue, junction of Sutherland, Strathmore and Cheswick roads, Aberdeen section. It was formerly owned by R. H. White, who sold it to J. Sumner Draper and Mark Temple Dowling, who disposed of it, and it finally fell into the hands of the Dirigo Realty Company of Missouri, which has sold to Mr. Phelan. The title comes through Rose M. Lombard. It has a large frontage on each thoroughfare. Beside the house there is a stable, both occupying 104,348 square feet of land. The total assessed value is \$65,200, of which \$52,200 is on the lot.

Through the office of Rosford & Williams, Kimball building, a large brick garage and 5000 feet of land at 338 Newbury street, Back Bay, have been transferred by John T. Shea to Theodore H. Tyndale. The total rating is \$57,000, of which \$19,200 is on the land.

In the West End the 3½-story brick building and 792 feet of land numbered 109 and 111 Staniford street, rated by the assessors at \$8200, of which \$5700 is on the land, have been sold by Ellen Young to William K. Porter.

In Roxbury a large transfer just made involves the 2½-story frame house and a frame and brick store, numbered 2809 and 2811 Washington street, and a 3½-story frame house numbered 5 Valentia street, with a total of 593 feet of land, all taxed on a valuation of \$10,900, of which \$4300 is the rating on the land. Title passed from Albert Vetterbee and another to the Washington Realty & Investment Company.

ACTIVE DEMAND IN SOUTH END.
It is said that the year 1910 will go out with the month of December showing one of the best demands for South End property that have been seen for a number of years at this time. The inquiry for South End property has been phenomenal during the past few days. Several agreement papers have been signed involving the changing of ownership of many valuable pieces.

One well-known operator in the purchase of South End realty is Isaac Heller of the Kimball building. He will take title in a few days to eight large parcels on Tremont street and the intersecting thoroughfares, between Dartmouth street and Massachusetts avenue. The sales involve many thousands of dollars.

ANOTHER FARM SOLD.
The Chapin Farm Agency has sold for M. N. Fair his poultry farm on the River road, near the river, in Halifax, Plymouth county, comprising 15 acres of land with a fruit orchard, an old-fashioned farmhouse, barn, several poultry houses and a tract of timber land. James Cameron of New Haven, Ind., the purchaser, has taken possession and will make extensive improvements.

BUILDING NOTICES.
Permits to construct, alter and repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Chelsea st., 175, rear, ward 2—Barney Ginsberg; wood storage. Deatur st., 5, ward 2; Munson Lumber Co.; fire mercantile. Winter st., 23-32, ward 7; Est. Augustus Lowell; alter mercantile. Congress st., 14-150, ward 7; Chas. Matlack; fire mercantile. Tremont st., 327-331, ward 10; J. L. Gardner; alter garage and rear. E. 6th st., 747, N. st. and 7, 7th st., ward 14; Nat. Water Co.; alter mercantile.

NATIONAL GRANGE LEADER HEARD BY BAY STATE BRANCH

WORCESTER, Mass.—F. N. Godfrey of the New York state grange, a member of the executive committee of the national grange, reported to the convention of the Massachusetts state grange here Wednesday that there is a membership of 100,000 in the New York state grange, with a total of 240,000 farms in the state. He asserted that the boys and girls on the farms need the same opportunities of professional education as is afforded the boys and girls of parents engaged in other lines of endeavor.

Warren C. Jewett of this city was re-elected a member of the executive committee for three years. W. O. Parmenter of Springfield offered a resolution endorsing a campaign of education through extension work of the Massachusetts colleges for the benefit of milk producers and milk consumers of the state.

The sixth degree was conferred on a large number of members by Charles M. Gardner, state master, of Westfield and Philomena C. Cook, flora, of Methuen.

WELLESLEY CLUB HEARS LECTURE.
Prof. Charles Barton Gulick of Harvard gave a stereoscopic lecture on Greek life at an open meeting of the Wellesley Club of Radcliffe College Wednesday evening.

BIRDS
Christmas Songs
Are Sweetest When Sung By A Beautiful Canary

BIRD
Xmas Gifts
Nothing would be more appreciated by your friends than a sweet singing canary bird; we have Hartz Mountain singers at \$2.50, genuine selected St. Andrewsburg, with long, silvery trills and grand variations, day and night songsters, \$3.50. Birds selected now kept on small deposit until the holidays. Brass canary cages from \$1 up.

CHAS. LUDLAM, 59 Bromfield St., Boston, near Tremont. Tel. Main 1348-3.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
PIANO FOR SALE
Cost originally \$800. Has an interior player and is in A1 condition. Will sell reasonably for cash or on easy payments.

J. B. LEWIS, 101 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS.

FOREIGN STEAMSHIPS.
CUNARD
FROM BOSTON
IVERNIA, Jan. 17, 11 AM
Queenstown—Liverpool

New York Fishguard Liverpool
MAURETANIA, Dec. 17, 6 P. M.
LUSITANIA, Dec. 26, 9 A. M.

Winter Cruises Mediterranean
Carmania, Jan. 7 Caronia, Jan. 21
126 State St. Tel. Main 4353

ROOMS
BEACON HILL, No. 2 LOUISBURG SQ., corner Mt. Vernon st.—Rooms with or without private bath; electric light; elevator; excellent table.

BUREAU OF ROOMS
and boarding places, city and suburbs, lists free; call or write. BOSTON RENTING CO., 175 Tremont st., Boston.

COMMONWEALTH HOTEL, Inc.
BEACON HILL—Rooms with hot water, shower baths, \$8 to \$8 per week; rooms, private bath, \$10 to \$12; transient \$1 per day; temperance hotel.

MONTGOMERY ST., 73—Square room, newly furnished; hot and cold water; \$4 per week.

WANTED
FIRST-CLASS ROOMS and boarding places, city and suburbs; call or write. BOSTON RENTING CO., 175 Tremont st.

ROOMS—NEW YORK
CENTRAL PARK WEST, 371 (97th st.)—Single and double rooms; suite; table board; dining room top floor; elevator service. A. K. DICK.

2ND ST., WEST, 121, NEW YORK—Newly decorated large and small rooms to rent.

LAWYERS
JOHN F. MILLER, Attorney at Law and Business Expert, 707-709 Kimball Bldg., BOSTON, MASS. Tel. 1811 Main.

JOHN M. SPELMAN, Patent and Trade Mark Lawyer, McGil Bldg., Washington, D. C. Saner Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

ELIJAH C. WOOD, Attorney and Counselor, 218 La Salle street, Chicago.

EDWIN M. WOOD, Attorney and Counselor, 107 Dearborn St., Chicago.

VICTOR H. KULP, Attorney and Counselor at Law, 1548 First National Bank Bldg., Chicago.

B. M. THOMAS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 34 S. Clark st., Chicago. Tel. 1612 Main.

CHARLES G. BALDWIN, Attorney and Counselor at Law, 204-205 Piper building, Baltimore.

Henry W. Savage reports the passing of final papers in the sale made by his office of the three-story brick dwelling at 14 Wellington street, South End. The total assessment is \$6000, of which \$1800 is on the 1440 feet of land, Julia H. Mayhew and another conveyed to Daniel J. A'Hern.

Permits to construct, alter and repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Chelsea st., 175, rear, ward 2—Barney Ginsberg; wood storage. Deatur st., 5, ward 2; Munson Lumber Co.; fire mercantile. Winter st., 23-32, ward 7; Est. Augustus Lowell; alter mercantile. Congress st., 14-150, ward 7; Chas. Matlack; fire mercantile. Tremont st., 327-331, ward 10; J. L. Gardner; alter garage and rear. E. 6th st., 747, N. st. and 7, 7th st., ward 14; Nat. Water Co.; alter mercantile.

WILLIAMS SENIORS ELECT PITTSFIELD MAN PRESIDENT

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass.—Abbott P. Mills of Pittsfield, Mass., has received the highest electoral honor the senior class of Williams College can bestow on one of its members.

Mills is captain of the baseball team and a member of the A. Z. A. fraternity. He was the first man backed for gargyle last May when the class of 1910 picked its successors in the senior society.

The elections are: A. P. Mills, class day president; R. Lawrence Oakley of New York and James D. Lester of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., marshals; Chester D. Heywood of Worcester, Harold H. Kissam of Bay Shore, L. I., Gregory Mason of New York, Floyd L. Newton of Williams-town, Mass., and George W. Vandenberg of Pittsburgh class committee; Reginald D. Forbes of New London, Conn., class poet; John B. Loomis of Englewood, N. J., ivy poet; Floyd I. Newton of Williams-town, Mass., class orator; J. Bernard Angeweg of Highland, N. J., orator to lower classes; Frederick L. Cobb of Minneapolis, pipe orator; Merrill N. Gates of Auburn, N. Y., library orator; Allan M. Eldredge of Auburn, N. Y., permanent secretary; Lloyd Robinson of Brooklyn, prophet; Chester D. Heywood of Worcester, prophet on prophet; J. Tracy Hale of Derwood, Minn., editor class book; Harold S. Adams of Pittsfield, Mass., manager class book; Edward L. Basher of Gilchristville, Mass., class

FOREIGN STEAMSHIPS.
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HARVARD SENIORS PICK WORTHINGTON

Lothrop Withington of Honolulu, captain of the football team, was elected first marshal by a large majority over the six other nominees for the leadership of the Harvard senior class in the final elections.

R. C. Foster and Herbert Jaques, Jr., were chosen second and third marshals respectively.

POLYTECHNIC ALUMNI TO MEET.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Connecticut Valley Alumni Association of Worcester Polytechnic Institute will have its semi-annual meeting in Cooleys hotel here Saturday night. The speakers will include Prof. George H. Haynes of the institute and Prof. Allen H. Risteen of Hartford. The Tech Glee Club will attend.

BROCKTON CITY PRINTING LET.
BROCKTON, Mass.—The contract for printing the annual reports of the city departments has been awarded to the Keystone Job Print at \$1.14 a page. Probably most of the reports will be ready for acceptance by the city council before the end of the month. The report of the city auditor shows that none of the departments exceeded their appropriations.

SECURE MR. ROURKE AS SPEAKER.
The East Boston Improvement Association has secured Superintendent Louis H. Rourke of the street department to address the citizens of the district in the auditorium of the East Boston high school tonight.

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS
LEATHER
FOR FANCY WORK

We supply any size piece of leather for Fancy Work, Pyrography, Wall Decoration or Table Cover.

We sell whole skins or cut to suit. Call or write. Sample of 15 shades of fancy leather, and our book of Fancy Leather Ideas, mailed for 6 cents postage. Our prices cannot be duplicated.

MARSHALL, SON & CO., 226½ Purchase St., Boston, Mass.

PIANO TUNING
PIANO WORK in all branches; estimates submitted; results guaranteed. A. KRIGER, 1107 39 Symphony Chambers, Tel. B. E. 2157.

DENTISTRY
J. W. KEYES, D. M. D., Dentist, 418 Evans Building, Washington, D. C.

DR. C. FRANKLIN HARTT, 1066 Magnetic Temple, Phone Central 5891, CHICAGO.

BOOKS
WALKS AND WORDS AND NEW SAYINGS Price \$1.50 prepaid. G. MORTIMER MCCLINTOCK, 54 Kent St., Brookline, Mass., U. S. A.

A BEAUTIFUL BIBLE makes a beautiful gift; such a one with all the helps for the daily lesson can be had by addressing MISS A. R. TORRENCE, 320 H. W. Hellman bldg., Los Angeles, Calif.

WANTED
WANTED: A capable woman to furnish an apartment and take charge of same; liberal pay to competent person. I. B. 2093 Metropolitan bldg., New York.

AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL OUR LINE OF Swiss Embroideries, Embroidered Robes, Blouses, Zephyrs, Muslins and Laces

FROM SAMPLES ALL IMPORTED DIRECT FROM FACTORIES IN SWITZERLAND BY US.

NORTHMORE & CO.
129 FARMER ST., DETROIT MICH.

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SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

HOUSEKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, reliable, middle-aged, wishes position for couple employed; vicinity Chicago; no laundry; Protestant. MISS NANCY KINNEY, 2311 Madison st., Chicago.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Refined young lady, teaching art, music, evenings and Saturdays. Address, 1211 W. 12th St., Chicago. Write to Mrs. J. J. Loretta, 2135 Washington St., Chicago.

ANY duties along those lines, MARY KEMP, 4807 Kenmore ave., Chicago.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, would make permanent arrangement with some firm for half-day work, or 3 or 4 days a week. LARA SELTMAN, 2417 No. Central Pk. ave., Chicago.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, would like permanent position; references, M. C. JONES, 6159 Lexington a Chicago.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced as private sec-

ry, would like position in office with ability to take charge would be appreciated. ELIZABETH C. DAUBNER, Oakdale ave., Chicago.

WESTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COOK, boarding house, \$40-50. S. JACKSON & CO., 929 17th st., Denver, Col.

COOK wanted in family, \$35. S.

JACKSON & CO., 929 17th st., Denver, Col.
HOUSEWORK GIRLS, \$20-\$25-\$30.
W. JACKSON & CO., 929 17th st., Denver, Col.
MANDOLIN TEACHER, single, 25 to 30 years of age, for class teaching; must be a good musician, able to tune quickly, energetic and patient with children; good salary, permanent position. Address, with particulars, JONES COLLEGE OF MUSIC, 484 24th st., Ogden, Utah.
WAITRESSES (hotel) wanted, \$20 a month, room and board. S. W. JACKSON, 1000 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

CO., 929 14th st., Denver, Col.
WAITRESSES (American) wanted, call
\$7-8-10. S. W. JACKSON & CO., 929 14th
st., Denver, Col.

SOUTHERN STATE

HELP WANTED—MALE

CLYINDER PRESS FEEDERS wanted
also boy to work in our composing room
must have experience. WILLIAM
PRINTING CO., 11-13-15 North 14th
Richmond, Va.

FARM LABORER AND WIFE, experienced, wanted; give references; salary \$100 per month, plus tags and firewood. **QUINN**, St. Augustine, Fla.

SADDLE MAKERS wanted, 2 or 3 to operate, reliable men; good work. **BUENA VISTA SADDLE & HARNESS Co.**, Buena Vista, Va.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT wanted for middle-aged lady; together with light housekeeping. **Northern or western girl preferred;**

ver 35. MRS. FRANK BENTON, 1340
t. N. E., Washington, D. C.
MOTHER'S HELPER—Wanted, middle
aged woman to help mother with 3 chil
dren and general housework; modern
salary; good home. MRS. F. CLAGET
1713 Homer ave., Baltimore, Md.
STENOGRAPHER wanted for real est
and law office; name salary wanted a
bility, in first letter. H. N. TIMMS, 1
ceanian bldg., Houston, Tex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BUSINESS MAN, practical, competent, capable of managing, bookkeeping, clerking, superintending, general business experience, desires position in southern climate. **W. H. TEMPLEMAN**, 37 Culberson St., Atlanta, Ga.

SALESMAN desires position; experienced; good education; ability to interest banks and investors; 15 years' experience with large brokerage firms; references; location of restricted. **A. H. SIMMONS**, 933 S. 4th Ave., Louisville, Ky.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT or companion desires situation; experienced; willing to travel; can go anywhere; refined, cheerful, reliable; references. MISS HELEN ASHLEY, Box 62, Dunedin, Fla.

COMPANION—Quiet, refined, young, woman, fond of elderly people, desires position as secretary, translator or assistant in literary work; best of references. VICTOR VON KREUTER, 1457 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

HOUSEKEEPER. American woman, accustomed to her own home, desires position. MISS COOK, Station B, Baltimore, Md.

MANAGER, experienced woman, with business ability, desires position to manage first-class lodging house in the South; references exchanged. MRS. DELLA CALLAHAN, 60 Mountain st., Eureka Springs, Ark.

PACIFIC COAST

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE
CHAPERONE desires position with parties ladies travelling in Europe or America.
MARY E. SELLEN, 8 W. McGraw street, Seattle, Wash.
MOTHER'S HELPER—Reliable woman with girl 8 years old, wants work in small family. MRS. FLORENCE SCHINERER, 51 South Hill st., Los Angeles, Cal.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE

ENGINEER (21) desires position; Ce
rail station; highest credentials; 5 year
experience on engines, turbines, boiler
C. or D. C. ROLAND HUGHES, T
Richards Cross Gates, Leeds, Eng.

MANAGER, with successful all-round ex
perience, desires management of compa
nising commercial vehicles, taxicabs
measure cars; home or abroad. JAMES
ETTER, Railsick Cottage, Dunfermlin
Scotland.

MESSENGER, porter, Lithman or pack
 man's situation strictly temperate. A.
 RED WITTES, 128 Wandsworth Bridge
 Fulham, S. W., England.
 PLUMBER, hot and cold water, gas
 fitter, seeks constant job; references: w.
 in all branches of the trade. OLIVE
 FREDERICK HELLIER, 47 Meadow ro.
 Salisbury, Eng.
 TRAVELING ATTENDANT-COMPAN
 ion to middle-aged or elderly gentleman
 Continent or America preferred; experi
 enced. MATTHEW BAKER, Aston Vill
 Gullia st., St John's Wood, London, Eng.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT desires position as children's companion or housekeeper, must have experience with young children, must travel. **MISS ALICE JACKSON**, 100 Ashborne rd., Cricklewood, London, N. W. England.

COOK who understands pastries and can dress and fillet fish in any style desires position or would go as first-class waitress. **Write to: Mrs. J. H. G. Jones, 100 Ashborne hotel or high class boarding house first year in January; Buffalo, Pa. or New York City, N. Y. 25.**

Eugene Sullivan & Co., 1 No. Main st.
MANCHESTER.
 L. T. Mead (City News Company), 11
 Hanover st.
NASHUA—Spaulding & Trow.
PORTSMOUTH.
 Portsmouth News Agency, 21 Con-
 gress st.
RHODE ISLAND.
WESTERLY—A. N. Nash.
VERMONT.
NEWPORT.

See Page Two
For Free Offer

FREE EMPLOYMENT

May
interest you
elsewhere

See Page Two
For Free Offers

Financial, Commercial and Industrial News of the World

BUSINESS ON THE STOCK EXCHANGES STILL RESTRICTED

Activity in a Few Issues, While the General List Is Somewhat Neglected—Early Prices Are Higher.

BOSTON IS QUIET

Were it not for the traders who make their living by the "scalping" method in Wall street there would be little business doing in the stock market. These professionals have been afforded little opportunity for making more than fractional profits for a long time past. The market usually moves along the line of least resistance and now and then these traders see an opening for a bearish attack when stocks may sell off a few points. But when the covering process begins stocks advance so rapidly that it is only the few who are enabled to reap much profit. It is believed that liquidation of long holdings is of comparatively small volume during these periods of attacks and that the sellers of stocks are later the purchasers of the securities they sold.

The market opened fairly strong this morning with some activity in Reading, General Electric, the Interboroughs, Missouri Pacific and Canadian Pacific. But it was the usual traders' market and business was restricted. At the end of the first half hour prices were advancing.

The local market was very quiet. General Electric opened in New York at 156, a gain of 1/4 over last night's closing, and rose to 157, reaching about a point before midday. Missouri Pacific opened up 1/2 at 45 and advanced a point. Interborough opened up 1/2 at 20 and improved a good fraction. Canadian Pacific opened up a point at 193 1/2 and improved fractionally. Iowa Central preferred was off 1/2 at 31 1/2 at the opening, recovering partially during the first half of the session.

Reading opened up 1/4 at 148 1/2 and advanced a good fraction. Steel opened up 1/4 at 73 1/2 and improved moderately. Norfolk & Western, Westinghouse Electric preferred and Western Maryland were in fair demand, making good advances. Philadelphia Company opened at 92 and rose 1/4 during the forenoon.

Lake Copper and North Butte made fractional gains on the local exchange, but price movements generally were quite narrow.

Stocks turned weak in the afternoon, losing all their gains and selling well under the opening figures. Before the decline began Philadelphia Company advanced to 96, United Railways Investment opened up a point at 27 and rose 2 points more.

LONDON—The official closing of the stock markets today was generally steady. Domestic issues were cheerful in tone and ended with general gains.

Americans advanced at the late official session and held with steadiness on the curb.

Foreign securities and mining and oil stocks were quiet, but with mixed net results. De Beers ended 1-16 lower at 17 7-16.

Continental houses were steady.

THE COTTON MARKET.
NEW YORK—The cotton market opened irregular, 2 points lower to 5 points higher: Dec 14.75; Jan 14.90; 14.91; March 15.21; 15.22; May 15.43; 15.44; June 15.45; 15.46; July 15.45; 15.46; Ag 15.09; 15.10; Oct 13.69; 13.70.

LIVERPOOL—Spot cotton good business done. Prices steady. American middling uplands 8.13. Sales 15,000. Receipts 22,000. American 9500. Futures opened steady.

BANK OF FRANCE STATEMENT.
PARIS—Weekly Bank of France statement shows: Gold on hand decreased 225,000 francs; silver on hand increased 2,050,000 francs.

DISCOUNT RATE UNCHANGED.
LONDON—The minimum rate of discount of the Bank of England is unchanged at 4 1/2 per cent.

Weather Predictions
UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Fair and much colder tonight; Friday, fair and colder; brisk to high west to northwest winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Cloudy and much colder tonight; cold wave in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont; Friday, fair; colder in south and east portions.

TEMPERATURE TODAY.
At 8 a. m. 36.12 noon 37.2
At 2 p. m. 36.12 noon 37.2
Average temperature yesterday, 30 5-12.

IN OTHER CITIES.
Montreal 32.8 St. Louis 44
Santacruz 30 Chicago 40
New York 34 St. Paul 42
Washington 38 Richmond 32
Jacksonville 48 Denver 32
New Orleans 52 Kansas City 42
San Francisco 50 Portland, Ore. 40

ALMANAC FOR TOMORROW.
Sun rises 7:07 Moon rises 9:11
Sun sets 4:53 Moon sets 1:10
Length of day, 11:56; of night, 10:44.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Amalgamated.....	64	64 1/2	63 3/4	64
Am Az Chemical.....	47 1/2	47 3/4	47 1/4	47 1/2
Am Beet Sugar.....	40	40 1/2	39 3/4	40 1/2
Am Car Foundry.....	50 1/2	50 3/4	50 1/4	50 1/2
Am Cotton Oil.....	59	59 1/2	58 3/4	59
Am H & L pf.....	21	21 1/2	21	21 1/2
Am Ice.....	17 1/2	17 3/4	17 1/4	17 1/2
Am Lined Oil pf.....	32	32 1/2	32	32 1/2
Am Locomotive.....	37	37 1/2	37	37 1/2
Am Smelting.....	103 1/2	103 3/4	103 1/4	103 1/2
Am Tel & Tel.....	142 1/2	142 3/4	141 1/4	142 1/2
Am Woolen pf.....	32	32 1/2	32	32 1/2
Am Woolen pf.....	93 1/2	93 3/4	93 1/4	93 1/2
Anacosta.....	40	40 1/2	39 3/4	40 1/2
Atchafalaya.....	101	101 1/2	101	101 1/2
Atchafalaya.....	119	119 1/2	119	119 1/2
Bah & Ohio.....	106 1/2	106 3/4	106 1/4	106 1/2
Patapiscus.....	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/4	2 1/2
Bethlehem Steel.....	29	29 1/2	29	29 1/2
Bethlehem Steel pf.....	59 1/2	59 3/4	59 1/4	59 1/2
Brooklyn Transit.....	74 1/2	74 3/4	74 1/4	74 1/2
Brooklyn Union.....	132 1/2	132 3/4	132 1/4	132 1/2
Can Pac.....	123 1/2	123 3/4	123 1/4	123 1/2
Central Leather.....	31 1/2	31 3/4	31 1/4	31 1/2
Central Leather pf.....	103	103 1/2	103	103 1/2
Ches & Ohio.....	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 1/4	80 1/2
Chi & Gt West.....	22 1/2	22 3/4	22 1/4	22 1/2
Chi & Gt West pf.....	44 1/2	44 3/4	44 1/4	44 1/2
Col Southern.....	58	58 1/2	58	58 1/2
Consolidated Gas.....	133 1/2	133 3/4	133 1/4	133 1/2
Corn Products.....	15	15 1/2	15	15 1/2
Corn Products pf.....	77 1/2	77 3/4	77 1/4	77 1/2
Del & Hudson.....	164	164 1/2	164	164 1/2
Del.....	27 1/2	27 3/4	27 1/4	27 1/2
Erie 1st pf.....	45 1/2	45 3/4	45 1/4	45 1/2
Gen Electric.....	156 1/2	156 3/4	156 1/4	156 1/2
Goldfield Con.....	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/4	8 1/2
Goldfield Con pf.....	111 1/2	111 3/4	111 1/4	111 1/2
Harvester.....	20	20 1/2	20	20 1/2
Inter-Met pf.....	54	54 1/2	54	54 1/2
Int Pump.....	40 1/2	40 3/4	40 1/4	40 1/2
Iowa Central.....	18 1/2	18 3/4	18 1/4	18 1/2
Iowa Central pf.....	31 1/2	31 3/4	31 1/4	31 1/2
Kansas City.....	31	31 1/2	31	31 1/2
Kan City 2d pf.....	65	65 1/2	65	65 1/2
Kansas & Texas.....	31 1/2	31 3/4	31 1/4	31 1/2
Laclede Gas.....	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/4	104 1/2
Lohitz Valley.....	180 1/2	180 3/4	180 1/4	180 1/2
Mackay Cos pf.....	75	75 1/2	75	75 1/2
Manhattan.....	137 1/2	137 3/4	137 1/4	137 1/2
Miner St.....	26	26 1/2	26	26 1/2
M. & St. L.....	129 1/2	129 3/4	129 1/4	129 1/2
Missouri Pacific.....	45 1/2	45 3/4	45 1/4	45 1/2
Nat Biscuit Co.....	112	112 1/2	112	112 1/2
Nevada Cons Cop.....	18 1/2	18 3/4	18 1/4	18 1/2
Norfolk & Western.....	98 1/2	98 3/4	98 1/4	98 1/2
Northern Pacific.....	116 1/2	116 3/4	116 1/4	116 1/2
Northwestern.....	141 1/2	141 3/4	141 1/4	141 1/2
N. Y. C. & H. R. 2d pf.....	112 1/2	112 3/4	112 1/4	112 1/2
N. Y. C. & H. R. 1st pf.....	151 1/2	151 3/4	151 1/4	151 1/2
N. Y. H. & H. R. 2d pf.....	147	147 1/2	147	147 1/2
N. Y. H. & H. R. 1st pf.....	28 1/2	28 3/4	28 1/4	28 1/2
Pacific Mail.....	45	45 1/2	45	45 1/2
Pennsylvania.....	128 1/2	128 3/4	128 1/4	128 1/2
Pennsylvania pf.....	105 1/2	105 3/4	105 1/4	105 1/2
Philadelphia.....	92	92 1/2	92	92 1/2
Pitts. C. & S. L. 2d pf.....	96 1/2	96 3/4	96 1/4	96 1/2
Pitts. C. & S. L. 1st pf.....	30 1/2	30 3/4	30 1/4	30 1/2
Quaker Mill.....	3	3 1/2	3	3 1/2
Reading.....	148 1/2	148 3/4	148 1/4	148 1/2
Republic Steel.....	94 1/2	94 3/4	94 1/4	94 1/2
Rock Island.....	30	30 1/2	30	30 1/2
Rock Island pf.....	114 1/2	114 3/4	114 1/4	114 1/2
Southern Railway.....	25	25 1/2	25	25 1/2
Southern Ry pf.....	59 1/2	59 3/4	59 1/4	59 1/2
St. L. Southwest.....	25	25 1/2	25	25 1/2
St. L. Southwest pf.....	60 1/2	60 3/4	60 1/4	60 1/2
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.....	38 1/2	38 3/4	38 1/4	38 1/2
St. Paul.....	122 1/2	122 3/4	122 1/4	122 1/2
St. Paul pf.....	114 1/2	114 3/4	114 1/4	114 1/2
Tennessee Copper.....	24	24 1/2	24	24 1/2
Texas Pacific.....	134 1/2	134 3/4	134 1/4	134 1/2
Texas Pacific pf.....	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/4	25 1/2
Third Avenue.....	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 1/2
Toledo, St. L. & W. pf.....	12 1/2	12 3/4	12 1/4	12 1/2
United Dry Goods.....	101 1/2	101 3/4	101 1/4	101 1/2
United Pacific.....	170	170 1/2	170	170 1/2
Union Pacific.....	124 1/2	124 3/4	124 1/4	124 1/2
United Ry Inv Co.....	27	27 1/2	27	27 1/2
Utah Copper.....	46 1/2	46 3/4	46 1/4	46 1/2
U. S. Rubber.....	33 1/2	33 3/4	33 1/4	33 1/2
U. S. Steel.....	73 1/2	73 3/4	73 1/4	73 1/2
U. S. Steel pf.....	116 1/2	116 3/4	116 1/4	116 1/2
Va-Caro Chemical.....	62 1/2	62 3/4	62 1/4	62 1/2
Va-Caro Chem pf.....	123	123 1/2	123	123 1/2
Walsh pf.....	24	24 1/2	24	24 1/2
Western Maryland.....	48	48 1/2	47 3/4	48
Western Union.....	72	72 1/2	72	72 1/2
Westinghouse.....	68	68 1/2	68	68 1/2
Westinghouse pf.....	120	120 1/2	120	120 1/2
Wheeling & L. E. 5 1/2.....	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/4	5 1/2
W. L. & E. 1st pf.....	13 1/2	13 3/4	13 1/4	13 1/2
Wisconsin Central.....	55 1/2	55 3/4	55 1/4	55 1/2

*Ex-dividend.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Am T & T.....	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/4
Atchafalaya.....	90 1/2	90 3/4	90 1/4
Atchafalaya pf.....	98 1/2	98 3/4	98 1/4
Del & Hudson.....	98 1/2	98 3/4	98 1/4
Interboro Met 4 1/2.....	79 1/2	79 3/4	79 1/4
N Y City 4 1/2.....	106 1/2	106 3/4	106 1/4
N Y City 4 1/2 pf.....	99 1/2	99 3/4	99 1/4
N Y City 4 1/2 pf.....	99 1/2	99 3/4	99 1/4
N Y H & H. R. 2d pf.....	100 1/2	100 3/4	100 1/4
N Y H & H. R. 1st pf.....	133 1/2	133 3/4	133 1/4
Reading Gen 4 1/2.....	98 1/2	98 3/4	98 1/4
Southern Pacific.....	93 1/2	93 3/4	93 1/4
Union Pacific.....	103 1/2	103 3/4	103 1/4
Union Pacific pf.....	96 1/2	96 3/4	96 1/4
U. S. Steel.....	103 1/2	103 3/4	103 1/4
Walsh 4 1/2.....	63 1/2	63 3/4	63 1/4

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	Opening Bid.	Asked.	Closing Bid.	Asked.
2s registered.....	100 1/4	100 3/4	100 1/4	100 3/4
3s registered.....	100 1/4	100 3/4	100 1/4	100 3/4
3s coupon.....	102 1/2	102 3/4	102 1/2	102 3/4
do coupon.....	102 1/2	102 3/4	102 1/2	102 3/4
4s registered.....	115 1/2	115 3/4	115 1/2	115 3/4
do coupon.....	115 1/2	115 3/4	115 1/2	115 3/4
Panama 2s.....	100 1/2	100 3/4	100 1/2	100 3/4
Panama 1998-100.....	100 1/2	100 3/4	100 1/2	100 3/4

ALUMNI PLAN SCHOLARSHIP.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Plans for cooperating in the work of the Rhode Island School of Design were discussed at the annual meeting of the alumni association, which was held at the school recently. Chief of interest and importance to the school was the proposition for the raising of a fund to give one or more traveling scholarships. A committee will be appointed by the president, Mr. Albee, to take up the matter with the individual alumni and report at the next meeting.

BOSTON EXCHANGE HOLI AYS.

The governing committee of the Boston stock exchange has voted to close Saturday, Dec. 24, thus giving a triple holiday from Friday evening, Dec. 23, until Tuesday, Dec. 27.

HEAVY DEPOSITS IN THE SAVINGS BANKS OF EASTERN SECTION

The Aggregate Is Eighty Per Cent of Total Amount in All of the Savings Institutions of United States.

NEW ENGLAND PART

A striking illustration of the remarkable development of savings banks in the eastern section of the United States is contained in the fact that total deposits of New England and eastern savings banks aggregate \$3,245,162,000, or 80 per cent of the entire savings banks deposits of the country. This compares with \$2,415,400,000 deposits for all national banks in New England and the East on June 30 or over a third as much again. It is an example of tremendous investment power derived from small but numerous channels.

New England alone has \$1,325,000,000, or over 32 per cent of the entire amount of savings bank funds of the country, while the eastern section, which embraces the Atlantic seaboard states from New York to Maryland, had over 47 per cent of the total. The West which numbers such comparatively undeveloped states as the two Dakotas, Nebraska, and Oklahoma, naturally makes the poorest showing with only 49 banks and less than \$13,000,000 deposits. The more advanced middle West, including the populous states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri shows up better.

The Pacific coast section holds up well with \$365,000,000 deposits, or nearly one half of the entire deposits outside of New England and the East. Total deposits of the southern section are small, but the average per bank is nearly as great as in the middle West.

Explanation of the great predominance in the savings bank field of New England and the East lies in several factors. First, facilities for savings in the East are more numerous than in the West, where the field is limited. Their development in Massachusetts, for instance, has gone steadily ahead by protective and progressive legislation since 1817, when the Provident Institution for Savings was chartered. Substantial development of savings banks in the West is of recent origin.

Wealth in the agricultural West, moreover, is in a transitory state and is not yet crystallized. Every one is more or less a small capitalist, hard at work investing his savings on his own account, and, therefore, not at all anxious to entrust his funds to any local savings bank. The industrial East, on the other hand, offers small opportunity to the little fellow. The savings bank is his natural refuge. In the case of immigrants, habits as well as conditions induce the placing of funds in an institution for safe keeping.

The appended table, giving average amount of deposits per bank, total deposits and percentage of total deposits, for all sections of the country, shows the overshadowing magnitude of savings bank deposits in the East as compared with the rest of the country.

Average deposits per bank, P. C.

	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
New England.....	81.25	79.14	82.5
East.....	139.35	139.35	139.35
South.....	16.47	16.47	16.47
Middle West.....	49.55	49.55	49.55
West.....	12.99	12.99	12.99
Pacific.....	2,359.19	2,359.19	2,359.19
Total.....	\$1,070,886,245	100	

TRANSPORTATION EXPENSES INCREASE MORE RAPIDLY THAN REVENUES, DUE LARGELY TO HIGHER WAGES PAID.

NEW YORK—In October Atlantic Coast Line did little better than hold its own with last year's gross earnings. Freight revenues fell off \$12,000, but passenger earnings gained \$65,000 over last year so that gross earnings had a narrower lead of \$53,000. Total for the month was \$2,557,000, the smallest gain made so far this year. For the four months period gross earnings were \$887,000 ahead of 1909.

Expenses are mounting more rapidly than revenues. For October they were \$139,000 more than for that month a year ago, so that net after taxes showed a loss of \$86,000. For the four months net earnings were \$2,302,000, a gain of only \$92,000 from the \$887,000 increased business.

Only a small part of the higher expenses are due to maintenance. Transportation expenses, however, were considerably out of line, increasing \$404,000. This is explained by higher wages now being paid.

So far this year Coast Line's surplus is almost exactly the same as at the end of October, 1909. The recent tendency seems to indicate that forthcoming months will bring a small increase, but not enough to prevent an increase in the dividend to 7 per cent if directors take that matter up for consideration. In 1909-10 the road earned a surplus of 12 1/2 per cent, out of which it paid 6 per cent on its \$57,000,000 stock.

BOSTON STOCKS

BOSTON — The following are the transactions on the Boston Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open.</
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News of the World Told by Cable and Correspondence

MINISTER OF FINANCE BRINGS BUDGET BEFORE ASSEMBLY

Gives Revenue Balances Which South African Union Inherited From Four States and Advises House to Wait Until Next Year Before Acting on Monetary Policy.

(Special to The Monitor.)
CAPE TOWN—The budget for the 10 months ending March 11, 1911, has been introduced in the Union House of Assembly by Mr. Hull, minister of finance. The estimates which have already been tabled provided for the expenditure of £13,802,315, an increase of £596,586 over the figures for the corresponding period in 1909-10.

Mr. Hull announced that it was not his intention at present to deal with railways and harbors, and that the House would be well advised to await next year's estimates before going into matters of financial policy.

The Union government had inherited the following revenue balances:

Cape Colony.....£421,000
Natal.....£268,000
Orange Free State.....£590,000
Transvaal.....£1,015,000

For the period under review the estimated revenue amounted to £12,351,000, as compared with £12,585,000 in the corresponding period of last financial year, and the estimated deficit was £1,451,000.

Mr. Hull proposed to help himself to the railway surplus of £1,220,000, and to meet the remaining deficit of £231,000 by extending the Transvaal gold mines profit tax, with the result that the

Cape and Orange Free State diamond mines would pay a 10 per cent tax. He estimated that this would produce £240,000. The minister also foreshadowed a general profit tax on base metal mines. This would be graduated so as to favor the poorer mines.

Up to May 31, when the Union was formed, the total sum borrowed by the four states amounted to £116,037,000. Mr. Hull announced his intention of introducing legislation to consolidate the various state loans, excepting the Transvaal guaranteed loan, and legislation to fund the floating debt.

In spite of the fact that none of the economies contemplated under the union had yet been brought about, the equilibrium of the budget had been effected without increasing taxation, although the Cape sinking fund had been re-started, the Cape civil servants had been restored to their former level, the Cape income tax had disappeared, and the postal and telegraphic charges had been reduced, and railways rates remitted to the extent of £455,000 per annum. The returns from export and import were encouraging and showed increased purchasing power on the part of the country.

Mr. Hull closed his speech by proposing a series of resolutions providing for the mineral taxes mentioned above.

FRENCH PALACE USED AS BARRACKS

Avignon is famous for large number of old and beautiful buildings.

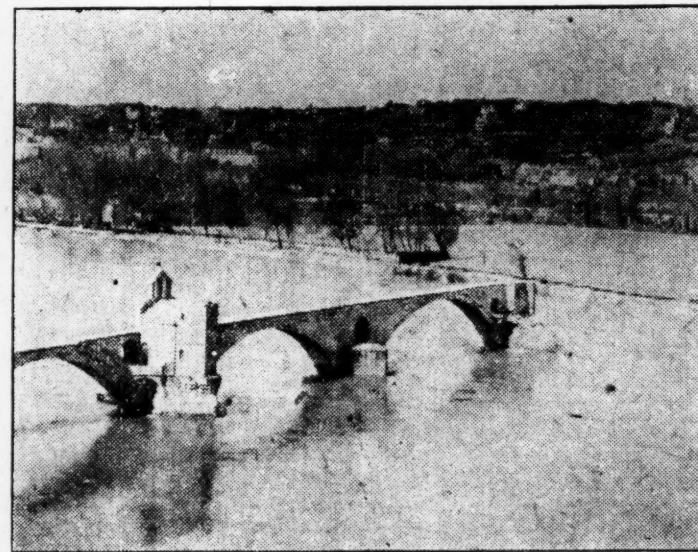


AVIGNON, France.—This city is, perhaps, one of the most attractive towns in the world. The natural beauties of its situation, built on a rock 200 feet above the Rhône, the immense number of old and beautiful buildings, and the remarkable and unique history of the town, all combine to make a visit to Avignon particularly delightful.

It is, however, after all, the old palace that dominates Avignon and on which the chief interest centers. This huge building of which Froissart wrote: "The most beautiful and strongest house in the world," whose steep, frowning walls, looking down from the highest point of vantage, remind one of a mighty fortress and this gorgeous building now serves as a barracks and stable to the French army. The Hotel des Monnaies opposite the palace seems to bear upon its many facades of richly carved stone a sort of air of conscious wealth and importance.

The palace is a specimen of the very best military architecture of the fourteenth century, although by no means uniform in either date or style.

No writer of any note, from early times down to the present day, seems to have left Avignon untouched by his pen.



(Photos specially taken for The Monitor.)

THE BRIDGE OF AVIGNON.

Ruins of old span over the Rhône. Above is a view of old palace now used by French troops.

CONSUL RIDES HORSEBACK FROM PERSIA TO FRANCE

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON.—J. H. Bill, British consul at Shiraz, Persia, has recently arrived in England after traveling 2500 miles on horseback from southern Persia to France. The expedition was organized chiefly for the purpose of studying the working of the Persian and Turkish constitutions in the more remote parts of those countries.

The journey lasted nearly seven months and the consul covered practically the whole distance on horseback, although in some places the difficulties were very great owing to the mountainous nature of the country.

Mr. Bill left his post at Shiraz last April, and after two months traveling reached the Turkish frontier at Urmia. A week later he started for Van, which he reached after a 10-days ride through magnificent mountain scenery.

As soon as he got into Turkish ter-

ritory he was struck by the good order prevailing on what were supposed to be dangerous roads. He traveled with perfect safety all through Kurdistan and Armenia, following a route which before the granting of the Turkish constitution was regarded as extremely perilous.

Traveling was very arduous because of the hills and fully one third of this section had to be done on foot, but perfect tranquility prevailed everywhere and he passed through Turkey with only one soldier as escort.

Having ridden right through Albania, Mr. Bill passed through Montenegro, skirted the Adriatic as far as Ragusa, and there crossed Bosnia and Herzegovina. From thence he proceeded to the southern side of the Tyrol and rode through the Black Forest to the Vosges. On reaching the French frontier he took the train for Havre where he embarked for South-mpion.

MEXICAN GENERAL GETS NEW TROOPS TO MEET REBELS

CHIHUAHUA, Mex.—Four hundred reinforcements, with two field pieces, arrived on a special train to join General Navarro, today, who is within 20 miles of the insurgents. Both sides are maneuvering to bring about an engagement on advantageous grounds.

General Navarro is said to have made the first important move as he is now in the open country. The insurgents had hoped to catch him in the mountains, where their knowledge of the country was an invaluable asset.

WASHINGTON—Senor de la Barra, Mexican ambassador to the United States, said the trouble in Mexico at no time had approached a point of significance.

Normal conditions, he said, reign today throughout the republic except in a part of the state of Chihuahua, where the government forces are pursuing a band of 400 revolutionists.

The ambassador said a number of revolutionary successes had been reported and later denied. He said the government of General Diaz was absolutely secure.

AUSTRALIA WILL SPEND HUGE SUM BUILDING NAVY

(Special to The Monitor.)
MELBOURNE, Victoria.—The prime minister, Mr. Fisher, who visited South Africa on the occasion of the opening of the Union Parliament, made an important statement with regard to the naval defense of Australia. He declared her readiness to spend £10,000,000 or any sum that might be required for the formation and maintenance of an efficient navy.

As was recently announced in these columns the Australian government has decided not to avail itself of the annual loan of £1,000,000 for the purpose of the conference on imperial defense held in London last year.

The government are hurrying on the preparations for the organizing of the navy. The Hon. G. F. Pearce, minister of defense, has announced that Lieut. G. E. Hyde, R. N., has been engaged to serve in the Australian fleet for a period of two years. It is thought probable that he will be placed in charge of the destroyer service, which it will be his duty to organize.

U. S. PROFESSOR AND KAISER AT TEA

BERLIN.—The Emperor invited Charles A. Smith, who is professor of English literature in the University of Virginia, to have lunch and tea with him at Potsdam on Wednesday.

They conversed for several hours on American literature and American topics. Professor Smith is exchange professor. An exhibition illustrating American university life, sports and publications will be opened today in the Roosevelt rooms of the University of Berlin. Prof. Rudolf Tomblow of Columbia University, New York, has arranged a series of lectures on these subjects.

NEW COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

LONDON.—The appointment is announced of Vice Admiral C. F. King Hall to be commander-in-chief on the Australian station in succession to Sir Richard Poore, Bart.

French Parliamentary Committee Will Soon Report

Will give findings in Rochette investigation to Chamber of Deputies.

(Special to The Monitor.)
PARIS.—The parliamentary committee which has been sitting for some weeks under the presidency of M. Jaures has concluded the hearing of evidence and is now proceeding to draw up the report of its findings, which will be shortly presented to the chamber.

It will be remembered that this committee was appointed at the request of M. Jaures and his friends, to investigate the circumstances attending the arrest of the Paris financier, Rochette. A great many witnesses have been called before the committee, including M. Clemenceau, the late premier, M. Lepine, prefect of police, and many other prominent people. The committee has now drafted and settled the first two paragraphs of the report and they are certainly not without interest. After stating the desire of the committee that a resolution shall be submitted to the chamber to the effect that all legal means shall be used to protect the savings of the public from fraudulent design and to guarantee the suppression of all fraudulent public issues of securities, which have been hitherto made possible through fraudulent advertising devices, the report proceeds to a recital of the facts upon which the conclusions of the committee are based.

The first paragraph recites that in March, 1908, M. Clemenceau, the prime minister, in his capacity of minister of the interior, intervened without consulting the minister of justice in a matter

upon which the latter had been in correspondence with the "parquet," the duties of which organization correspond somewhat to the office of public prosecutor.

The draft of the second paragraph, which was also adopted by the committee, was as follows: "The committee find that the prefecture of police, acting on information derived from a director of a newspaper who was personally interested in bringing about the downfall of the financier, with whom he was at variance, used undue haste in putting forward some one to lodge a complaint with the 'parquet,' also that this fraudulent complainant was furnished by the financier with shares on which to base a complaint, and in fact was paid to make such complaint by a banker who was speculating on a fall in the shares of the companies controlled by the financier and who consequently had himself the most direct and personal interest in bringing about the financier's downfall; and that this banker made use, for his own purposes, of the bourse, of the information privately entrusted to him concerning the financier's impending arrest."

An attempt was made to add a paragraph recording that the minister of justice and the magistracy of which he is the head had been guilty of laxity in their duties, as compared with the activity displayed by the minister of the interior, and the prefect of police; this has not yet been adopted, but will probably be so at the next sitting of the committee.

The committee has made many other proposals and no doubt some of them will be incorporated in the report, which will be very shortly presented to the chamber, where it is sure to create a very lively debate. It is not, however, probable that the chamber will adopt all the recommendations of this committee of inquiry.

There is much more behind this inquiry than catches the public eye. M. Jaures and his friends do not hold the most amiable feelings toward the prefect of police, M. Lepine; they remember too vividly how he has, from time to time, upset their well calculated plans, by preventing public demonstrations of a disorderly nature and has in fact won every time that they have challenged him to a trial of skill. Their feelings in this direction are no secret, for only recently in the chamber a certain section of the members made a vigorous attack upon him. There are even some people who suggest that if M. Jaures and his friends had not hitherto failed absolutely in their attacks on M. Lepine, there would have been no committee of inquiry in the Rochette case, and that what they are actually seeking is to condemn, even if they cannot punish M. Lepine for some supposed delinquency on his part. As a political diversion it may be ingenious but it is likely to prove somewhat of a millstone to them before they have done.

NATURAL GAS IS DISCOVERED NEAR CITY OF HAMBURG

(Special to The Monitor.)
BERLIN.—At Nemengamme in the neighborhood of Hamburg, a gigantic jet of natural gas is still blazing and attracting large crowds of people to witness this unworldly spectacle. No fewer than 20,000 tickets have been sold in one day. There are three large jets of gas burning which are visible for many miles distant, and the roar caused by the gas rushing out of the earth can be heard from a distance of six miles. The presence of this gas was discovered while borings were being made for water, but it is not yet possible to ascertain whether it is petroleum or coal that will be discovered when the gas has either burnt itself out, or the escape has been checked.

MEDAL GIVEN GRAHAM-WHITE.

LONDON.—The British Aerial League presented Claude Grahame-White with a special gold medal in recognition of his services to British aeronautics. The award has special reference to his success in winning the international cup for aeroplanes at the recent meeting at Belmont Park, New York.

LARGE AMOUNT OF EXCAVATION IS MADE BY AMERICAN FORCE

(Special to The Monitor.)
CULEBRA, C. Z.—The total amount of excavation, useful to the completed canal, accomplished since the American occupation, up to the end of October last, is 121,299,921 cubic yards. The amount of French excavation available for the purposes of the completed waterway is 29,908,000 cubic yards, although the French excavated in all 78,146,960 cubic yards. There remain to be excavated 61,237,845 cubic yards.

The concrete work has all been done during the American occupation. In the locks at Gatun there were placed 116,072 cubic yards in 1909 and 731,088 cubic yards in 10 months of 1910. In the Pedro Miguel locks 33,856 cubic yards were laid in 1909 and 337,865 in 10 months of 1910. In the Miraflores locks only 102 cubic yards were placed in 1909, while 52,097 were laid in the first 10 months of the present year. Besides the lock work, there were placed from March 17, 1909, to Nov. 1, 1910, in the spillway of Gatun dam 102,621 cubic yards of concrete, including 7415 cubic yards placed in October, 1910; in Miraflores dam there were placed 321 cubic yards up to Nov. 1, 1910.

Dry filling began in the Gatun dam in January, 1907, and 2,096,477 cubic yards of wet and 3,241,418 cubic yards of dry fill were placed during the years 1907, 1908 and 1909. During the first 10 months of 1910 3,363,812 cubic yards of wet and 2,491,418 cubic yards of dry fill were placed. At Pedro Miguel 170,166 cubic yards of dry fill have been placed. At Miraflores 138,587 cubic yards of wet and 472,091 of dry fill were placed in dams up to December, 1909. During 1910 until the end of October 40,000 cubic yards of wet and 89,588 of dry fill had been placed.

Rabelais called it "la ville sonnante." In "Pictures from Italy" Charles Dickens describes it: "all the city lies baking in the sun, yet with an under-done-pie crust, battlemented wall, that will never be brown, though it bake for centuries." Stendhal writes: "It is the art of Italy with its charms transplanted into the middle of Gaul." Viollet-le-duc, Milman, Lebas, and many others write of this sonnet to his beloved Laura who lived at Avignon.

The remains of the famous bridge of Avignon are still to be seen in the Rhone. This bridge that now stops short in mid-river was once the "Highway of the world," uniting Provence with Languedoc, that was sung about in the popular rondel:

"Sur le pont d'Avignon
Tout le monde y passe!"

It was built by S. Benezet, the child-shepherd of Vignais.

EARTHQUAKES IN SCOTLAND.

GLASGOW.—A series of earth shocks were felt here Wednesday night and generally in Western Scotland north of the Clyde.

MOVING PLATFORMS TO AID CONGESTION AT BOLTER'S LOCK

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON.—The question of the improvement of Bolter's lock has been finally settled. Bolter's lock, in the neighborhood of Maidenhead, is crowded from morning to night with boats, motor launches and yachts during the summer river season; for some time, however, it has been considered that it was imperative that some alterations, and possibly the reconstruction of the whole lock, should be carried out owing as much to the increased traffic on the river as to the need of repair of the lock itself.

At a recent meeting of the Thames Conservancy a scheme was adopted whereby the lock will be reconstructed and extended, in addition to which a mechanical conveyor with two moving platforms across the island, which has been acquired, will be constructed. The length of the new lock will be 203 feet 6 inches and the width 21 feet 4 inches with a minimum depth of 7 feet on the sill.

By using an additional pair of gates, which will be provided, it will be possible to divide the lock into two departments and so deal with single traffic, when necessary, and so conserve the water in the short reach above. The estimated cost is £12,150 if water power is used for the mechanical boat conveyor, and £11,120 if the machinery is worked by electrical power.

SWEDEN TO BUILD SHIPS.

STOCKHOLM.—The government commission appointed in 1907 to examine the country's defenses recommends an annual expenditure of 93,000,000 kronor (about \$23,000,000) for eight years on defenses. This will include the construction of four battleships.

QUAKERS PROTEST AGAINST MILITARY DUTY IN AUSTRALIA

(Special to The Monitor.)
MELBOURNE, Victoria.—A deputation of Quakers waited on the prime minister, Mr. Fisher, recently, for the purpose of obtaining, if possible, exemption for their sons from compulsory service. In reply to the points raised, Mr. Fisher declared that either Australia must be left at the mercy of an enemy or it must be defended. The voluntary system having failed, the government considers it necessary to see that the people were properly trained to protect the country.

The minister of defense, the Hon. C. F. Pearce, urged that the training would be of considerable benefit to the boys, with the additional advantage that in the case of necessity they would be prepared to protect their homes. The aims of the government were, he also pointed out, peaceful, and the training of the boys did not necessarily mean that the young men of the country would be compelled to fight in case of necessity in spite of religious scruples, but it did mean that they would not be exempt from serving in time of peace.

PORCELAINS SELL FOR HIGH PRICES

PARIS.—At the second day of the Seguin sale 102 lots were disposed of for 122,915 francs, or \$24,583. Thirty-five Saxony porcelains brought 29,201 francs, the highest price, 4300 francs, or \$860, being paid for a pair of jardinières. Nineteen Sevres porcelains sold for 37,520 francs, the highest price; 12,100 francs, or \$2420, being paid for a pair of vases 6 inches high.

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Ormond.....Hotel Ormond and Alcazar
Palm Beach.....Royal Poinciana and Breakers
Royal Palm on Bay Biscayne.....Royal Palm on Bay Biscayne
Long Key Fishing Camp.....Among the Florida Keys
Nassau, Bahamas Islands.....Among the Florida Keys
Havana, Cuba.....Via Knights Key and the F. & O. S. S. Co.

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TUESDAYS — THURSDAYS

10 A. M. 10 A. M.
Express Sailings
G. Washington Jan. 3
K. Prinz Wm. Jan. 17
Prinz F. W. Jan. 21
K. Prinz Wm. Feb. 14

SATURDAYS, 11 A. M.

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
Berlin, new Jan. 7, K. Albert, Feb. 4
K. Louise, Jan. 21, Berlin, new Feb. 18
Omnia Gibraltar, 40 Omnia Gibraltar
and Algiers.

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The Monitor has a Children's Department every day, but devotes more space to young people on Saturdays than on any other day.

THE HOME FORUM

FLORIDA A VERITABLE GARDEN

THERE is a certain old legend which has it that the east coast of Florida is the location of the original Garden of Eden. But until touched by the magic hand of Mr. Flagler, the developer, the east coast, now the winter playground of American multi-millionaires and their children, was, with its saw-grass, cabbage palmettos, mosquitoes and swamp lands, anything but desirable for permanent residence. Today, however, conditions have been changed, and from St. Augustine to Miami the entire country is dotted with beautiful orange groves and truck farms, cultivated by happy and prosperous people who have come to Florida from all sections of the Union. These people know their section is the greatest winter resort on earth, and think just as much of it as a summer resort, sympathizing with their northern friends who must stand the torrid heat during the warm months.

* During the winter months sports of every kind are indulged in by the wealthy visitors, and second in importance to no sport, not excepting the automobile races on the famous Ormond- Daytona beach course, is motor-boat racing on beautiful Lake Worth, on the shores of which Palm Beach is located.

"Tis watching and labor that sweetens repose and sleep.—Felt-ham.



LAKE FRONT, PALM BEACH, FLA.
View on Lake Worth along race course for motor boats.

Problem of Household Service Solved

THE German Housewives Society of New York claims to have solved the household servant problem, and the proof that it is right is emphasized by the perfect tranquility of the 350 members, says the Worcester Telegram. Sixteen years ago the society was founded on a philanthropic plan to help immigrants who needed work and wages. The philanthropy has long since been lived down by the immigrants. The system which has brought that about is an agreement of the housekeepers to take the girls at small wages, give them fair homes with small pay at first, to be increased as they develop into valuable helpers, and keep on raising the pay so long as they attend to the work in hand. Prizes are awarded to two score of them annually according to their value and the attention to the families to which they have become attached. The prizes are \$10 gold pieces, and at the last annual gathering the number of prizes was 42. All the girls are members of the society, and have a separate gathering of their own. Nearly all those who have been employed in the 16 years have held their positions

Just plain punctuality is an asset which pays a heavy dividend of social favor and business advancement right from the start and raises the percentage of returns from year to year.—Agents Bulletin.

in the same families or in other families of the society. The leaders of the society claim that immigration and marriage are so evenly balanced that their supply has been kept about at the same proportion all the time, and when there was a temporary surplus of helpers their services were easily disposed of to acquaintances about the city. The chief accomplishment is that the women in charge of homes have been able to hire helpers at satisfactory wages for years at a time, and when short of competent helpers to call on the society for more at short notice and find what they want. That is philanthropy turned into business.

Shakespeare in German

There is a saying that art has no nationality, yet French plays are always best rendered by French actors, while Shakespeare or plays from the German are almost impossible with them. I have heard that "Hamlet" has been given in Paris, but I am sure that I would not travel far to see a French Hamlet. Germans can play Shakespeare because the spirit of the language is similar. Moreover, they possess the necessary weight and repose, and their translations of Shakespeare and other English plays are excellent. Schlegel's Shakespearean translations are most faithful, and his language is perfect.—Madame Modjeska in the Century.

A Significant Title

A sign of the times.

THE title of an article in the Review of Reviews, citing another article from the London Strand, has a great deal of meaning. It is "The Superstition of Old Age." The writer asks who are doing the most and the best work in the world today, the men of 60 or the men of 30? He makes reference to Robert Martin of Liverpool, the inventor of the gas stove, now in his eighty-seventh year, hale and vigorous. Lord Strathcona may be said to have begun his imperial renown at 75; at 90 he is at his office daily at 10 o'clock, and after working diligently all day attends on an average three public banquets or dinner parties a week. William de Morgan was 65 before he thought of writing novels. Pierpont Morgan was 65 before he thought of his colossal scheme of finance. Mr. Chamberlain was 65 before he suggested

tariff reform. Earl Roberts was nearly 70 when he went out to retrieve disaster in South Africa. Mr. Gladstone said that fully half of his lifework was done after he was 70. Mr. Lloyd-George is supposed to be a very young man and he is 47, once called middle age.

Queen Alexandra some time ago said to Mme. Patti, "We two are two of the youngest women in England." Sir Frederick Young, who has devoted his life to the cause of imperial federation, is 93. Prof. J. E. B. Mayor, at 85, can still read all day long. He reads about five or six hours in the day. Sir Hiram Maxim, 70 years of age, cannot stop working if he tries. B. W. Leader, R. A., at 80, feels the same enthusiasm for his art as he did when he was a young man. Dean Gregory of St. Pauls, in his ninety-second year, is still hard at work. Thomas Hardy, at 70, is meditating an entirely new departure in intellectual work. General Booth is said to be still full of vigor at 81. Benjamin Franklin was 71 when he arrived in Paris as first American ambassador. He remained such till his seventy-ninth year.

Indian Summer Reveries

I'm a farmer at long range,
So, not dollars, but small change,
Is the pay I often get
(Sometimes, with a slice of debt):
Yet I'd grieve to "swap" my station
For Wall street and its vocation.
If 'twould keep me from the chance
Of a ramble and a glance,
Now and then, around my farm,
And the resurrected charm,
Of a climbing and a sitting,
In old trousers loosely fitting,
On a rail-fence, while a bird
In a tree nearby is heard,
And the babble of a brook
(Never grieved by rod or hook),
And a few clouds tranquilly
Smiling from an azure sky,
And an apple orchard near
With big apples every year,
And a few contented sheep,
And a cow and horse that keep
Happy noses in the clover,
And a fine big dog named Rover,
And a well that's cool and deep,
With its bucket and long "sweep,"
And a maple huge and green,
Full of secrets never seen,
And the friendly stars of nights,
Nearer than "mid city lights,"
And—but I must close my lips,
Or that catalogue of ships
Which good Homer left betimes,
Would be brief beside my rhymes.

'Tis the thought in which one lives
Either joy or sorrow gives.
'Tis the sense of duty done,
Kindness shown to every one,
Striving to grow daily better
Both in spirit and in letter,
Which alone can give content
That his days are rightly spent.
After all, when duty calls,
One must go whatever befalls;
Though the city's din be heard
Offener than brook or bird.
But, the longing for the shocks
In the cornfields, and the rocks
On the hillside, and the creep
Of the shadows up their steep
When the gentle sunset air
Like a benison is there!
—C. A. B.

Mrs. Stewart Edward White, who has accompanied her husband into the wilds of the Sierra mountains where, it is said, no other white woman has ever been, has sailed with him for explorations in equatorial Africa.—Colliers.

A Scrap of Conversation

"Why are you people who love good for its own sake always looking for, and talking of, reward? The reward that will come if you are honest, the reward that is sure for doing unto others and so on?" asked one who seeking Truth seeks answers to all sorts of questions.

"It seems to me," she continued, "a sort of bargain, a reward for the doing if achieved, and not for the love of the best because it is best, the highest." Again the thought of mathematics came to my aid, and I replied what is reward but result? Not the driven bargain, but what must follow right doing in any line. Isn't four the reward of two and two? Can any result be more sure?—A. R. T.

Investing in Art

"What did you pay for that picture?"
"Two hundred dollars, and the dealer guaranteed that the frame alone was worth that."—Courier-Journal.

Rural Interpretation

A countryman who visited the National Gallery stopped in front of a portrait which showed a man sitting in a high-backed chair. There was a small white card on the picture, which read, "A portrait of Edward Smith by himself."

The farmer read the card, and then chuckled to himself. "Regular fools, these city fellows are. Anybody who looks at that picture 'nd know Smith was by himself. There ain't no one in the paintin' with him."—Boston Courier.

The Pilgrims: If they were unacquainted with the works of philosophers and poets they were deeply read in the oracles of God.—Macaulay.

A Gentleman Defined

That modern methods of research may be applied to study of the word gentleman was some time since affirmed by a writer in the New York Sun, who said: One would first seek the original meaning of "gentle." The first man, or the first representative class of men, to whom the term was applied must have had the finalities or most of them implied in the then meaning of "gentle." Since then the word "gentle" has expanded, perhaps, in some directions and contracted in others. In the lands where class distinctions and designations survive, the technical meaning of "gentleman," as a hereditary title, clings to its use largely without reference to the personal qualities or traits of the man to whom it may be applied.

In countries like the United States, where the hereditary term has been largely discredited, the word "gentleman" follows the best informed popular idea of a man who possesses the "gentle" qualities. The word "lady," applied to women, has undergone and is still undergoing exactly the same process of evolution.

In both instances the term conjures up before the imagination a person who is considerate of others, thoughtful, liberal, kindly and gentle, whether strong or weak, without a stickish regard to exact "culture," but always with insistence upon traits of refinement that must be natural and instinctive and that can be increased by training up to the point of culture.

Henry Esmond of Queen Anne's reign was a gentleman by birth, nature and training, and is an example in strong point of what the word "gentleman" means. I venture to say this, ascribing to myself the right to consider him one, despite the fact that Colonel Esmond was a prig at times; but if we desire to describe the perfect gentleman we must qualify, as they did in the case of Bayard, and describe him as "a gentleman without fear and without reproach."

Business à la Mode

"Mrs. De Style has gone in for business."
"And how is she making out as a business woman?"
"Oh, having a delightful time. She is in her office informally from 1 to 3."—Washington Herald.

Duty, faithfully performed, opens the mind to truth, both being of one family, alike immutable, universal, and everlasting.—Channing.

THE BEES' CHRISTMAS TREE

THE sunshiny head was bent very low over the kitchen table. Spread out in rapidly increasing glory was the Christmas tree number of the Children's Page. The bees and the birds and the animals of many a kind and the branches bending under their load of gifts were taking on a coat of paint.

"But, Fizzikin," said father, bending his head, too, over the sheet gay with the colors of the rainbow, "nobody ever saw a cherry-colored bunny!"
"Oh, father," answered the artist, "don't you think that at Christmas everything ought to be painted pretty?" Certainly for her not even a cherry-colored rabbit was too beautiful to be believed.

And so behold Pussy, with a knowing blue eye cocked backward askance at the perky rabbits' ears so near her. At the top of each ear Pussy wears a splashy bow of blue, white and green, containing

rabbis are a greenish yellow that is not far behind the rosy coat for effectiveness. Froggie is quite true to nature, with careful green flecks and stripes on the back of arms and legs. Squirrel is all in a deep purple. Fox is an appropriate reddish brown, while Goose's yellow bill is very effective in contrast with her bright green plumage. The strings of berries on the tree—or they might be popcorn or nuts—have an ecstatic blue that never was on sea or land, certainly never on a berry. The swift ship, with its wings flung to the gale, has red sails and blue. Even the locomotive is brought into the little maiden's Christmas generosity of beauty and is painted a delightful green. Butterfly's parasol is an excellent subject for taking pains, and flushes all in pink with waving streamers of green. Butterfly herself, contradicting the text, appears in greenish yellow with blue spots. The fireflies are uniform in blue, while the bees rejoice in patch-colored

TRUTH A REVELATION

HERE is one of the much mooted questions of religious faith which enters very especially into the inquirers' investigations of Christian Science.

The church has always held that the knowledge of the things of God must come through revelation rather than through the mere human reason. That this revelation is practically closed and that men have today only to understand the Bible and apply it is the conviction of the great body of Christians. Christian Science would agree with this statement quite completely, if it had not been proved in centuries of becloudment on the part of humanity that something was needed to awaken men again to the spiritual treasures which the Bible holds. Mrs. Eddy says distinctly that her notable book, "Science and Health, with Key to the Scriptures," was written under the direct inspiration of Bible study, which for three years she pursued with almost uninterrupted devotion—crowning lifelong work in the same lines. (See Science and Health, p. 109.) But she also distinctly says that the understanding of the Scriptures flowed into her consciousness like light, writing as cited in one of the magazines of the day, "The influx of divine interpretation would pour in upon my spiritual sense as gloriously as the sunlight on the material senses."

Those who have made a real study of the book which was the expression of the inspiration which came to her in this way understand perfectly what she means. The uplifting sense of Spirit, of the actual presence of God here and now, which comes from this study, proves that this book was written under the same sense of Truth and Love which in differing degrees it brings to its readers. That this is the same sort of inspiration which produced the Bible, being gained from Bible study, is further proved in the new light thrown on the Scriptures by Science and Health. The Bible, book of books, has now become new; sayings that were dark and even menacing, as if a master of hate and not a God of Love had inspired them, are now clear and strengthening, pointing only to the permanency and omnipotence of Truth, the essential powerlessness of evil and the short term of its suppositions. The ever-presence of divine Love is no longer a theory or a hope; it becomes the actual consciousness

ness of the student. He exchanges his former material sense of things for the spiritual sense and rejoices in knowing God.

These things are wonderful and untellably sweet, and to the clouded human heart they may sound like a fairy tale. But this is the true great gift which Mrs. Eddy has given to this age. It is something which should be proclaimed from all the house-tops. Today one may drink at the fountain of living waters, and be fed with the bread of spiritual consciousness. These things are in the Bible, but for the great majority of people materialism and a mere literalism of interpretation have long ago obscured them. The present writer recalls that when through Mrs. Eddy's teachings this new sense of the ever presence of God had first dawned, the Bible was opened and read with a breathless joy. This, then, was what the two Testaments had been saying all the centuries, what the blessed few of the Christian fellowship had discerned, whether dim or clear. This is the open secret. God dwells with men, now. He is the protector, the lover, the provider, the guide, of all men, and this is declared again, even as it was in the hills and valleys of Galilee. The simple Christian truth of God as Father and as never separate from His children is again made plain and practical. That we may walk in the Spirit consciously, now, is what Mrs. Eddy tells us, and those who are willing to heed her instructions are learning how so to walk. They are actually becoming aware that they live and move and have their being in God.

This is the priceless treasure which Christian Science offers the world. This revelation of God is the solid foundation upon which the Christian Science movement is built. It could not stand otherwise. If it were the work of the human intellect alone or of faith in a human teacher or teaching, it must have lost its hold upon the many long ago. But the people are held steadfast to this faith because they have indeed seen a great light. This light shines in the very place where darkness appears to many; it is the light not comprehended by darkness—neither understood by the dull of heart nor yet swallowed up or lost by

A Scholar in Politics

A writer, in describing Congressman Champ Clark, who probably will be the choice of the Democratic majority for speaker of the next House of Representatives, says: "Champ Clark is a gentleman and a scholar. He is really 'the scholar in politics,' with a better title to the name than most of those who wear it. For nearly a quarter of a century he was a college president. His education did not cease with his college days; nor has it ceased to this day. He is an omnivorous reader, with a special bent for history, politics and political economy."—Baltimore American.

Samuel McChord Crothers, who has compiled a richly delightful "Book of Friendship," aptly says, in his pleasing introduction, that such a book is a primer of civilization. "It contains the first lessons which must be learned by those who would work for a better social order. All the high loyalties rest on one discovery—the discovery of the worth of a friend. It is surely worth our while to learn as much as possible of the lore of the heart."—Chicago Journal.

cause of the dulness of mankind. This light lives and shines bright and brighter always. It is here, now, and it is for each one to perceive who will. The way to reach this glory is made clear by the Master, and by that exposition of the whole Scriptures which Mrs. Eddy has given.

"The purification of sense and self is a proof of progress" (Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, page 324), and Mrs. Eddy follows this statement by another on the same page which contains the gist of the subject for those who would know how to fight their way free. She says: "It is a warfare with the flesh, in which we must conquer sin, sickness and death, either here or hereafter." Therefore, if to reach the joy of knowing God is a warfare with the flesh, how foolish are they who let fleshly pleasures and desires and occupations absorb them! To set our hearts truly on things above is to conquer all false appetites, but the struggle is sometimes long. To read faithfully the Bible and the Christian Science writings is the great aid to this purification of sense. This keeps the thought filled with holiness in place of the sinfulness or the barren pettiness of most human thinking. To steep the whole consciousness in the thought of these inspired and inspiring writings is to cleanse it from error, to subdue the darkness by light. The process of subduing darkness is really easy when we understand it. It requires only the knowledge of light and of the means to bring it into the dark places. The light will then of itself dispel the darkness.

To those who linger in suffering of any sort, unaware of God, uncheered and unkindled by divine Love, Christian Science says, "Come and see."

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

The Young Painter

Here is a story of a boy who was learning to be an artist. It is told by his father, the painter, Boutet de Monvel, who has illustrated so many books and stories for French children. The story is from Good Housekeeping Magazine.

"Michel is the son of a painter. He has seen his father form upon canvas marvelous images of men and of animals, and imitate with colors the earth, the sea, the sky and all nature. When I am a man, thinks little Michel, I will paint horses, because they are so beautiful.

"And already he practises drawing the most beautiful beasts he is able to imagine. But the horses which come from his fingers have this peculiarity, that they do not resemble horses. They resemble, rather, ostriches mounted on four legs. It is very difficult to paint.

"Yet Michel is making great progress, and now when you see his drawings you guess pretty nearly what they represent. He draws every day. He has patience and love. These are the two halves of genius. Time will do the rest, and Michel will become, perhaps, as great a painter as his father. Yesterday he covered a sheet of school paper with a splendid composition. He represented a gentleman walking, cane in hand, on the shore of the sea. Except that his arm grows out of his chest, this gentleman is very well built. His coat has four buttons: it is perfection. Near him is a tree. In the distance a ship. The gentleman seems to be talking to the ship."

to swallow the tree. This is a fault of perspective. Such faults exist in the greatest masters.

"Today Michel is finishing a still vaster composition. It contains men, ships and windmills. He is putting the last touches to his picture. It seems to him that the ships glide over the water and that the wings of the mill turn. He glories in his work like true artists.

"But he does not think of the little cat who is playing at his feet with a ball of yarn. When Michel goes out of the room the little cat will jump on the table and overturn the inkstand upon the papers with a blow of her white paw. Thus will perish the masterpiece of Michel. At first its author will be sad. But soon he will make a new masterpiece to repair the damage wrought by the little cat."

TODAY'S PUZZLE

CHARADE.

My first is a place
Where dry goods are sold;
'Tis something that's known
To the young and the old.
My second is a window
Most nicely does fit,
For 'tis certain no window
Is complete without it.
My two joined together
On a bed does go
And should always be
Just as white as the snow.

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

Science and Health

With Key to the Scriptures

The text book of Christian Science

Mary Baker Eddy

A complete list of Mrs. Eddy's Works on Christian Science with descriptions and prices will be sent upon application

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear,  then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Thursday, December 15, 1910.

A Princely Gift for Peace

ANDREW CARNEGIE has transferred to a board of trustees the sum of \$10,000,000 from his private fortune that the income may be employed for the promotion of international peace. Even in the light of modern philanthropic munificence, this must be regarded as a princely gift. The terms upon which the fund is to be administered are as generous as the contribution itself. Since war is a universal blight its abolition

will be a universal blessing. All nations and all peoples are interested deeply in this consummation, and so Mr. Carnegie designs that the \$500,000 which the fund will yield annually shall be devoted to the support of those forces that are everywhere operating for the furtherance of international tranquillity.

With these forces Mr. Carnegie has long been allied. He is conspicuously identified with the Interparliamentary Union, the International Conciliation Society, the International Law Society and the American Society for the Judicial Settlement of International Disputes, an organization that is at present holding a conference at Washington. He has given substantial as well as moral aid to all of these. Moreover, he has been from the beginning one of the strongest supporters of the Hague tribunal, and \$1,750,000 represents his contribution for the erection of a palace of peace at the Hague for the accommodation of peace conferences. He has contributed \$750,000 for the erection of a public building for the housing of the bureau of American republics at the national capital, mainly for the reason that this bureau aims, among other things, to promote good will among the Latin nations of Central and South America. Moreover, he has expressed his willingness to restore the peace palace at Cartago, which housed the peace tribunal of the Latin republics until destroyed by an earthquake.

For many years Mr. Carnegie has taken a sympathetic and an active part in all gatherings and conferences having for their purpose the establishment of the reign of good will on earth, and it is his plan now to coordinate all these movements and to bring them under the direct control of a general board of trustees that their influence may be concentrated and made more effective. The income of the latest gift to peace is not to be used wholly for the purpose of creating what might be called a popular sentiment against war. This will be done through the continuance of present educational methods, no doubt, but a very considerable part of the income will be used, for a time at least, in the gathering and dissemination of facts calculated to appeal to politicians, public men, statesmen, officials and governments who may be cherishing the idea that the peace movement is based upon sentiment merely. This course is dictated by wisdom. The world scarcely needs to be told more of the horrors of war than is already known. Humanity is instinctively turning from it. But governments, and those who influence their policies and acts, need to be impressed with the fact that war can never be made to pay.

Mr. Carnegie's splendid gift will surely encourage and stimulate the peace movement all the world over. If it accomplishes nothing more in the immediate future, it will result at least in arresting the thought of those who have been inclined to scoff at international arbitration as a childish dream. And this will be a great step toward leading them to think rightly.

ENGLAND and Wales have each elected a woman mayor recently, and the towns fortunate enough to have them—Oldham and Aldeburg—are in a position to give a great impetus to a movement which seems at present to be decidedly in the right direction.

IT MIGHT not be a bad idea to introduce the study of United States customs duties into the public schools, so that when children grow up they will know what to do in order to avoid doing anything that Mr. Loeb doesn't like.

City Work and City Pay

IN PLANNING for the standardization of salaries and service among the employees of Greater New York, President McAneny of the borough of Manhattan has opened up a question which might be applicable to almost every city in this country. Whether each community can solve the problem by following a prescribed method naturally cannot be learned until this method is made effective. But it would seem that the measures which

President McAneny advocates contain many features generally serviceable, and for this reason the country will watch with considerable interest what will happen in New York if the resolution introduced in the board of estimate be acted on favorably.

In New York, as in many other cities, undoubtedly some positions within the administration are underpaid while others carry salaries in excess of the service rendered. This, however, should not be considered as due to any fault on the part of the respective employees. A position carries such and such a salary; it requires this or that work within a specific period. The occupant undoubtedly performs his duty as he sees it before him. But the trouble, in many cases, is not with the man but with the system.

The board of estimate in New York has for several years refused to grant the request for increasing salaries in several departments of the city government on the ground that such action would increase the cost of the administration, but the board now in effect realizes that something should be done for those who occupy positions now considered underpaid. For this reason President McAneny proposes that a committee shall be appointed with power to look into the kind of work performed, the general efficiency of the incumbent and the volume of work.

It seems reasonable to suppose that should the committee find that a readjustment of salaries is essential, all city employees will be benefited finally. The character of the work, responsibility attached thereto and the skill required should and will be taken into account. Many city employees unquestionably regret the fact that the positions occupied by them require so little effort. But precedent has assigned to a certain place a certain amount of labor, and in many instances work divided among several men could be done with ease by one capable individual.

The merit of New York's latest plan would appear to rest

also on the proposition that there shall be devised a method whereby records can be kept of the character and the quantity of the work performed by city employees. This would lead naturally to an additional feature involving departmental and interdepartmental promotions.

The Gaynor administration has been characterized by fairness, and while President McAneny holds separate political views from the chief executive, who is his associate in the board of estimate, it speaks well for New York that the officials can come together on a common ground. In years gone by political preference, no doubt, has been responsible for the creation of many sinecures. Manhattan, however, has not been alone in this direction. Only too often the man has sought the office, instead of the office the man. But municipalities have discovered that they can get along without dictation by political bosses. Gradually leading administrative positions are coming into the hands of men who desire to serve the interests of the whole community.

No business enterprise would neglect the important function of standardizing salaries according to merit; and it would seem to be the duty of every city to investigate the question of labor and compensation so thoroughly that those worthy to receive more money shall get it, while those who are overpaid shall be obliged to accept wages commensurate with their work.

THERE is a reported revival of poetry in England. If this is true, we may feel it slightly next year, and the wave may strike us with full force by the year following. That is, should it prevail against a counter wave from Indiana.

Postal Service Improvements

THE United States postal service under the present postmaster-general has made great progress. Methods which seemed to be anchored to bed-rock have been overturned. Economies deemed impossible have been introduced. The deficit which had come to be regarded as an established thing is being gradually wiped out. Postal savings banks will be in operation in a few weeks. A parcels post system is within measurable distance. There is reason to believe that this and other improvements may be carried through shortly without preventing the reduction of regular letter postage to 1 cent.

All this is very satisfying. But with the carrying out of every plan now in hand, there will still be opportunities for Mr. Hitchcock and his successors. The postal service should be made one of the most useful agencies of the government for the convenience, comfort and education of the public. During recent years, or since the introduction of the railway mail service and until the beginning of the Hitchcock administration, postal matters had been rather at a standstill. The rural free delivery system alone relieved what would otherwise have been a rather barren period. But progress will not halt with the present improvements, actual or contemplated. For one thing a speedier method of handling the mails is certain to result from the development of the aeroplane. Some time in the not remote future the government will doubtless control and operate wireless telegraph and wireless telephone systems, and the letter telegraphed or telephoned without wires will relieve the mail cars of much of their tonnage.

Here is at least one field in which the experiment of government ownership and operation may be conducted without limitation. The postoffice as a means of communication and as a vehicle for the carriage and distribution of articles of common need may well be made to take the place of private corporations now occupying these fields partially or wholly.

In the meantime it will do no harm to applaud the efforts already made and the results already achieved by Postmaster-General Hitchcock. Efficiency in the public service is always something to be admired, commended and at the proper time rewarded.

THE House is getting routine business out of the way in a manner that justifies the hope that some of the President's constructive measures may get through. One of these is the permanent tariff commission bill for which Senator Beveridge has fought so earnestly and ably. Should it be enacted by both houses before adjournment, the Indiana senator will have comfort even in defeat.

IF THE Whitman road from Omaha to Walla Walla is ever completed, and turns out to be such an attractive thoroughfare as described in advance, there can be no question that it will catch thousands of automobile excursionists every season, coming and going.

IT IS quite true that the debt of 158 cities in the United States is \$1,213,000,000, but there is some consolation in the fact that back of the indebtedness is property owned by these cities amounting to \$2,788,199,000.

ANDREW CARNEGIE is reported as planning a great university at The Hague. Nothing would tend to bring about universal disarmament much sooner than educating the nations in the doctrine of real fellowship.

GOVERNOR-ELECT DIX has also entered upon the task, by no means always pleasant or always easy, of disappointing his foes, even at the cost of disappointing some of those who profess to be his friends.

IF PRESIDENT TAFT is looking for another term, the public can afford to stand back and let him select in advance the ablest men to assist him in carrying forward progressive-conservative policies.

OMAHA proposes that all girls graduating from high schools shall make their own graduation gowns. Omaha seems not to understand what a graduation gown means to a girl graduate.

THERE are so many changes pending in the United States Senate that some of the new men are certain to drop into pleasant committee chairmanships.

THE fact that Alaska has gained only 1 per cent in population in the last ten years would seem to indicate that something needs developing up there.

RUSSIA appears to be discovering gradually that exclusiveness is not synonymous with seclusion.

A MAN who cheerfully gives \$10,000,000 for peace is certainly entitled to it.

Japan and the Philippines

IT HAS come to be quite generally accepted in America that Japan would like to own the Philippine islands, and the disappearance of that belief depends principally on the lapse of time and the continuance of Japan's present friendly attitude. Although few analysts of international causes and effects will turn to the recent utterances of Khio Inui, lecturer, for information regarding Japan's feelings in this matter, his statements are so diametrically opposed to what has been the thought in the United States that they lend a different, more agreeable color to the situation.

There are leading men in America who still hold that the United States ought never to have taken the Philippines, much less have kept them. But that is an old story. Having bought and maintained governance over the islands, the United States has there a responsibility which cannot be evaded. It is not to the retention of the Philippines, however, that Inui's views apply specifically. He says: "Some American jingoists say that Japan will some day try to wrest the Philippines from America: I say Japan would not accept them as a gift. The Philippines cost you \$80,000,000 a year to maintain. Japan is poor and could not afford such a sum. What poor man with twelve children would deliberately plan to add a far greater number to his charge? One third of Japan's export trade is with America. What will it profit Japan to offend its best customer?"

Somehow, the views of the lecturer are of a more appealing nature than those of the jingoists to whom he refers. If Japan and America could hear more of such talks, the good effect might be felt in both countries.

THE American stockman and drover will probably have something to say about the proposal to bring in cheap Australian meats.

THERE appears to be a decided conflict of opinion with regard to exactly what Senators Aldrich and Lodge said, or intended to say, in a running debate incident to Senator Cummins' speech on Tuesday favoring his amendment, by joint resolution, to the rules of the Senate and House, so that any particular schedule of the tariff law might be revised. The question under discussion, however, was not tariff revision or the best method of obtaining it, but, rather, the propriety of passing a joint resolution which would have the effect of a law calculated to prevent either house from changing its rules in this respect without the consent of the other. On the face of the reports it appears that Senators Aldrich and Lodge would be willing to favor such a rule for the Senate, but are opposed to circumscribing the action of the House, especially in view of the impending change in the political complexion of that body. It would appear also that Messrs. Aldrich and Lodge are favorably inclined toward the schedule-by-schedule plan of revision, although Mr. Aldrich would prefer to deal with subjects rather than with schedules.

As there is general unanimity of opinion on the point that the Cummins amendment cannot carry, this phase of the matter may be allowed to drop out of sight. Of far more importance is the evident change of attitude on the part of Republican leaders toward the whole question of revision and toward the tariff commission idea. This should compensate Senator Cummins and his progressive associates for any little repulse they may meet with upon technical grounds.

The truth is, tariff revision along non-partisan, business-like, common sense lines is being pressed forward by the sheer force of public opinion, and the apparent changes that are taking place in the attitude of political leaders are due more particularly to recognition of this fact than to any other cause. In the meantime it would be a mistake to assume that revision, piecemeal or otherwise, will be hurried. Even when the Democrats shall come into control of the House next winter little will be done, even in the way of schedule revision, unless public opinion shall spur it on.

THE leaning tower of Pisa is leaning a little more than ever at present. This fact should be worth something to the tourist trade of Pisa.

THERE is ground for believing that the Senate will be forced during the present session to take action upon the resolution proposed by Senator Bristow of Kansas a year ago providing for the submission to the people of an amendment to the constitution permitting the election of United States senators by direct vote. It is said that the subcommittee of the judiciary committee to which the resolution was referred has agreed to report it. If it be reported to the Senate, members of that body who have long managed to avoid placing themselves on record with regard to direct senatorial elections will be compelled to vote for or against it.

In view of the number of states that have already petitioned Congress to submit such an amendment, and in view of the narrow margin by which several of the state legislatures have defeated such petitions, and in view of the unquestionable growth of popular sentiment in favor of the change, it seems certain that the amendment will be submitted and equally certain that it will be adopted by the necessary number of states.

If the amendment were submitted to popular vote in the different states at this time there is hardly a doubt that it would receive majorities, even in those states that are pronounced in their conservatism. But the very fact that popular opinion on the subject is practically one-sided at this time presents a possibility that might lead to the defeat of the proposition later. Public sentiment has been tending for some time toward change. There is a demand for radical innovation. Argument on the other side has been so unpopular that the judicious have held it in reserve. To say that it will not be drawn out in case the proposal for changing the method of electing United States senators is put forward would be to assume that the conservative element in American citizenship has been driven into permanent seclusion.

This, of course, is not the case. And it is well that it is not. The other side should be heard. In this particular instance it will be heard. There is plenty of time for debate. And when the arguments on both sides are all in we shall see whether the constitution as it stands is losing supporters or holding them.

On Tariff Revision

Senators by Popular Vote